## DISTRICT ATTORNEY

## SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

Plaintiff-Respondent.

vs.

CHARLES MANSON, SUSAN ATKINS, LESLIE VAN HOUTEN AND PATRICIA KRENWINKEL,

.Defendants-Appellants.

NO. 3091

APPEAL FROM THE SUPERIOR COURT OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY
HON. CHARLES H. OLDER, JUDGE PRESIDING

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT ON APPEAL

## <u>APPEARANCES</u>

For Plaintiff-Respondent:

THE STATE ATTORNEY GENERAL 600 State Building Los Angeles. California 90012

For Defendant-Appellant Charles Manson:

IRVING KANAREK, Esq.

For Defendant-Appellant Susan Atkins:

DAYE SHINN, Esq.

For Defendant-Appellant Leslie Van Houten: LESLIE VAN HOUTEN In Propria Persona

For Defendant-Appellant Patricia Krenwinkel:

PATRICIA KRENWINKEL In Propria Persona

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J. Hollombe, CSR Murray Mehlman, CSR Official Reporters 211 West Temple Street Los Angeles, California 90012

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MR. KANAREK: You may enswer if you wish.

MR. BUGLIOSI: No. I don't believe that is the law.

MR. WEITZMAN: Pardon me. The objection has been sustained.

THE COURT: Don't advise the witness, Mr. Kanarek.

MR. KANAREK: I don't believe she understands the
nature of it.

I think she is trying to --

THE COURT: Ask your next question.

## BY MR. KANAREK:

Q Miss Brunner, would you tell us, what is your response to this question?

MR. WEITZMAN: Your Honor, the objection has already been sustained.

MR. KANAREK: I don't think she understands, your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, Miss Brunner, your attorney is objecting for the reasons that he stated to you in your conference.

Now, if you wish to answer notwithstanding his objection, you have the right to do so, but you
are not obligated to.

THE WITNESS: The question that I once told someone I was there?

THE COURT: Do you understand what I am saying?
THE WITNESS: Yes.

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THE COURT: All right.

MR. WEITZMAN: Your Honor, if I may interrupt the Court for a moment.

Miss Brunner, as I understand it, comprehends what is going on. She is intelligent enough to understand the meaning and the purpose of the objection.

If she has any question, contrary to Mr. Kanarek's belief, I believe she will ask if she can consult with me, and perhaps then, if there is a problem, we could resolve it.

But I would ask the Court to advise Mr. Kanarek not to advise my client.

MR. BUGLIOSI: And apart from Mr. Weitzman's objection.
I am objecting on the ground that it is irrelevant and
calls for hearsay.

THE WITNESS: Oh, Vince.

THE COURT: Reframe the question, Mr. Kenarek. BY MR. KANAREK:

Q Have you told anyone, in fact, that during those summer months you were there, Miss Himman?

MR. WEITZMAN: Same ebjection.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

MR. BUGLIOST: Same objection. Irrelevant and hearsay.

THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. KANAREK: Under Greene vs. California.

THE COURT: Objection sustained.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Motion to strike the witness's

THE COURT: I didn't hear an answer. Did she answer?

MR. BUGLIOSI: She answered yes.

MR. WEITZMAN: I am sorry. I didn't hear it. May it be stricken?

THE COURT: The answer is stricken and the jury is admonished to disregard it.

MR. KANAREK: Is it stricken on Hr. Bugliosi's grounds or on Mr. Weitzman's?

THE COURT: Ask your next question, Mr. Kanarek. BY MR. KANAREK:

Q In fact, Miss Brunner, were you present when Gary Hinman was killed?

À No.

MR. WEITZMAN: Same objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. WEITZMAN: I don't know if there was a response.

If there was, may it be stricken, your Honor?

THE COURT: Not if she wants to answer.

Do you want to answer, notwithstanding your attorney's objection?

THE WITNESS: I answered it.

THE COURT: All right.

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Q	What	is	your	answer?
A	I tol	d y	ou no	٥.

BY MR. KANAREK:

I have told you five times now.

MR. WEITZMAN: I think the objection should stand for the record, your Honor.

THE COURT: Let's proceed.

Is it a fair statement. Miss MR. KANAHEK: Q 1 Brunner, that notwithstanding your attorney's statement to . 2 you, it is your desire to answer all of these questions? 3 MR. BUGLIOSI: That is irrelevant. THE COURT: That is an objectionable question, 5 Ar Kanarek. Do you have any further examination? 8 MR. KANAREK: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Get on with it. FR. KANAREK: Q Then, other than Leslie Van Houten, 10 ľ Miss Brunner, have you spoken to Susie? 12 Do you know someone named Sucie? 13 Do you mean Sadie? 14 What do you call her? . 15 A Sadie. 16 You call ner Sadie? . 17 4 Yes. 18 Have you spoken to Sadie concerning matters at 19 the Hinman house? 20 Yes. 21 And when did you speak to her? 22 Sadie has told me about matters at the Hinman A. 23 house meveral times. 24 Will you tell us who was present on each 25. occasions 26 I couldn't tell you. I'don't know.

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Sadie would say something in front of me and Katie, then something else in front of me and brenda, and then something else in front of me and another girl.

Sadie has told me several different things that happened at the Hinman house.

All right.

Would you tell us, if you can, would you tell us when each conversation occurred and what was said at each conversation?

Can you do that? Is that possible?

A Not exactly,

Sadie talked about killing Gary several times, and it was all within a period of a couple of weeks, and every time she told it it came out a little bit different.

- Well, would you tell us, as best you can --were all of these conversations at the Spahn Ranch?
  - A. Yes.
- .Q ... Was anyone else present other than yourself when you spoke to Sadie concerning these matters?
- A I think one time I talked to her alone about it, and other times I talked to her with other people present.
  - Q All right.

Will you tell us who the other people were who were present?

A Just other girls, other girls in the family.

I don't remember for sure who. All right. Q. 2 Then would you tell us each of the versions that 3 Sadie told you? 4 You my she told it a little different each 5 time. MR. BUGLIOSI: Irrelevant, and calls for hearsay. 7 THE COURT: Overruled. THE WITNESS: One version was that Gary was attacking 9. her and that she had stabbed him. One version had it that Gary was after Bobby 11 for some reason, and she had stabbed him, 12 One version was that Gary had gotten in a fight 13 with some other people when she had gone up there, gotten 14 in a fight with other people that she had been with. 15 and he got stabbed. It wound up that he got stabbed by 16 other people. 17 She had stories, you know. Sadie's imagination 18 runs sometimes. 19 One version had Bobby stabbing Gary, and then 20 she stabbing him afterward. .21 Have you finished? 22 23

That is all I can remember.

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There are a lot of details, but they went in one ear. I heard them and I put them in my head, but I don't remember them exactly.

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Q What did she say occurred at the Hinman house prior to the stabbing?

A They all involved a fight in which Bobby's ear had been cut by someone. And some of it was by other people. Sometimes it was cut -- not Bobby, Gary, excuse me. It had been cut with a knife.

I don't remember exactly how it happened in her story.

Q Now, did she say anything concerning Gary Hinman's dealing in dope?

MR. BUGLIOSI: That is irrelevant.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

BY MR. KANAREK:

Q What did she say?

THE COURT: Overruled.

THE WITNESS: She mentioned in one version that I heard, she mentioned there was some dope dealers at Gary's house, that he had burned them, or they had burned him. I don't remember which way it went.

BY MR. KANAREK:

Q What do you mean by burned?

A Burned? Well, it means either that he had gotten something from them and hadn't paid him for it, or they had gotten some dope from him and hadn't paid him for it. Or else they had given him bad dope.

Now, did she state that Leslin was with her

" And the same of		27,009
4e-2	at the Hinman house?	
. 2	Yes.	
	Did she state how long	Leslie was with her
•		•
• 4	at the Hinman house?	<b>,</b>
5 £14. 5	A For a couple of days.	• • •
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5-1	1	Q Did she tell you what she observed Leslie do
•	2	at the Hinman house?
	3.	MR. KEITH: Hearsay as to Leslie Van Houten.
•	4	MR. KANAREK: What she did, your Honor.
	5	THE COURT: Overruled, you may answer.
	6	THE WITNESS: I don't really recall what she said
	7	she saw Leslie do.
, •	8	She was there with her. They were doing
	9.	whatever they were doing together.
•	10	MR. KEITH: I move that answer be stricken as a
	ŭ	conclusion of this witness.
¥	12	THE COURT: The latter portion of the answer will
	13	be stricken.
	14	The jury is admonished to disregard it.
•	15	BY MR. KANAREK:
`	16	Q Was there any discussion with Sadie concerning
•	17	the words "political piggy"?
	18	A She told me that she wrote them on a wall.
* *	. 19	Q Did she tell you why she wrote them on the
	20	wall?
•	21	A No.
	22	Q Did she tell you whose idea it was to write
,	23	them on the wall?
	24	A No, I imagined it was her own idea.
•	25	MR. BUGLIOSI: Motion to strike as a conclusion,
	26	your Honor.

İ	THE COURT: The statement "I imagined it was her
1	idea" is stricken.
2	The jury is admonished to disregard it.
3	Don't volunteer.
4	BY MR. KANAREK:
5	Q Now, after you were arrested you spent some
6	weeks in jail, is that right?
7	A That's right.
8	Q About six weeks?
9	A About that.
10	Q After you got out of jail did you go somewhere?
11	A I went first to the ranch.
12	Q How long did you stay at the ranch after you
13	got out of jail?
14	A Just overnight, part of the next day.
15	Q Do you remember what day it was that you went
16	to the ranch?
17	A No.
18	Q Now, you recognize that you are testifying
19	under oath?
20	· A Yes.
21	Q Under penalty of perjury?
22	A Uh-huh.
23	
24	Q It's a penitentiary offense to lie on the witness stand?
25	
26	MR. BUGLIOSI: I object.

1	THE COURT: Get on with your examination, Mr.
2	Kanarek.
3	BY MR. KANAREK:
4	Q Did you have occasion to go into the trailer
5	where Randy Starr lived when you got back to the ranch?
6	A Yeah, I think I did because Sandy was getting
7	stuff ready oh, no, I think Sandy was in there maybe
8	then with her baby.
9	Q Had you been in that trailer before?
10	A Yeah.
11	Q Were there cupboards in that trailer?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Now, I will show you a picture
14	MR. KANAREK: May I approach the witness, your Honor?
15	MR. WEITZMAN: Your Honor, I would like to see the
16	picture before he approaches the witness.
17	(Photo shown to Mr. Weitzman.)
18	BY MR. KANAREK:
19	Q I show you this panel, it appears to be a
20	door or a panel, depicted in People's 261.
21	First I will ask you, have you ever seen that
22	panel before?
23	A Yeah, I think I remember seeing this written
24	some place, I don't remember, it's probably all on the
25	same panel. This would stand out more.
26	Q Now, directing your attention to the time

writing on that panel and the trailer that Randy Starr
- •
occupied?
A Before I was arrested?
Q Yes.
A No.
Q Did you see this writing on this panel after
you were arrested?
A Not that night, I went back to the ranch; I
did not see it, no.
Q When did you see it if at all in your lifetime,
what appears to be depicted in People's 261?
When did you first see it?
A I only saw it once. I was at the ranch in
October when all the Family was in the desert and it was
on the wall then.
Q. Now and is it your statement that prior
to the time that you saw it in October you had never seen
this, what is depicted here what is written on this
panel, you have never seen it before?
A That's right.
Q And on how many different occasions had you
been in the trailer that was occupied by Randy Starr?
A Oh, really, I was in there in and out, you
know, I might go in there every day, several times, and

I might not go in there --

	Į.
1	You know, I have been in there hundreds of
2	times, I imagine.
3	Q So you had ample opportunity to look at the
4	panels that were covering the cupboard, right?
5	A Yeah.
6	Q And the doors that were covering the cupboard?
7	A Sure, I cleaned that trailer several times.
8	Q And does this panel, this door appear to be
9	a cupboard door or a panel for that very trailer?
10	A Yeah, I saw that panel. I saw it painted in
11	there.
12	Q And is this the very panel that we are speaking
13	of, the panel that you saw in Randy Starr's trailer?
14	A I imagine when I saw it, a lot of this writing
15	was not on it, part of it was on it.
16	I don't think this peace symbol was on it, I
17	don't think this design on there was on it then.
18	Q Well, was anything written on it at all before
19	your arrest of August 8, 1969?
20	A No, nothing at all was written on it before my
21	arrest.
22	Q And this came into existence in the form that
23	you see it here when these writings on it after August 8th
24	1969, is that right?
25	A After the middle of September, 1969.
	A Man who lived in that trail or who lived in

1	that trailer to your knowledge between August the 8th,
2	1969, and sometime in October, 1969?
3	A Sandy lived there I think for a while with her
4	baby, and then after she left and went to the desert,
5	Juan moved into that trailer.
6	Q So if Sandy do you know when Sandy went to
7	the desert?
8	A No, I do not.
9	Q Do you know the exact date, or can you give
10	us an approximate time that Juan Flynn moved into that
11	trailer?
12	A No, I know when I was out of jail in the middle
13	of September, I think it was, Sandy was living in the trail
14	with her baby; then I went back East, and when I came back
15	in October none of the Family was there.
16	The only person I knew was there was Juan.
17	Q On August 8, 1969, who lived in that trailer
18	the day you were arrested?
19	A I don't rightly recall.
20	Q The trailer we are speaking of?
21	A I don't remember Randy being there then; I
<b>2</b> 2	don't know who was using it right then.
23	I think Randy just left the ranch. I don't
24	know if anyone was using it.
25	Q When you got out of jail, then, Sandy was
26	living there, is that right?

1	A That's right.
2	Q When was the first time to your knowledge that
3	Juan Flynn lived in this trailer?
4	A I know, the first time that I knew of him
5	living in there was when I was here in October.
6	Q October, 1969?
7	A Uh-huh.
8	Q Is that right?
9	A That's right.
10	Q Now, you went to Wisconsin and while you were
11	in Wisconsin were you interrogated by Los Angeles Police
12	Officers?
13	A Yes.
14	MR. BUGLIOSI: Asked and answered, and it is
15	irrelevant.
16	THE COURT: The answer is in.
17	BY MR. KANAREK:
18	Q Did you at some time then come back to Los
19 -	Angeles?
20	A Several times.
21	Q In other words, you went back and forth
22	several times?
23	A At least three.
24	Q Now, do you remember when it was do you
25	remember the date that you were interrogated by Los
26	Angeles Police officers in Wisconsin?

ı	MR. BUGLIOSI: Irrelevant.
2	MR. KANAREK: The date I am not asking for the
3	conversations, I'm merely asking for when it occurred,
4	your Honor.
5	THE COURT: Overruled, you may answer.
6	THE WITNESS: Twice. Once in December of '69 and
7	once in March of '70.
8	BY MR. KANAREK:
9	Q Now, in this interim, between December of
10	'69 and March of 1970 did you come back to Los Angeles?
11	A I made arrangements to come back to Los Angeles
12	but I was told if I were to come I would be murdered or
13	I would be arrested for murder if I came to talk to Daye
14	Shinn.
15	Q Who told you that?
16	MR. BUGLIOSI: Motion to strike.
17	THE COURT: The answer is stricken. The jury is
18	admonished to disregard it.
19	Just answer the question asked; don't
20	volunteer anything.
21	BY MR. KANAREK:
22	Q You say you made arrangements to come, but
23	you didn't come?
24	A That's right.
25	Q Well, at some time you did come, though,
~-	is that winht Miss Evennow?

1	A Yeah, after Burt Katz decided it would be all
2	right if I would come and talk to another lawyer other than
3	Shinn.
4	MR. BUGLIOSI: Motion to strike.
5	THE COURT: The answer is stricken. The jury is
6	admonished to disregard it.
7	BY MR. KANAREK:
8	Q Now, when was it that you came to Los Angeles
9	in fact?
10	A The first time? In '70.
11	Q Between this period of December, 1969, and
12	March of 1970?
13	A I came right after
14	It must have been later in March, right after
15	Burt Katz came out.
16	He said I could see some lawyer other than
17	Shinn, and then I came out and saw a lawyer arranged by
18	someone else.
19	MR. BUGLIOSI: Motion to strike.
20	THE COURT: The answer is stricken.
21	The jury is admonished to disregard it.
22	Don't keep doing the same thing, Miss Brunner,
23	we are just wasting time.
24	Just answer the question asked.
25	BY MR. KANAREK:
26	Q Well, then, without telling us what was said,

1	Miss Brunner, you were spoken to in Wisconsin by Mr. Katz
2	of the District Attorney's office as well as Los Angeles
3	police officers, is that right?
4	A That's correct, yeah.
5	Q Then subsequent to some conversation with a
6	member of the District Attorney's office, to wit, Mr.
7	Burton Katz, you then came to Los Angeles?
8	A That's right.
9	Q When was that?
10	A Probably in the end of March, I'm not sure.
11	I was only here for a weekend to talk to a lawyer.
12	Q Then after speaking to whoever you spoke to
13	here in Los Angeles you went back to Wisconsin?
14	A That's right.
15	Q When did you return after having gone back?
16	A The Sheriff's Department brought me back in
17	April.
18	Q You mean you were brought back in custody in
19	April?
20	A Yeah, they did not call it custody, but that
21	is what the effect was.
22	Q Well, in other words, you
23	MR. BUGLIOSI: Motion to strike, it's a legal
24	conclusion.
25	THE COURT: Overruled.

1	BY MR. KANAREK:	
2	Q In April you were accompanied to California	
) 3'	by certain people, is that right?	
4	A That's right.	
5	Q Who were these people?	
6	A A member of the Wisconsin Sheriff's Departmen	t.
7	Q Anyone else?	
. 8	A No.	
• <b>9</b> -	Q Between the time that Mr. Katz spoke to you	
	and the time that you came out in April, were you spoken	
11;	to by any law enforcement officers?	
12	A I don't believe so oh, yezh; a telephone	
5 <b>ä</b> fls. <sub>13</sub>	conversation, but that was all.	
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Now, at the present time you have custody of your child?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Irrelevant.

THE WITNESS: No.

THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Motion to strike, your Honor, and I will ask the Court again to admonish this witness here -THE COURT: The answer is stricken, the jury is

admonished.

MR. BUGLIOSI: - to wait for the Court's ruling.

THE COURT: Wait for the ruling.

THE WITNESS: You did not object before I answered.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Then wait.

BY MR. KANAREK: Just so it will be crystal clear, Miss Brunner, when before, let's say, August the 8th, 1969, when you were arrested and taken to Sybil Brand, when is the last time that you were ever inside or on the premises or near the Gary Hinman house?

MR. WEITZMAN: Objection, your Honor, on the same grounds we previously discussed in chambers.

THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. KANAREK: I don't think the witness realizes she may answer if she wants to, your Honor.

THE COURT: Ask your next question, Mr. Kanarek.

Do you have any more examination?

MR. KANARE<sub>K</sub>. Yes. May I have an answer to this

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question?

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THE COURT: The objection is sustained.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I don't mind Mr. Weltzman, but I sort of feel like I am --

MR. WEITZMAN: I would not want to give Mr. Kanarek that impression, your Honor.

THE COURT: What was that, Mr. Weitzman?

MR. WEITZMAN: I would not want to give Mr. Kanarek that impression, your Honor. I will sit over here.

- BY MR. KAWAREK: Now, on how many occasions in your lifetime, Miss Brunner, have you been at the Gary Himman house?
  - A Several.
  - And were these times during the year 1968?
  - A. Yeah, a lot of times. I lived there in 1968.
  - Q But in 1969 you were never there, right?
  - A That's right, and --

MR. WEITZMAN: Objection, your Honor, the same objection we discussed in chambers.

MR. KANAREK: She answered, your Honor.

THE COURT: The answer is stricken. The jury is admonished to disregard it.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, may we approach the bench?
THE COURT: You may not.

HY MR. KANAREK: When you lived at the Cary

1	A Gary and Bear, my son, and usually one other
2	girl.
3	Q And another girl?
4	A. Yeah, Brenda was there sometimes with me and
5	sometimes another girl, maybe Ella.
6	Q And so it was you, dary Hinman, Pooh Bear, your
7	son
. <b>B</b> ;	A That's right.
, 9°	whose true name is Michael Manson, right?
10	A Yeah.
u	And this new girl, Ella?
12	A Ella or Brenda, elther one. They switched off.
13.	Q When was the last time in your lifetime that
14	you saw Mr. Himaan?
15	MR. WEITZMAN: Objection, your Honor, on the same
16.	ground discussed in chambers.
.17	THE COURT: Objection sustained.
18	Mi. KANAREK: Well, your Honor, then I ask the witness
19	may be informed that she may answer if she wishes.
20	THE COURT: Ask your next question, sir,
21	Q BY MR. KANAREK: Well, did you see Mr. Hinman
22	during the year 1969?
23	IR. BUGLIOSI: Asked and answered.
24	MR. WEITZMAN: Same objection, your Honor.
25	THE COURT: Sustained.
26	MIL KANAREK: May I approach the bench?

THE COURT: Yes, you may Mr. Kanarek.

(The following preceedings were had at the bench out of the hearing of the jury:)

THE COURT: Now, Mr. Kanarek, if you don't stop this, you and I are going to have a serious misunderstanding.

Do you understand what I am talking about?

MR. KANAREK: I understand. I would like to point this out to the Court ---

THE COURT: All right, you are obviously trying to obstruct and delay and defeat the ends of justice in this case, that has been obvious for a long time.

Now, with respect to this particular witness the procedure has been worked out with Mr. Weitzman, and the witness. She understands. She has been advised.

Is that right, Mr. Weitzman?

MR. WEITZMAN: That is correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: She knows she may answer any question notwithstending your objection.

Is that right, Mr. Weitman?

MR. WEITZMAN: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: You have been so advised and you have been told that several times, Mr. Kanarek, and you persist in trying to defeat and delay and obstruct the examination. It is your examination.

Now, you are either going to get on with it or I am going to terminate it.

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MR. KANAREK: May I point out to the Court she is not aware she can answer?

THE COURT: She is perfectly aware of it.

Is that right, Mr. Weitzman?

IM. WEITZMAN: I would like the record to reflect this is an intelligent girl. She is fully aware of what is going on. She understands the proceedings.

She understands the advisement, what the procedure is:

If she has a question she will call me to the witness stand.

When the objection is sustained she knows not to answer until we have had a discussion.

THE COURT: Your solicitude for the witness is touching, if it weren't so phony, Mr. Kanarek. Get on with this examination.

MR. WEITZMAN: Your Honor, may I approach the witness?

THE COURT: Yes. We are coing to take a recess at this time, Mr. Weitzman, you may confer with your witness during the recess.

(The following proceedings were had in open court in the presence and hearing of the jury:)

THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, do not converse with anyone or form or express an opinion regarding penalty until that question is finally submitted to you.

(Recess.)

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THE COURT: All parties are present except Mr. Menson. All counsel and all jurors are present.

MR. KANAREK: Your Monor, may we approach the bench briefly?

THE COURT: In connection with this examination? MR. KANAREK: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Very well.

You may proceed.

(Thereupon, all counsel approach the bench and the following proceedings occur at the bench outside of the hearing of the jury:)

MR. RAMAREK: Your Honor, I represent to the Court that this witness has told me that Mr. Weitzman told her that she had immunity.

That is one thing I want to point out.

MR. WEITZMAN: That what?

MR. KANARCK: That you told her that she had immunity.

That is one point I wanted to point out.

THE COURT: Do you have a motion to make, Mr. Kenarek?

MR. KANAREK: Yes.

THE COURT: State it.

MR. KANAREK: My motion is that there be no further interruptions by the exercise of the privilege because it is res adjudicate, that she has been granted immunity.

MR, KAY: She has not been granted immunity.

i.R. KANAREK: Judge Kathleen Parker granted her

immunity.

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THE COURT: There is no evidence before this Court that she has been granted immunity.

of the proceedings in the Honorable Kathleen Parker's court where a writ of habeas corpus had been granted.

THE COURT: That is not a way to ask the Court to take judicial notice. Consult the Evidence Code.

Anything else?

MR. KANAREK: Well, I ask that the file be brought up here.

I had no knowledge that Mr. Weitzman would be here today doing what he is doing.

Your Honor calls it obstruction, or whatever.
The fact is that I had no reason to believe that there was going to be any claim of privilege.

This witness told me that she was told she had been granted immunity.

Judge Eathleen Parker had granted a writ of habeas corpus.

THE COURT: What is your understanding, Mr. Weitzman?

MR. WEITZMAN: I can represent the following to the

Court: A writ of habeas corpus was granted pending

further proceedings in the Hinman case, which has now been

consolidated in the Hinman-Shea case.

The Court ruled she would be granted a conditional

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immunity pending these proceedings, which meant that as long as she continues to testify for the People pursuant to her bargain with them, allegedly made prior to her testifying, she would be granted immunity:

However, the Court aid not rule that statutory immunity, as we know it, was applicable to that matter, and no immunity papers were filed.

Now, wiss Brunner is well aware that she can be reindicted if she breaks the alleged promise she made to the District Attorney's Office. She has a clear understanding of that.

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THE COURT: Have you so advised her?

MR. WEITZMAN: Yes. I have.

I can readvise her.

THE COURT: That is your state of mind, that she can be reindicted?

ME. WEITZNAM: That is the state that Judge Parker left the case in.

I don't think it is legally possible.

THE COURT: In other words, you are asserting the privilege in good faith?

MR. WEITZEAN: On, yes, your honor. Oh, for sure.

THE COURT: You are not asserting it believing that she has immunity?

MR. WEITZMAN: No.

And I might further point out that there is no immunity for perjury if she testifies under oath something differently than what she has already testified to under oath. She would be subject to prosecution for rerjury, for which there is no immunity.

MR. FITZGERALD: Ar. Bugliosi gives people immunity for perjury.

MR. EUGLIOSI: I do?

MR. FITZCERALD: That shouldn't be on the record. I am sorry.

iR. BUGLIOSI: Where did you get that?

THE COURT: Your notion is denied, Mr. Kanarek.

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that her testifying here has got nothing to do with her obligation to testify for the People.

The fact that she has been given immunity doesn't mean that we have to have our interrogation interrupted by this constant use of the privilege.

THE COURT: All right. Let's proceed.

MAG. WEITZMAN: I think the record is clear, but it should be stated once again.

There are two problems. One is the pending indictment, and two, the possibility of a perjury indictment, which is every bit as real as the pending indictment.

THE COURT: You say the possibility of a perjury indictment? I don't follow that.

What are you talking about?

MR. WEITZHAN: Let's say, for example, she has testified one way under oath. Now, attempts are made by Mr. Kanarek to induce her to testify another way under oath. And the statements are inconsistent, theoretically.

THE COURT: That is true in every case.

MR. WEITZMAN: It is also true in every case, yes.

There is a possibility that that fits into the elements of perjury. It certainly does.

THE COURT: What you say is true, but I don't see the relevancy it has to what we are talking about now.

HR. WEITZMAN: Well, she certainly has every grounds to

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invoke the privilege if it is self-incriminatory.

I mean, I think that is almost as big an issue as the pending indictment, and I can represent to the Court, believe me, there is an indictment pending against this young lady.

The writ of habeas corpus did not dismiss the indictment. She is only on the street as a People's witness.

MR. KEITH: You used the term before "reindicted."

MR. WEITZMAN: I meant reinstitute proceedings.

NR. KEITH: I see.

THE COURT: Let's recapitulate for a moment.

It is your belief, Mr. Weisman, as an attorney for Miss Brunner, she is still subject to prosecution in the Himman case?

MR. WEITZMAN: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: And immunity has not been granted?

MR. WEITZMAN: Statutory immunity has not been granted, your Honor.

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As a matter of fact, I think the record can safely state immunity has not been granted.

THE COURT: So then when you assert the privilege against self-incrimination for her in this case, and she follows your advice, you are acting in good faith?

MR. WEITZMAN: Yes, your Honor, completely in good faith.

THE COURT: The answers may very well incriminate her and she is subject to prosecution for information disclosed in those answers, is that right?

MR. WEITZMAN: That's correct, your Honor.

MR. KANAREK: But your Honor, Judge Kathleen Parker in granting habeas corpus ---

THE COURT: Let's proceed, gentlemen. The motion is denied.

(The following proceedings were had in open court in the presence and hearing of the jury:)

Q BY MR. KANAREK: Miss Brunner, have law enforcement officers told you that unless you involve Charles Manson --

MR. BUGLIOSI: I object to this. The question already contains hearsay.

THE COURT: Approach the bench, Counsel.

(The following proceedings were had at the bench out of the hearing of the jury:)

THE COURT: Mr. Kanarek, if you try one more sneaky,

little trick like that, one more obviously improper question. I'm going to find you in contempt. 2 Now, get on with your examination. 3 MR. KANAREK: I want to point out this is absolutely 4 the discretion of the jury, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Get on with your examination or I will terminate it. (The following proceedings were had in open 8 court in the presence and hearing of the jury:) 9 BY MR. KANAREK: liss Brunner, did you 10 observe Mr. Bobby Beausoleil in the company of Leslie 11 Van Houtenf · 12 · Yesh, a lot of times. They were real close. 13 And would you describe the relationship that 14 you saw between the two? 15 Like Leslie lived with Bobby for a while and 16 when he came back to the ranch they were very tight like 17 they were with each other all the time. 18 Now, directing your attention, Miss Brunner, 19 to on or about July 15th, 1969, do you know where 20 Lealie Van Houten was living? 21 She was living at the ranch. 22 23 Do you know where Bobby Beausoleil was living 24 or where his residence was? He was staying at the ranch then. .<del>2</del>6 He had another apartment some place, but at the

And at a time when Bobby Beausoleil was, as you put it -- where you think he had another apartment, and was staying at the ranch also, -- did you see Leslie Van Houten in the company of Bobby Beausoleil? Almost all the time. 6 And did you see them go places together? Did you see them leave the ranch together? I imagine I did. I cannot recall any specific instance right now, but they were together all the time, so 10 if one left, then the other probably left. .iı MR. KEITH: Move to strike on the grounds of a 12 conclusion. 13 THE COURT: The answer is stricken; the jury is 14 admonished to disregard it. 15. BY MR. KANAREK: Did pu see Leslie Van Houten in 16 the company of Bobby Beausoleil at different times of the **17** day and night? 18: Yes. 19: Now, did you have occasion to know whether or 20 not Bobby Beausoleil and Leslie Van Houten shared sleeping 21 quarters at the ranch? 22 I know they did. I don't know if I ever saw them 23 together but I know they did. 24 And upon what do you know this, upon what .25. do you base this? 26

time he was staying at the ranch.

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You say that you know that they did. -1 A They were just together all the time. 2 Did they have the reputation in that community 3: there at the ranch of being together. I mean, did they have sort of a -- did people think of them as being close to 5 each other? ·6 MR. KEITH: I object to the question. Ť THE COURT: Sustained. 8 BY MA. KAMAREK; Directing your attention to 9 the time after Bobby Beausoleil was arrested. August 4. 1968, and before your arrest of August the Sth. 1968, did 11 you have occasion to speak with Leslie in that interval of time? Í3. Yes. 14 Can you tell us whether Leslie showed any 15 concern concerning Bobby Beausoleil? **1**6 Yes, she wanted him out of jail a lot. 17 Now, did Bobby Beausolell, Bobby Beausolell, 18: to your knowledge, make any phone call after his arrest to 19 anyone at the Spahn Ranch? Ž0. He called the ranch. I am not sure who he 21 talked to, I know he called and he told us that --22. MR. BUGLIOSI: Calls for hearsay, your Honor. 23-THE COURT: Sustained. 24 25 where that telephone call came from? 26.

BY MR. KANAREK: To your knowledge, do you know CieloDrive.com ARCHIVES

A. The County Jail, I suppose. He was in Los Angeles at the time and he said he had been brought down from San Luis Obispo.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Objection --

THE COURT: Sustained. The answer is stricken. The Jury is admonished to disregard it.

- Q BY MR. KANAREK: Do you know what automobile Bobby Beausoleil was arrested in?
  - A Yeah, the one I usually drive, the white Fiat.
- And this is an automobile that you started driving at about what time?

By time, I mean what date. Do you remember when it was you started driving that automobile?

- A. No, I know I was going shopping and using it to go shopping with the credit cards I had, but I don't know, yo know, when I started using it:
- Who is it that transferred physical possession of that automobile to you?
- A. The car was parked at the ranch, and the keys were in the ignition, like all our keys were always in the ignition.

I just hopped in and took it.

- I see, so that your relationship with that automobile was because it was located at the ranch, is that correct?
  - A That's right.

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	Q.	. 1	Now,	at	the	time	that	you	Were	at	the	ranc	;h
Was	your	son	Mic	hae1	. Mai	nson	also	know	as	Pooh	Béa	r, v	7 <b>4 S</b>
he :	at the	e Ta	nch?										

A Yes.

Q And was this child of the same group of children as Linda Kasabian's child, Tanya?

A Yeah, Linda's and Sadie's, and sometimes
Danny DeCarlo's.

Q These children were all kept together and they were together at a certain area in the ranch, is that right?

A Yeah, more or less, but Tanya and Bear could both walk, so they got around more than the other two.

Q After your arrest was your child taken into custody by public officials?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Irrelevant.

THE COURT: Sustained.

#### BY MR. KAWAREK:

Q Now, directing your attention to Mr. Hinman, have you seen Mr. Hinman in the company of Juan Flynn?

A I have seen them in company together at the ranch.

I know that they have been together more than that.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Motion to strike the last part, your Honor.

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THE COURT: The last sentence is stricken. The jury is admonished to disregard it.

BY MR. KANAREK:

Q Directing your attention to a time when Juan Flynn and Gary Hinman were together at the ranch, do you have such an occasion in mind?

A Gary came to the ranch a few times and I have seen him talking to Juan.

Q Did you see Mr. Hinman and Juan Flynn leave the ranch together?

A I don't recall seeing them leave together, no, I know they left together.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Motion to strike, your Honor.

THE COURT: The last sentence is stricken. The jury is admonished to disregard it.

BY MR. KANAREK:

Q To your knowledge on this occasion did Juan Flynn go home, that is, leave with Gary Hinman to go to Gary Hinman's home?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Same objection. She already said she had no knowledge, your Honor, she did not see them leave.

So by definition it is calling for hearsay.

THE WITNESS: I heard them together at Gary's house.

THE COURT: Just a moment, the answer is stricken. The objection is sustained.

The jury is admonished to disregard it.

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7a-3	1	BY MR. KANAREK:
	2	Q Sometime in 1968 did you see Gary Himman and
)	3	Juan Flynn together at Gary Himman's home?
	4	A No, I heard them, I did not see them.
•	5	MR. BUGLIOSI: Same objection, your Honor, and I
	6	believe the witness knows exactly what she is doing, your
•	7	Honor. She must have learned by now.
	8	Motion to strike that last remark on her part.
	ا و	THE COURT: The answer is stricken.
	(o	The jury is admonished to disregard it.
٠, ي	íi.	BY MR. KANAREK:
•	<b>1</b> 2	Q Do you know the voice of Juan Flynn when you
	13	hear it?
	14	A Yes.
	15	Q Did you know the voice of Gary Himman when you
	16	heard it?
	17	A Yes.
•	18	Q During the year 1968 did you hear the voice of
	19	Juan Flynn and Gary Hinman together, those two voices,
	20	in the Hinman home, while you were living there in '68?
	21	A Yes.
	22	Q Did you see and hear Gary Hinman at the Spahn
	23	Ranch?
	24	A Yes.
	25.	MR. KANAREK: I hadn't quite finished.
	96	A To ware knowledge did Core Himmer dean anid se

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the Spahn Ranch with Juan Flynn?

Irrelevant. MR. BUGLIOSI:

THE COURT: Sustained.

#### BY MR. KANAREK:

Directing your attention to this occasion in 1968, you say you did hear Juan Flynn's voice at the Gary Hinman home, right?

> Á Right.

And you heard Gary Hinman's voice at the Gary Hinman home?

That's right.

And they were speaking together?

That's right,

Would you tell us what you heard said? MR. BUGLIOSI: Irrelevant, calls for hearsay.

THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I'm offering it for the state of mind, not for the truth of the matters asserted.

THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. KANAREK: May I make an offer of proof to the Court?

> THE COURT: The objection is sustained. Ask your next question.

#### BY MR. KANAREK:

Have you in the last couple of weeks in company with other individuals attempted to serve Juan Flynn

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with process to come to this court?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Irrelevant.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

MR. BUGLIOSI: It is irrelevent, your Honor, motion to strike.

THE COURT: Overruled.

BY MR. KANAREK:

Q Would you tell us what you have done in the attempt to serve process, a subpoena upon Juan Flynn to come to this court?

A We have gone to where he has been living or known to be or, you know, where he has friends, to try to find him to give him a subpoens.

He knows we are looking for him so he is never around.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Wait a while, that's a conclusionary statement on her part.

THE COURT: The last sentence is stricken. The jury is admonished to disregard it.

BY MR. KANAREK:

Q And for what period of time has this gone on, Miss Brunner, have you been trying to find him?

A I think since about the middle of February.

MR. KANAREK: Thank you, Miss Brunner.

MR. FITZGERALD: I have no questions, your Honor.

25 26 74-6 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. KEITH: 2 I take it that you knew Bobby Beausoleil? 3 That's right. You did not dislike him, did you? 5 No. I liked him as a matter of fact. Miss Brunner, didn't you testify as a witness 7 for the prosecution in the case of the People against 8 Beausoleil? MR. BUCLIOSI: It's frrelevant, your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Overruled. 11 THE WITNESS: Yes, I did. 12 13, MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I will object on equal protection of the law. 14 15 These are the types of questions that I asked **1**6. for and your Hohor has sustained the objection. May I --17 THE COURT: Overruled. 18 19. BY MR. KEITH: 20 Q Now, in that case, Mr. Beausoleil was convicted of murder in the first degree, is that not correct? 21 22 That's correct. And he was convicted of the murder of Cary Ω. 24 Hinman?

That's right.

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Did you ever mention to any law enforcement officer to whom you may have talked the conversation that Leslie purported had with you at the Spahn Ranch which you

have related on the stand today? MR. BUGLIOSI: Calls for hearsay. MR. KEITH: Yes or no? MR. BUGLIOSI: Calls for hearsay. 4 The question itself contained hearsay. ·β The answer is just a confirmation of the hearsay. MR. KEITH: I am cross-examining this witness. She is 7 adverse. MR. BUGLIOSI: The question itself contains hearsay, your Honor. THE COURT: That is not the purpose of the question. 11 Mr. Bugliosi. 12 Overruled. You may answer. 13 THE WITNESS: Okay. What is the question? 14 MR. KEITH: Would you read the question, please, 15 Mr. Nehlman? 16 THE COURT: Yes, read the question. 17 (The question was read by the reporter,) 18 THE WITNESS: I mentioned it but I substituted 19 people in place, and I substituted myself for Leslie in 20 the conversation that I had with law enforcement officers. 21 BY MR. KEITH: So, you didn't use Leslie's 22. name, I take 1t? 23 No. I didn't. 24 Bobby was trying to cover up information. 25 MR. BUGLIOSI: Motion to strike the last remark. 26

MR. KEITH: I also move to strike. 1 THE COURT: The last sentence is stricken and the Jury 2 is admonished to disregard it. Did you talk to any deputy MR. KEITH: 4 District Attorney about the Hinman case? Ď. I talked to Burton Katz about it and I might 6 have talked to Aaron Stovitz about it. 7 Did you ever tell Burton Katz that Leslie had 8. anything to do with the --MR. WEITZMAN: Same objection, your Honor. 10 I think this line of questioning is exactly the 11 subject matter that was discussed in chambers and has been 12 discussed at the bench several times. 13 THE COURT: Sustained. 14 I have nothing further. MR. KEITH: 15 THE COURT: Any questions, &r. Bugliosi? 16 MR. BUGLIOSI: No, your Honor. 17 MR. KANAREK: I have some, your Honor. 18 THE COURT: You already examined. 19 MR. KANAREK: I want to examine on this substitution. -20. THE COURT: After Mr. Bugliosi. 21 MR. KANAREK: He says he has no questions, your 22 Honor. 23 MR. BUGLIOSI: No. I haven't any questions. 24 THE COURT: Very well. 25 26

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#### REDIRECT EXAMINATION

#### BY MR. KANAREK:

Q I have here a Grand Jury transcript, Miss Brunner.

You testified just a few minutes ago that you testified at the Grand Jury; right?

A Right.

And in this Grand Jury transcript, when you speak of yourself being present and observing and saying and doing things that -- at the Gary Hinman house, you testified putting yourself where you had been told Leslie Van Houten was; is that correct?

MR. WEITZMAN: Objection.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Wait a while.

The question assumes facts not in evidence.

The Grand Jury transcript is not in evidence.

MR. WEITZMAN: The further objection as discussed in chambers, your Honor.

THE COURT: I don't understand your objection, Mr. Bugliosi.

MR. BUGLIOSI: The question itself assumes facts not in evidence.

He said: When you testified at the Grand Jury to certain things.

I don't believe she has testified to that yet.

THE COURT: I believe she was asked and answered that

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question, that she did, in fact, testify.

MR. WEITZMAN: My recollection was that that wasn't in respect to testimony before any Grand Jury. That was testimony allegedly had, or conversations allegedly had, with police officials.

MR. BUGLIOSI: That was my understanding.

MR. WEITZMAN: It wasn't pointed to any testimony given under oath before the Grand Jury or before a court of law.

THE COURT: In any event, the objection was sustained.
BY MR. KANAREK:

Q Would you tell us, Miss Brunner, you have said that you substituted yourself for Leslie Van Houten; is that correct?

A That's right.

MR. WEITZMAN: Your Honor, same objection. It is the same line of questioning, your Honor.

THE COURT: She has answered that question, Mr. Weitzman;

MR. WEITZMAN: I think she began to answer until I objected, and then she didn't.

Before the Court rules on the objection, perhaps I should have a word with my client.

THE COURT: Very well.

(Mr. Weitzman approaches the witness stand and confers with the witness.)

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MR. WEITZMAN: Thank you, your Honor.

I don't believe that the answer was in the record, and it is my understanding that my client wishes to invoke the privilege to that particular question.

THE COURT: Sustained.

THE WITNESS: May I talk to Irving for a minute?

MR. KANAREK: May I talk to the witness for a moment,

your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

(Mr. Kanarek approaches the witness and confers with the witness.) (Mr. Weitzman then joins the conference with Mr. Kanarek and the witness.)

THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, do not converse with anyone or form or express any ppinion regarding penalty until the question is finally submitted to you.

The court will recess until 1:45.

(Whereupon at 11:59 o'clock a.m. the court was in recess.)

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MR. FITZGERALD: Page 26,941. Thatis the page it begins on.

MR, WEITZMAN: Nine pages in. 26,948, beginning with line I down to line 8.

I move that those be stricken on the ground we previously discussed in chambers.

Then the next page would be Page 26,951, Lines 4 through 26.

THE COURT: She testified substantially to this this morning.

MR. WEITMAN: No. If I may, your Honor.

This was direct. The testimony that took place this morning was hearsay testimony. That is, she testified that this is what Leslie Van Houten told her and Susan Atkins.

THE COURT: I am talking about the testimony on Page 26,951.

She testified this morning she was at Hinman's house in 1968.

MR. WEITZMAN: Pardon me. I misspoke. My objection should take in Page 25,951, Lines 4 through 9. No. 4 through 13. Because that is directly in point with what her testimony was in previous proceedings before the Grand Jury and in the Beausoleil trial.

That is exactly the type of testimony that we would be objecting to and making the motion to strike. THE COURT: Have you discussed this with your client?

MR. WEITZMAN: Yes. I just went over the transcript
with her and showed her.

THE COURT: There is no point in striking it if she is going to be re-asked the question and is going to answer it notwithstanding your assertion of privilege,

MR. WEITZMAN: She hasn't given me any indication that that was going to be the case, and I would think that counsel would not ask the question again.

I don't know, perhaps they will.

MR. KEITH: Your Honor --

MR. KANAREK: If I may be heard?

THE COURT: Yes, Mr. Keith?

MR. KEITH: Thank you, your Honor.

This raises an interesting point.

If that testimony that Mr. Weitzman refers to is stricken by the Court, inasmuch as this witness has stated that Leslie had told her that Leslie was at the Hinman house at the time of the Hinman slaying, I would like to impeach this witness by a prior inconsistent statement or statements made not only before the Grand Jury under oath but at the Beausoleil trial under oath, to the effect that she was at the Hinman house, not Leslie, and she saw Bobby Beausoleil.

THE COURT: She already testified she was there.

MR, KEITH: I realize that but this is a very unique

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situation, if the Court please.

I don't think Leslie, for reasons that I won't announce for the record, was telling the truth, and by subtle means I would like to impeach this witness by her prior testimony.

NR. BUGLIOSI: May I say something?

THE COURT: You want to impeach your client?

Is that what you want to do?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Right.

MR. KEHTH: I realize it has that effect, but I think your Honor may glean the point.

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MR. KEITH: It has been brought out in argument that these people are all doing anything they can to protect somebody, even testifying untruthfully under oath.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, if I may be heard for just a moment.

The point is, your Honor, and I say this without any lack of respect to Mr. Weitzman, he has no standing before your Honor to make such a motion.

First of all it has been --

THE COURT: Let's not waste any time on that, Mr. Kanarek.

MR. KANAREK: When she takes the stand and does not exercise the privilege, she waives it.

There is case law that says once the door is open, that is it. It happened before before the jury. He has no standing.

If she committed any kind of offense, it is up to the District Attorney's office of Los Angeles -- the striking is not only --

He has no standing before the Court in these matters to have it stricken.

But conceptually there is no basis in law for striking it. The door has been opened. I can cite the Court Mr. Witkin --

THE COURT: Just stop talking a minute, will you, Mr. Kaparek.

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MR. KANAREK: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Now, let's go back again.

What was the first reference in the transcript?

MR. WEITZMAN: The first one is page 26,948, your

Honor, lines 1 through 9.

Your Honor, if I may further indicate for the record, I don't want to appear somewhat presumptuous or obnoxious, but I think it is clear she's represented by counsel. There is a pending indictment against her. She certainly should have been advised of her right to counsel, and have had an opportunity to consult with counsel before she was questioned in an area that directly relates to a pending indictment and could put her in jeopardy.

THE COURT: I understand your position.

MR. WEITZMAN: Page 26,951, your Honor, lines 4 through 13 -- well, I would submit 4 through 26.

THE COURT: It is so vague. What does it mean to be in the vicinity of some place?

MR. WEITZMAN: Lines 4, 5 and 6, the question is directly asked:

"In the summer of '69 sometime were you at the Gary Hinman house?"

The answer is no.

THE COURT: She testified this morning to that.

MR. WEITZMAN: No.

THE COURT: Yes, she did. She testified this morning

I'm not going to strike any of this testimony. MR. WEITZMAN: I would just like the record to be clear, regardless of what she testified this morning, I think that the motion to strike yesterday's testimony is clearly a good motion because she was not represented by counsel. She is presently under indictment. 7 THE COURT: I don't think that has a tendency to 8 incriminate her, it is so vague and general, it could mean 9. anything. 10 MR. BUGLIOSI: May I make one little brief observa-11 tion, your Honor: 12 In my opinion we are going in the direction of 13 14 bringing out the evidence in the entire Hinman case, the 15 Grand Jury, the Beausoleil trial; we are going in that 16 direction in my opinion. 17 I am objecting, of course, at every opportunity, to stop this. It will prolong the trial for a week or so. 18 19 THE COURT: We are not going to retry the Hinman case. 20 MR. BUGLIOSI: Right, but we are going in that direc-21 tion. 22 Let's proceed, gentlemen. THE COURT: 23 (The following proceedings were had in open 24 court in the presence and hearing of the jury:) 25 THE COURT: Do you have a question, Mr. Kanarek?

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Let's proceed.

MR. KANAREK: Yes, your Honor. J. Now, yesterday, Miss Brunner, did you testify. 2 reading from page 26,948 of the transcript: . 3 "And directing your attention to on or about 4 July 15, 1969, were you at the Gary Hinman home? 5 No." 6 MR. BUGLIOSI: I object to this. The record speaks 7. for itself. 8 THE COURT: Sustained. 10 BY MR. KANAREK: Miss Brunner, at some time in the past were 11 you and Mr. Manson going to be married? 12 Yeah, we got a marriage license and took the 13 blood tests; we were going to get married. 14 And you actually were going to go through a 15 ceremony, is that right? 16 That's right. 17 Is there some reason that you and Mr. Manson 18did not become married? 19 We were going to get matried and then we were 20 talking about his record and the way that we were having 21 a lot of hassles with the police, and he could see that he 22 was going back to jail at sometime, and we decided it would 23 24 be better if he did not have a wife to get into trouble, 25 and to pull through all of it.

He knew he was going back to jail.

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ı.	Q Did he tell you why he knew he was going back
2	to jail?
3	MR. BUGLIOSI: I object, your Honor, calls for
4	hearsay.
<b>5</b> .	THE COURT: Sustained.
6	BY MR. KANAREK:
7 .	Q Had Mr. Manson been harassed by police officers
8	MR. BUGLIOSI: Calls for conclusion.
9	THE WITNESS: We have always been harassed.
10	THE COURT: Sustained.
11	MR. BUGLIOSI: Motion to strike.
12	THE COURT: The answer is stricken. The jury is
13	admonished to disregard it.
14	BY MR. KANAREK:
15	Q Now, directing your attention then to a time
16	when you were testifying before the Grand Jury concerning
17	the Hinman matter.
18	A Um-hum.
19	Q Now, do you have in mind that time?
20	Is that firmly in your mind when you were befor
21	the Grand Jury in this very building, testifying?
22	A Yesh.
23	Q Now, did you testify at that Grand Jury to
24	doing things that you did not in fact do?
25	MR. BUGLIOSI: Too broad a question.
26	THE WITNESS: Yes. I did.

	ing Court: the colection is sustained.
:	MR. KANAREK: Then, your Honor, may I approach the
,	witness with the Grand Jury transcript?
	THE COURT: Ask your next question, Mr. Kanarek.
	MR. KANAREK: I want to try to refresh her recollec-
	tion if I may, your Honor.
}	THE COURT: Do you have a specific question in mind?
	MR. KANAREK: Yes, I do.
•	Q I will show you at page 85 of the transcript,
· ·	and ask you
ļ Ļ	MR. KANAREK: May I approach the witness, your Honor:
	THE COURT: You may.
	BY MR. KANAREK:
	Q Would you read over to yourself at page 85,
	lines 10 through 15. Would you read that over to yourself?
	A Is this from the beginning?
	Q No, you may look at the transcript to refresh
	your recollection, look at the front piece, the table of
	contents, look at any part of it that you may wish to look
	at to see if that
	A I don't
	Q Would you just read those lines over. My
	question is:
	Did you so testify at the Grand Jury?
	A Yes.
	Q In answer to the question:

# "All right" --

MR. BUGLIOSI: I object, this is improper. He is just reading hearsay into the record.

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12-1 . 1	MR. KANAREK: It is impeachment, your Honor,
2	THE COURT: Sustained.
3.	MR. KANAREK: May I show it to the Court? It is
. 4	impeachment.
	THE COURT: May I see 1t?
.6	WR. KANAREK: Certainly.
7	THE COURT: Your comment will be stricken also,
8	Mr. Kanarek, and the jury is admonished to disregard it.
9.	What was the line?
10	MR. KAMAREK: I believe 10 through 15, your Honor.
11	WR. BUGLIOSI: What is the Court's ruling?
12	MR. KANAREK: "Question"
13	MR. BUGLIOSI; Wait a while.
14	What is the Court's ruling?
15	THE COURT: What is the question?
16	MR. KANAREK: Did she so testify?
17	THE COURT: Overruled.
18	You may answer.
19	IR. KAWAREK: "Q All right. Now, when you got
20	to the house"
21	MR. BUGLIOSI: Just a moment, your Honor.
22	I still have an objection.
.23	THE COURT: What is the objection, Mr. Bugliosi?
24	MR. BUGLIOSI: This is not impeachment.
25	The purpose for impeachment is to be favorable
. 26	to your own client. There is nothing in her testimony at

the Grand Jury or her testimony today that is favorable or unfavorable to Mr. Manson. 2 THE COURT: Overruled. You may answer. 4 All right, Now, when you got HR. KANAREK: "Q 5 to the house, did you see Gary Hinman? 6 . 12 Yeah. 7. Was he alone or with someone? no n<sub>A</sub>. Alone." ģ. You gave those answers to those questions; is 10 that right? 11 That's right. 12 I show you and ask you to read Lines 23 at the 13 bottom of Page 85 through -- well, Lines 23 through 26 at the bottom of Page 85. 15 Would you so read those over? 16 (Pause while the witness reads:" 17 MR. KANAREK: Q Did you so testify? I suppose so. 19 This doesn't make much sense out of context. 20 MR. KANAREK: "Q Showing you Grand Jury Exhibit 21 Is that a fair representation of how Cary Hinman 22 looked at that time? 23 Yes, I guess so." 24 You so answered to that question; right? 25 Sure.

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1.	And the picture that was shown you was a
2	pleture of Gary Hinman in life? That was a life picture;
3	is that right?
4	A. I don't remember what kind of a picture it was.
.5	Q Well, does it refresh your recollection?
·6.	A. It says a picture of a male individual.
7.	I don't know when that picture was taken.
8	Q Was that a picture that you thought was a
9	picture taken while Gary Hinman was alive?
10	A I don't know what I thought about it at the
11	tine.
12	I don't remember what the picture looked like.
13	MR. KAMAREK: Hay I have just a moment, your Honor?
14	Q I call your attention to Page 87. Would you read
<b>15</b> .	over Lines 10 through Page 38, Line 17.
16	Would you road those over and tell me whether you
17	so testified.
<b>1</b> 8	IR. BUGLIOSI: It is irrelevant because it is beyond
19	the scope of redirect.
20	THE COURT: I don't know what it is yet, Mr. Bugliosi.
.21;	MR. BUGLIOSI: It is not going to be known until
22	Mr. Kanarek asks the question.
23	THE COURT: I will take a look at it in a minute.
24	NR. BUULIOSI: All right. Very good.
25	THE WITNESS: To where? Here?
66	THE PRESENTING NAME PRODUCED TO THE PARTY OF

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THE WITNESS: All right.

MR. KANAREK: Yes, your Honor, The reason I suggest it is not beyond the scope of redirect --

THE COURT: Never mind the argument. Give me the line numbers.

MR: KANAREK: Yes.

THE COURT: What lines?

MR. KANAREK: It ends at Line 17, your Honor.

THE COURT: What page?

MR. KANAREK: If I may have it?

Line 17, Page 88. And it starts at Line 10 of Page 87, your Honor.

(Pause while the Court reads.)

THE WITNESS: If it is in that thing, I said it.

THE COURT: Is there an objection?

MR. KANAREK: Yes.

MR. WEITZMAN: There is also an objection on behalf of Miss Brunner pursuant to the grounds discussed in chambers.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, the fact is that Mr. Keith asked a question in connection with her and Leslie Van Houten and who she was substituting for, and this is clearly impeaching.

It is within the scope of Mr. Keith's question. MR. BUGLIOSI: But impeachment for what purpose. your Honor?

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Impeachment per se is not valid. There has to be a reason for it. MR. KANAREK: To show what the truth is. Mr. Bugliosi. MR. BUCLIOSI: Motion to strike that ridiculous. . 4 gratuitous remark, your Honor. :5 MR. WEITZMAN: I renew my objection on behalf of Miss Brunner, your Honor. THE WITHESS: What is the question? MR. KANAREK: She already answered that she so ·9′ testified. 10 MR. WEITZMAN: She has not answered that question. 11 The question hasn't been asked. 12 THE COURT: The objection is sustained. 13 THE WITNESS: If you will ask it, I will answer It. 14 MR. KANAREK: On Mr. Weitzman's basis or Mr. **1**5 Bugliosi's basis, your Honor, so I will know how to proceed? 16 THE COURT: Ask your next question. That is how to 17 proceed, Ilr. Kanarek. 18 THE WITNESS: I may as well. 19 MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, may we approach the bench? I don't think that the witness understands the 21. procedure. IR. WEITZMAN: I would like to approach the bench. . 23 your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Very well. (Whereupon, all counsel approach the bench and 26

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the following proceedings occur at the bench outside of the hearing of the jury:)

THE COURT: We are wasting a lot of time, gentlemen. Let's get down to it and get on with this examination.

What is it?

MR. WEITZMAN: I would like the record to indicate the following:

I have been here all morning and part of this afternoon discussing with Miss Brunner her testimony and attempting to discuss it with Mr. Kanarek.

I would like the record to reflect that

Mr. Kanarek has been cajoling, he has been harassing, he
has been pushing, he has been putting words into this
young lady's mouth ever since I have been here. In my
presence and in front of me he has all but threatened her
that she testify. He has given her advice contrary to the
advice that I have given her.

THE COURT: She is under no obligation to talk to him at all.

MR. WEITZHAN: I understand that, but she doesn't understand that.

THE COURT: I think she probably understands it perfectly. Hr. Weitzman.

I appreciate your very difficult position, and you seem to be doing everything possible to protect your client's interest, but let the record also show that

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from her demeanor or from her comment and smiles and laughs back and forth between the three female defendants down here in front. They are laughing and giggling during the proceedings. No one seems to be taking it seriously, except the lawyers. The defendants don't seem to be taking it seriously at all.

So, I don't agree.

If she listens to Mr. Kanarek, I am sure — as a matter of fact, she requested to talk to him this morning during the proceedings. You will recall that.

MR. WEITZMAN: Yes, I do.

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THE COURT: It is perfectly obvious that there is an undercurrent going on here with which I am not acquainted so far as what the purport is, but obviously there is an undercurrent going on between the defendants and this witness by signs, by smiles, by giggles back and forth, by knowing looks, the whole thing. It is almost a travesty.

MR. WEITZMAN: I don't think these defendants have any idea what is going on, but I do think, your Honor, and perhaps I don't have any standing to make this comment, but for the purpose of calling a witness in a penalty phase, I can see no rhyme or reason to call this young lady, with the sole exception of harming her, and no other possible purpose.

Mr. Kanarek has done nothing, nothing, by way of questioning except put her in jeopardy. It has been totally irrelevant and immaterial.

I realise I have no standing to make those objections in front of the jury, but out of the presence of the jury, before the Court, I do have standing, because I have an obligation to attempt to protect this young lady.

He refuses to make an offer of proof as to what her testimony is going to show or how it is going to be helpful to anyone of the defendants, and I think, candidly, it is not going to be helpful to anybody.

THE COURT: I can't agree with you. I think he has a right to call her under our strange penalty system,

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particularly in this case, where the defense is being put on in the penalty phase rather than during the guilt phase. All kinds of peculiar things happen.

But I want to hold this examination down to what is relevant, and I intend to do so.

MR. WEITZMAN: With the Court's permission, could I have the standing, then, to make that type of objection on behalf of my client?

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THE COURT: You don't have any standing to do that, Mr. Weitzman; we have got six counsel in this case.

MR. WEITZMAN: I realize that. I just feel that the Court owes a duty and obligation, in fairness and equity, to my client to attempt to put some reasonable boundaries on Mr. Kanarek.

I believe it got almost to the point of absurdity.

MR. MUSICH: You are going to wind up putting in the testimony of the Grand Jury and the trial of the Beausoleil case. You cannot limit partial portions of prior testimony, your Honor.

Defense counsel here are going into every bit of testimony, cross-examination and redirect.

THE COURT: The problem was created by Mr. Keith's examination of this witness.

MR. MUSICH: You are allowing prior recorded testimony to be read into this trial. I don't see how you can prevent the whole transcript from coming in.

MR. BUGLIOSI: If an attorney has a witness on the stand and the witness gives testimony which is injurious, then that attorney can offer --

THE COURT: I am familiar with those rules, Mr. Bugliosi.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Her testimony was not injurious to Charles Manson, therefore he cannot impeach her.

I will decide whether it is impeachment THE COURT: 1 or not. It could be inconsistent as well as injuring. 2 It doesn't have to be directly injuring; that is ridiculous. Let's get on, gentlemen, but I can tell you, Mr. Kanarek, you are about through with this witness. 5 MR. KANAREK: May I do this, what I am saying is 6 this, I believe that this witness, and I'm sure that your 7 Honor does not wish to have the arrangements of counsel 8 interfere --9 THE COURT: Get to your point, Mr. Kanarek. 10 MR. KANAREK: The point is, this witness misassumes 11 as to what is meant when your Honor says sustained. 12 She doesn't realize that she can answer. 13: THE COURT: Don't worry about whether she realizes 14 or not. She is represented by counsel who explained it to 15 her half a dozen times. 16 MR. KANAREK: Would your Honor ask her? 17 THE COURT: Mr. Kanarek, if you don't get started 18, again right now you will be through, do you understand? 19 MR. KANAREK: May I then read? 20 THE COURT: You may not. 21 I would like the record to reflect MR. WEITZMAN: 22 my understanding is Mr. Kanarek represents Mr. Hanson in . 23 the Hinman case in which my client is still a pending 24 defendant in that case.

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I wonder if the Court should not take that into CieloDrive.com ARCHIVES

consideration in attempting to confine whatever questions are asked. 2 THE COURT: Let's get on with it, gentlemen, you are 3 wasting time. 4 (The following proceedings were had in open 5 court in the presence and hearing of the jury:) Ġ BY MR. KANAREK: 7 Miss Brunner, when you answered Mr. Keith's 8 question this morning, do you remember the question about substituting yourself for Leglie Van Houten? 10 Yez. Ħ Do you remember that? 12 Yes. 13 Would you tell us what did you do, what did 14 you testify to at the Grand Jury wherein you substituted 15 yourself for Leslie Van Houten? 16 MR.BUGLIOSI: Calls for hearsay. 17 MR. WEITZMAN: I object on the previously stated 18 ground. 19 THE COURT: The form of the question is objectionable. 20 It will be sustained. 21BY MR. KANAREK: . 22. You testified at the Grand Jury, right? 23 Right. 24 You testified in the presence of a court 25 reporter and the members of the Grand Jury, right? 26

,	A Right.
1	Q All right. You have stated that you substitute
2	yourself for Leslie Van Houten?
3	A In the Hinman case.
4	Q Yes, in the Hinman case.
5	A Yeah.
0	Q My question is, would you tell us what you did
7	in the presence of those people what you said that Lewis
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9	that you did, where in fact it was Leslie Van Houten.
10.	MR, BUGLIOSI: That is too broad.
11	MR. WEITZMAN: I object to that question on the same
<b>12</b>	grounds.
13	THE COURT: Just a moment, who is objecting.
14	MR. WEITZMAN: I will make the first objection.
15.	I will object on the ground it violates her
16	Fifth Amendment rights.
17	MR. KEITH: I object on the grounds it assumes facts
18	not in evidence.
19	MR. BUGLIOSI: Also it is irrelevant, calls for
20	hearsay.
21	THE COURT: Sustained.
22	BY MR. KANAREK:
23	Q Miss Brunner, when you answered Mr. Keith
24	this morning, did you answer truthfully to that question?
25	A Yes.
26	MR. WEITZMAN: Your Honor, I object to that. This

<b>1</b>	lawyer just keeps on badgering the witness.
2	THE COURT: Let's proceed.
<b>3</b>	MR. KANAREK; Q You answered yes?
4	A I answered yea.
	MR. KANAREK: In view of the Court's rulings, your
6'	Honor, I have no further questions, thank you.
	THE COURT: Anything further?
13a flas	MR. BUGLIOSI: No, your Honor.
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That's right.

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Sadie do anything, she knew that Sadie had stabbed Hinman. I don't know what she said about that. She said Sadie stabbed him. I don't know whether she said she saw it or whether she was present when it happened or she was And she also told you that Mr. Hinman's ear But she did not tell you who cut it, isn't that And Sadie told you four or five different versions of what had happened, isn't that right? Maybe more than four or five? Sadie never said the same thing twice. Now, as a witness for the prosecution in the Beausoleil case, did you not testify in substance and effect that Beausoleil participated actively in the MR. BUGLIOSI; This is irrelevant. It's beyond the HR. KEITH: It is impeaching, your Honor.

BY MR. KEITH: At the trial of the Beausoleil

case didn't you testify, without going into the nature of 1 your testimony, didn't you testify in detail for a period 2 of at least a half day if not longer? MR. WEITZMAN: I am going to make the same objection. your Honor. It all tends to be self-incriminating. .5 THE COURT: It is irrelevant. Sustained. MH. KEITH: Irrelevant, your Honor! THE WITNESS: It is all irrelevant or hearsay. If you 8 border on the truth. THE COURT: Five minutes or five hours, let's get on 10 with it. 11 MR. KEITH: I had a purpose in mind, if the Court. 12 please, 13 THE COURT: Ask your next question. 14 MR. KEITH: I have no other question if the Court 15 sustains the objection. 16 THE COURT: It's up to you, sir. 17 (Mr. Keith sits down.) 18 MR. SHINN: I have a couple of questions. 19 20. DIRECT EXAMINATION 21 BY HR. SHINH: Miss Brunner, you testified that you did testify 23: at the Grand Jury, correct? 24 A Right. 25 Now, before testifying at the Grand Jury did 26

anyone make any threats? 1 Yes. I was going to be arrested. 2 MR. BUGLIOSI: Irrelevant. THE COURT: Sustained. MR. BUCLIOSI: Beyond the scope of redirect 5 examination. Motion to strike. 6 THE COURT: The answer is stricken. The jury is admonished to disregard it. 8 UR. SHINN: I have nothing further then. THE COURT: All right. Anything further? 1Ò MR. BUGLIOSI: No, your Honor. 11 THE COURT: You may step down. 12 Call your next witness. 13 MR. KAMAREK: Brenda McCann. 14 THE COURT: Swear the witness. 15. THE CLERK: Will you raise your right hand, please. 16 17 Would you please repeat after me. I do solemnly swear --18 THE WITNESS: I do solemnly swear --19 20. THE CLERK: -- that the testimony I may give --THE WITNESS: - that the testimony I may give --21 THE CLERK: -- in the cause now pending --22 THE WITNESS: -- in the cause now pending --23 THE CLERK: -- before this Court --24 THE WITNESS: -- before this Court --25. THE CLERK: -- shall be the truth --26

THE WITNESS: -- shall be the truth --THE CLERK: -- the whole truth --THE WITNESS: -- the whole truth --THE CLERK: -- and nothing but the truth --THE WITNESS: -- and nothing but the truth --THE CLERK: - so help me God. THE WITNESS: -- so help me God. THE CLERK: Will you be seated, please. .8. Will you state and spell your name. 9 THE WITNESS: Nancy Laura Pitman. 10. THE CLERK: Spell your name, please. 11 THE WITNESS: N-a-n-c-y, L-a-u-r-a, P-1-t-m-a-n. 12 13 NANCY LAURA PITMAN, 14 called as a witness by and on behalf of the defendants, 15 was examined and testified as follows: 16 17 DIRECT EXAMINATION 18 BY MR. KANAREK: 19 Miss Pitman, directing your attention to the time 20 when you first heard about the happenings at the Sharon 2Ì Tate house, do you remember when you first heard of that? Δi. Um-hum, yeah, .23 When? **24** The night the girls came back. 25 At the time they came back, they did not know 26

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who it was that had been killed.

In other words, I was just told, you know, what had been done, but as for knowing who it was , that wasn't until next day when we saw it on TV.

All right; now, who were the girls that came back?

A Katie, Linda and Sadie.

Now, at that time, directing your attention to that evening, do you know of your own knowledge where Mr. Manson was?

A. Yeah, I do. He was in Devil's Canyon with Gypsy and a new girl named Stephanie Schram.

Q Now, would you tell us how do you know that?

A Well, at the time I was sewing with leather a lot, and I was making him a pair of leather pants, and I used to have to take the pants out to Devil's Canyon, around that time, and have him try them on for fitting.

And that is how I knew he was there, because at the time of the Tate thing, the girls came in to see me.

Katie came in to see me before they left to get some leather thongs from my leather sewing, and it was easy to recall back exactly the whole situation at the ranch, by that.

All right, now, the next night, directing your attention to the people that died at the La Bianca home, when did you first hear about that?

4 of weeks later?  A How do I associate —  G Yes, how do you put those two togeth  MeCann?  L Just by knowing, from being told what  Q Who told you?  Different girls.  Different girls.	ĺ				,		
at the La Bianca home with what you say you head of weeks later?  A. How do I associate —  G. Yes, how do you put those two togeth McCann?  A. Just by knowing, from being told what Q. Who told you?  A. Different girls.  111  122  133  144  155  166  177  188  189	1	<b>A.</b>	A couple of	weeks :	maybe a wee	k or two	later.
4 of weeks later?  A How do I associate —  Q Yes, how do you put those two togeth  McCann?  A Just by knowing, from being told wha  Q Who told you?  Different girls.  111  121  131  141  151  161  171  181  181  191	2.	• • • •	Now, how do	you assoc	iate the pe	ople who	died
How do I associate —  Q Yes, how do you put those two togeth  McCann?  L Just by knowing, from being told what  Q Who told you?  Different girls.  Different girls.	3	at the La I	Blanca home w	ith what	you say you	heard a	couplé
We Cann?  Just by knowing, from being told what to told you?  Different girls.  Different girls.		of weeks la	ater?				• ,
We Cann?  Just by knowing, from being told what to told you?  Different girls.  Different girls.	5	<b>A.</b>	How do I ass	ociate			,
MeCann?  A Just by knowing, from being told what told you?  Different girls.  Different girls.  MeCann?  A Different girls.	1			4		osthon i	il ac
3 Q Who told you?	·	Hadleson A	LES, HOR WO	Anti-ban a	HOSE DHO NO	Rechiffer,	
Who told you?  A Different girls.  11  12  13  14  15  16  17  18	:.	Mevanna			•		
10 A. Different girls.  11	٠.	<b>A</b>	Just by know	ing, from	being told	what hap	ppened.
11: 12: 13: 14. 15: 16: 17: 18: 19: 19: 19: 19: 19: 19: 19: 19: 19: 19		Q	Who told you	?			
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13b

1	1.	Q Well, tell us the girls that told you?
٠	2	A Katie and Sadie and Leslie and Linda.
	3	Q I see. What did Linda tell you?
,	4	MR. BUGLICSI: No foundation.
•	5	THE COURT: Sustained.
	6	BY MR. KANAREK:
	7	Q Who was present when you spoke to Linda?
• •••••	8	A Me. I can't remember back exactly who was
•	9	present when I talked to Linda. I talked to her many
	10.	times.
	11	Q All right, but this was at the Spahn Ranch?
,	12	A Yes.
	13	Q All right, would you tell us what did she say?
,	14	MR. BUGLIOSI: Still no foundation.
•• ,	-15	THE COURT: Sustained.
	16	BY MR. KANAREK:
	17	Q Was this at or about the time you have spoken
	18 .	of?
, -	<b>1</b> 9	A Yeah, it was after the murder and she told me
	20	what had happened.
,	21	Q All right, what did she tell you happened?
	22	A That she went they went up to a house where
	23	she hadknown some people before and these were people who
,	24	had burnt her for some money or something, on some dope
•	25	deal, and she told me they went up there and they killed
	26	the people.

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You know, they went there through a whole thing of cutting wires and sneaking up on this place and killed a guy in a car who was leaving.

And then they went into the house and killed the people in the house.

They did not know who was living at the house at the time. They just knew -- she had been to this house before, she knew, you know, different things that were going on in this house.

Q When you say that she was burnt for some dope deal, can you tell us what was the dope deal she was burnt about?

A No, she did not talk about it really. She just had been to the house before. She had some kind of grudge against somebody.

It was from the time before.

Q Now, then, directing your attention to, let us say, the day before the first night when you tell us you saw TV the next day, right?

A Um-hum,

Q Until a couple, say two or three days later.

Would you tell us during that period of time
was Stephania Schram at the Spahn Ranch?

A No, she spent most of the time in Devil's Canyon.

Q Was she at Devil's Canyon in these several days

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<b>1</b>		that we are sp	
<b>'2</b> '	,	A Ye	<b>85.</b>
3.	,	Q Ar	d did you see Mr. Manson with her?
4		A Ye	es.
5		Q 10t	ring these several days?
· <b>6</b> ·		A I	went out to Devil's Canyon two or three days
7		after this hap	pened and Gypsy was out there and Stephanie,
. 8		I think Cathy	Cathy.
9		I	came out there and then different people came
, <b>1</b> 0 ·		and the day af	ter I came Sadie came to Devil's Canyon and
11		Katie came to	Devil's Canyon.
12		Q No	w, directing your attention to the La Bianca
13		people, the pe	ople that died, Mr. and Mrs. La Bianca,
14	<u> </u>	was that name	ever used by Linds, the name La Biancas?
15		AI	don't remember.
16		Q Di	d she ever use that name to your knowledge?
17		A No	).
18.		Q Di	d she tell you anything concerning whether or
19		not Mr. Watson	was present at any of these events?
20		A No	, she mostly talked about herself and the
21		girls.	
22:		Q We	ell, did she tell you that there were two
23		separate night	s, two separate series of events?
24	}	. A I	knew.
25		<b>I</b> r	other words, I did not need to be told;
<b>26</b>		I was awake ti	e first night when the girls left, and I

<b>1</b>	was awake all night.
2,	I was awake when they came back.
3	Q All right, what about the second night, were
4	you awake?
<b>5</b> .	A I was awake when Linda, Leslie and Katie left,
6	and then I went to sleep that night.
7	Q And concerning the events of the second night,
8	you say you heard about these things a couple of weeks later.
9	How did you associate those events being the
lo .	second night?
Ц.	A It was all for the same thing, in other words,
12	to get a brother out of jail, to repeat a murder they had
13	done before several times, to take the attention, or to
14	make another murder like they had before, to show that they
15	had an innocent men, that the people who had done the first
16	one were still out.
17	Q And did you discuss these matters about doing
18	these other murders to get a brother out?
19	Did you discuss these matters with Linda Kasabian?
20	A We discussed different ways of things you could
21	do to get a brother out of jail.
22	Q But did you discuss them with or did she talk
23	about these things in your presence?
24	A Yes.
25	Q What did she say? What words did she utter?

Well, she liked to -- she liked creepy-crawling

1	quite a bit, a	ad got quite a bit of attention, you know,
2	for that sort	of thing, bringing things and getting money
. 3	and stuff.	
4.	An	d they were talking together and
5	Yo	u see, they had given the guy a car which they
6	had gotten fro	m someone they murdered, and this guy went
7.	up to see a fr	iend in his car, not knowing where the car
8	came from, and	the guy got arrested for murder.
9	So	they all decided that they would do something
10	to show that h	e was innocent, because he is.
'n	Q We	11, but did you hear Linda Kasabian discuss
12	these matters?	
13	AI	already answered that question.
14	Q Is	the answer yes or no?
15	A Ye	<b>8.</b>
16	Q An	d who was present when she discussed these
17.	matters?	
18	,	already answered that question too.
19		u mean the girls?
<b>20</b> .	A Ye	
21	}.	how many different occasions did these
22	conversations	
23		was talked about at the ranch; it was talked
24:		esert. It was mostly us girls who talked abou
25.		rth, all these things, because it was mostly
26	us girls who w	ere together all the time.

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MR. KANAREK: Thank you.
You may examine.

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MR. FITZGERALD: I have no questions.

ER. KETTH: No questions.

MR. SHINN: No questions.

MR. BUGLIOSI: I have some.

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

## BY MR. BUGLIOSI:

The first night, that is, the night of the Tate murders, that is, the night of August the 8th and the early morning hours of August the 9th, where were you?

A When were these times again?

I am referring to the night of the Tate murders, the evening of August the 8th and the early morning hours of August the 9th, 1969.

A In the trailer, in the trailer next to George's house.

and were you by yourself?

A. No. When I went to sleep, Kathy was in the trailer, too.

So you went to sleep with Kathy; is that correct?

A I don't know if she was asleep or not. She was in the trailer with me. I was asleep.

Q Was anyone else in the trailer in addition to Kathy and yourself?

A. No, I don't remember anybody being in there, although they might have been in the front room.

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Ţ	٩	Was Charlie in the trailer with you?
2	. A.	No. He was in Devil's Canyon.
3	Q.	You are sure about that?
. 4	A,	Yes, I am positive.
. 5	. A	Absolutely positive?
6	Δ.	Yes.
7.	Q.	No doubt in your mind?
8	<b>A</b> .	No doubt.
9	Q.	What about the second night? Where were you?
, į0	That is, t	he evening of August the 9th and the early
11	morning ho	urs of August the 10th, 1969.
12	A,	I was on the boardwalk until late in the night,
13	and then I	went to sleep in the trailer, and when I woke
14	upin the m	orning, I went over to Devil's Canyon.
15	<b>Q</b>	So, again, you slept in the trailer; is that
16	correct?	
17	A.	Yes.
.18	Q.	And who was in the trailer with you?
19	<b>A.</b>	I don't remember.
20	Ø.	Was Charlie in the trailer with you?
21	<b>A.</b>	No.
22	Q.	Where was Charlie?
<b>2</b> 3	Α.	In Devil's Canyon.
. <b>24</b> .	à	Are you positive about that?
25	Å.	Yes.
<b>.</b> 26	. 4	You are sure about that?

1	A. Yes.
. 2	Do you also go by the name of Rachel Morse?
3	A Sure.
4	And you testified at the Grand Jury in this
5	case on December the 8th, 1969; is that correct?
6	A Yes. Under the name Nancy Pitman.
7	Q I believe you were called to the stand as Rachel
.8.	Morse. But in any event, it was you; is that correct?
9.	A I was called to the stand as Nancy Pitman.
- 10	Q Okay.
11	A At the Grand Jury.
12	Q Directing your attention to Page 350 of the
13	Grand Jury transcript.
14	Would you read Lines 18 through 26 to yourself.
15	And on Page 351, Lines 1 through 4 or 1 through 3.
16	Would you read those lines to yourself.
17	Do you want to hold the transcript and read those
18	lines to yourself?
19	(Pause while the witness reads.)
20.º	THE WITNESS: Yes.
21	MR. BUGLIOSI: Q Have you read those lines to your-
22.	self?
23	A Sure.
24	At the Grand Town Ald was when there are
25.	ta thasa anastianss
26	"Q Could you tell me where you were

. 1	"living on August the 8th, 1969?
.2	No. I don't remember.
3	"Q Would you say it is a pretty
4	good bet that you did not sleep with Charlie
5	Eanson that might?
. <b>6</b> ;	VA I couldn't say that either.
7	"Q What about August the 9th,
8	1969? Could you tell us whether you stayed
9	with Charlie Manson that night?
_ 10	"A I couldn't tell you.
11	"I could tell you if I remembered, but
12.	I don't remember.
13.	"Q You don't remember one way or
14	the other?
15	No."
16	Did you give those answers to those questions?
. 17	A I didn't go by the name Rachel Morse in the
18	Grand Jury.
19	Q Did you give those answers to those questions?
20.	A I don't remember.
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18-1	Ī	Q So you do not remember whether you gave those
	.2	answers to those questions?
	3.	A I don't remember.
•	4	At the time of the Grand Jury hearing, I was
,	. <b>5</b> .	at the time I had another case that I was on, and at
•	6	the time
	7	THE COURT: Just a moment. There is no question
•	8	pending.
	. 9.	MB: BUGLIOSI: Q The only question is, Miss
,	. 10.	Pitman or Morse whatever you want to be called
	11	the only thing is you do not remember giving those answers
	12	t chose questions; is that correct?
	• 13	A No.
	14	MR. BUGLIOSI: Okay, Thank you.
	15	No further questions.
	16	MR. KAMAREK: Then I move they be stricken on the
	17	
٠.	18	
	19	She does not remember. He is reading from a
, ·	20	piece of paper, and they must be stricken and the jury
	21	
, ,, •	22	
	23	LR. BUGLIOSI; We intend to prove that she did make
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THE COURT: You may step down,

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MR. FITZGERALD: If the Court please, your Monor and counsel. I have a six-page handwritten letter in an envelope dated January 27, 1971, addressed to Paul Fitzgerald, signed D. Bennett, and a photocopy of a Christmas card, and the imprinted name of Fatricia Krenwinkel.

May that be marked as Defendant's next in

THE COURT: P-AD for identification.

MR. FITZGERALD: I would offer to stipulate between counsel that this may be received into evidence as an exhibit on behalf of Patricia Krenwinkel.

THE COURT: Any objection?

MR. BUGLIOSI: So stipulated.

THE COURT: It will be received. P-AD.

NR. FITZGEHALD: Subject to the admission into evidence of the exhibits heretofore marked but not received. I would rest on behalf of Patricia Krenwinkel.

Before you rest, I would like to see THE COURT: counsel in chambers.

we will take our recess at this time.

Ladies and gentlemen, do not converse with anyone or form or express any opinion regarding penalty until that issue is finally submitted to you.

The Court will recess at this time for 15

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minutes. I will see counsel in chambers.

(The following proceedings occur in chambers.

All counsel present. Defendants not present.)

THE COURT: All counsel are present.

Well, I take it from what Mr. Fitzgerald started to say that you are about to rest.

Am I correct?

MR. FITZGERALD: You are correct, as far as I am concerned.

MR. KEITH: I have no more witnesses. I have so advised the Court.

THE COURT: Mr. Shinn?

MR. SHINN: I have no more witnesses.

THE COURT: Mr. Kanarek?

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I also have none.

But your Honor, Mr. Caballero promised and Mr. Caballero hasn't been in town. He has avoided our phone calls. He represented that he would have for us, and all counsel will agree, and I think maybe the District Attorney's Office will agree — that we would be able to listen to those tapes that were subpoensed to this courtroom of Susan ATkins.

THE COURT: I know nothing about it, Mr. Kanarek, I assure you.

MR. KANAREK: Well, your Honor, he represented that --

J, 2 3 5 . . . . . . . . . . . . 10 11 12. 13 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23. 24 25 26 The reason that I asked to have you come into chambers is because I wanted to mention again what I mentioned the other day before we commenced about the state of the record with respect to this agreement between Susan Atkins and her counsel, Mr. Caballero, and the District Attorney.

Again, I ask you, because my recollection is not that clear for some of these details, is there in the record evidence of the date that Mr. Shinn was substituted?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Yes. Mr. Musich got that this morning.

THE COURT: I beg your pardon?

MR. BUGLICSI: Mr. Musich got that this morning. It is in the record.

It is not in the transcript, but it is in the court file. March the llth.

THE COURT: I know that. I am talking about the record of this case.

MR. FITZGERALD: It is not in the record, your Honor.

MR. BUGLIOSI: No, it is not in the record.

MR. FITZGERALD: All counsel are prepared to stipulate.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Right. That it is Merch 11, 1970.

THE COURT: Then will someone offer that stipulation?

MR. FITZGERALD: Yes.

MR. BUGLIOSI: I am prepared to offer several stipulations, your Honor.

27,095 Is there any evidence in the record THE COURT: that Mr. Shinn was familiar with the terms of the agreement with the District Attorney's Office? MR. BUGLIOSI: I don't believe there is.

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MR. SHINN: No. I believe all Mr. Caballero testified was that they would not seek the death penalty for her testimony.

That is all that is in the record.

He did not mention the memorandum, your Honor,
nor did Mr. Bugliosi or Mr. Stovitz mention a memorandum
to me.

THE COURT: All I want to know is that the record should reflect whatever you did know at the time. Whatever it was.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Shinn told me this morning that he is agreeable to stipulating with us that Mr. Caballero did tell him that there was an agreement between the DA's office and Susan Atkins in which if she testified truthfully at the Grand Jury we would only seek life.

Is that correct? You will stipulate to that?
MR.SHINN: Yes.

I believe that I said Mr. Caballero told me that the DA would not seek the death penalty if she testified at the Grand Jury. That is all.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Because she testified.

MR. SHINN: Yes, he said she testified at the Grand Jury, so they will not seek the death penalty.

MR. BUGLIOSI: He told you about an agreement.

MR. SHINN: Nothing about the truth.

All he said was that they would not seek the

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death penalty because she testified.

THE COURT: Are you able to enter into a stipulation to that effect?

MR. SHINN: Yes.

MR. KANAREK: I cannot agree to a stipulation.

MR. FITZGERALD: We don't need to stipulate to that.

Just Mr. Shinn and Mr. Bugliosi need to stipulate to that.

THE COURT: Next is the declaration of Susan Atkins.

. I think it is dated May --

MR. BUCLIOSI: May 11th, 1970.

THE COURT: May 11th, 1970.

Has that been marked for identification?

MR, BUGLIOSI: No. But we intend to mark it.

Mr. Shinn has indicated that he will stipulate that he prepared that document.

MR. KAY: So stipulated, Mr. Shinn?

MR. SHINN: Yes.

THE COURT: And that also should be in evidence.

And that takes care of the problems that I had in mind.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, the District Attorney's office has told us right in your Honor's chambers here that we were to get a memorandum that Mr. Younger dictated about this, and that, somehow or other, I can't get my hands on.

THE COURT: Dictated about what?

MR. KANAREK: Concerning the death penalty, his

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decision about the death penalty. THE COURT: Do you have that? MR. BUGLIOSI: Yes, I have that. THE COURT: Well, now is the time. MR. BUGLIOSI: I have that in my briefcase. MR. KEITH: That's right. Mr. Bugliosi leaves the court's chambers.) MR. KAY: When do you want the instructions? THE COURT: The other day I said this morning. I haven't seen any yet. MR. KAY: Because ours is all ready. THE COURT: You may hand them to the Clerk. MR. KAY: I take it defense counsel are not going to submit instructions? THE COURT: I have no idea. MR. FITZGERALD: I wouldn't want to take that. MR.SHINN: I have a couple. THE COURT: I told counsel the other day to submit their instructions Tuesday morning. I have not seen any yet, (Mr. Bugliosi re-enters court's chambers.)

THE COURT: Do you have copies of this, Mr. Bugliosi?

MR. BUGLIOSI: That is all I have.

THE COURT: Is this what you are going to give to the defense?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Yes. I will make a photostatic copy of

4b-4 it tonight. 1 They can look at it right now. 2 THE COURT: Is there any objection to my looking at · 3 it? MR. BUGLIOSI: No. That is why I gave it to the 5 Court. 14c fls.7 (Pause while the Court reads.) 10 И 12 13. 14 15 16 17 18 19. 20 21 22 23 24 26

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MR. KAY: I will go down and get our instructions right now, your Honor.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Aren't these the instructions, Steve?
THE COURT: Let's not have all this on the record.

Now, this seems to be a description of the

MR. BUGLIOSI: That is all it is.

It is a request to seek the death penalty against all the defendants. That is all it is.

It is the only memorandum there is on it.

Now, I did have a verbal -- Mr. Stovitz and

I had a verbal conversation with Mr. Younger in which has
authorized the death penalty against Susan Atkins specifically.

There is nothing written.

MR. SHINN: Mr. Younger, I believe, testified that there may have been a memo.

MR. BUGLIOSI: No, there is none. That is the only thing we have.

THE COURT: All right.

The record will show that I have now handed to defense counsel the copy of the confidential memorandum addressed from Mr. Stovitz to Mr. Younger that Mr. Bugliosi just handed to me a few minutes ago.

That appears to be merely a rehash -- not a rehash, but probably the first summary of what the District Attorney believes the evidence would show.

MR. BUGLIOSI: That's right. THE COURT: A request that the Deputy be permitted 2 to seek the death penalty. 3 MR. BUGLIOSI: In regard to Susan Atkins, there is 4. no reference in there as to the agreement. 5 THE COURT: Are you intending to put on any б 7 rebutt#1? MR. BUGLIOSI: There are certain things. ġ One thing is the agreement that I will enter. ľO. into a stipulation with Mr. Shinn sbot. 11 I was going to call one witness. I am not going 12 to call that particular witness. 13 I need a stipulation on Hinman, the cause of 14 death and the approximate date of death. 15 Is that okay, Daye? 16 MR. SHINN: Yes. I stipulated to that already. 17 MR. KANAREK: I can't enter into such a stipulation. 18 THE COURT: Why? Don't you think he is dead? 19 MR. KANAREK: I think he is dead, your Honor, but I 20 have --.21 THE COURT: It is just in your nature not to attempt 22 to shorten the proceedings at all but to lengthen them out as long as you possibly can. 24 MR. KANAREK: No, that is not so. 25 THE COURT: Then give me your reason. 26 MR. KANAREK: I will be glad to give the Court the

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reason en camera.

I believe it is very important legally.

THE COURT: Don't waste my time.

MR. KANAREK: I don't want the District Attorney to know.

THE COURT: Don't waste the Court's time, Mr. Kanarek, MR. MUSICH: You are utterly unbelievable, Mr. Kanarek, and totally.

MR. KANAREK: The law does provide for en camera. For instance in the case of informers, informing the Court en camera.

I have no reluctance to tell the Court.

THE COURT: I don't want to hear any more, Mr. Kanarek.

MR. KANAREK: Very well, your Honor.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Dependent upon the resolution of this memorandum, how it is going to be handled, I might take the stand. I don't know.

THE COURT: What do you mean, how it is going to be bandled?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Is this going to be introduced into evidence?

MR. FITZGERALD: No. I am going to object to its introduction into evidence.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Do you have the instructions, Steve?
MR. KAY: Yes.

I will give the Court the originals of the

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instructions.

THE COURT: Anything else?

MR. BUGLIOSI: No. I think that is it.

There are two or three witnesses, but I have decided not to call them because it will just prolong the trial.

MR. SHINN: Your Honor, I think the record should be clear that this was not the memo that we were talking about.

MR. BUGLIOSI: That is the only one in existence.

MR. SHINN: There is no memo specifically regarding Susan Atkins?

MR. BUGLIOSI: No.

THE COURT: Then will you finish this afternoon?
MR. BUGLIOSI: Yes.

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.25 26 THE COURT: All right, how long do you think it will take us to go over instructions, most of the day tomorrow?

MR. BUGLIOSI: I think so, yes, because I'm sure there are certain instructions here over which there will be a heated controversy.

One will be a discussion on the agreement.

THE COURT: Let's not get into them now.

MR. BUGLIOSI: I'm sure there will be considerable discussion on that.

THE COURT: Is it your understanding that the Court is required to give instructions on the elements of other events?

MR. BUCLIOSI: There is a case holding failure to do so does not constitute reversible error, but I certainly think it would be advisable for the Court to do that.

We do have offered instructions on that.

THE COURT: We will consider that tomorrow.

All right, then, are we ready to go back in and proceed?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Well, here is my offered stipulation on Hinman. See if it is agreeable before I offer it.

That his date of death was sometime, somewhere between July 25th and July 27th, 1969.

The cause of death, there were two stab wounds, one to the heart, one that penetrated the heart and the other one penetrated the sternum.

Then in addition thereto there are two scalp wounds which Katsuyama feels are either stab wounds or wounds caused by a blunt instrument. He does not know.

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And then there is one deep laceration caused by a sharp-edged blade commencing at the lower left cheek proceeding diagonally across the upper portion of the left cheek and ear.

Five wounds, two definite stab wounds, two stab wounds could be stab wounds, could be a blunt instrument, and then the deep laceration caused by a sharp blade, which in effect is a stab wound, too.

NR. FITZGERALD: Those are not the cause of death. What is the cause of death?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Multiple stab wounds, head, chest, perforation of heart, massive thoracic hemorrhage.

In the original autopsy he claims there are five stab wounds, but I have spoken to him since and also his testimony indicates that he is only certain of two stab wounds.

Unless you want to say there are five.

MR. FITZGERALD: Why don't we just stipulate to, you know, massive hemorrhage in the thorax.

I mean, don't look a gift horse in the mouth.
MR. BUGLIOSI: I can call Katsuyama.

THE COURT: Let's go off the record if we are just going to have colloquy.

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(Off the record discussion.)

MR. BUGLIOSI: I've got these two stipulations, one on the agreement and one on Katsuyama.

I think that is it.

I crossed off several other things.

THE COURT: All right, now, what about the exhibits?

Is there going to be any argument about the exhibits?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Oh. yes. definitely.

Most of these defense exhibits contain gross hearsay.

THE COURT; We can do that, then, after everyone rests.

ME. KANAREK: Yes, your Honor, except that -
MR. BUGLIOSI: Normally it is done before the parties
rest.

HR. KANAREK: I just want to make the record, then, in connection with Mr. Caballero, it was represented to us, they were subpossed in the courtroom and I asked for them, I believe, in open court.

THE COURT: You show me the place in the record you are talking about. I have been unable to find any such place, Mr. Kanarek.

NR. SHINN: I believe it was at the bench, your Monor.

THE COURT: I have no recollection of it excepting
I think something was said to the effect that you gentlemen
can work it out together.

MR. SHINN: I think Mr. Kanarek requested that it be left with the clerk, I believe, and your Honor said no, to make arrangements with Mr. Caballero.

THE COURT: We are going to proceed, gentlemen.

MR. KANAREK: Subject to that, your Honor.

THE COURT: Not subject to anything.

MR. KANAREK: If your Honor rules, as I say, your Honor is the one to rule.

THE COURT: What is there to rule on? There is nothing before me.

MR. KANAREK: Pardon -- I asked for a continuance so that I can listen to tapes that Mr. Caballero says he has which he testified to in court, and I ask that we be allowed the opportunity --

It has been represented to us if we tried to make arrangements with his office, which we tried, he is not in town.

He is strangely missing from his usual habitats, THE COURT: I know nothing about it, and there is no

grounds shown for any continuance.

The motion for continuance will be denied. Now, let's talk about the exhibits.

FR. KANAREA: Under People vs. Crovedi I would ask your Honor ---

I think that case certainly stands -THE COURT: Let's get the exhibits in, Hr. Darrow.

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Let's stay off the record now until we actually make a ruling.

(Off the record discussion.)

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THE COURT: P-4 has been objected to and the objection is sustained.

P-5 is a United States District Court document. any objection to that? It is a certified copy of a conviction in the United States District Court of the Southern District of California of Charles Milles Manson.

MR. FITZCERALD: That was identified by Samuel Barnett, the United States probation officer.

THE COURT: Any objection?

MR. KAWAREK: Yes, your Honor, I do object.

THE COURT: What is the ground?

MR. KANAREK: I object on the grounds of improper foundation, your Honor.

Also I object on the grounds that its prejudicial value far outweighs any probative value whatsoever.

THE COURT: The objection is overruled. It will be received.

MR. KAY: We have one other exhibit, we had a photo of Gary Hinman which we withdrew at the time.

We would ask that be introduced into evidence by reference to the Beausoleil trial.

Mr. Darrow will have to call for it,

MR. FITZGERALD: The photograph of him in life, we all agreed informally we would have no objection to that, and I will certainly honor that agreement.

THE COURT: That will be marked P-6 by reference and.

received. 1 MR. KAY; Thank you. · 2 THE CLERK: P-1, 2, 3, and 5 have been admitted so 3. far? THE COURT: 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6. 5. P-A ---MR. FITZGERALD: That is a birth certificate, three pages, identified by Joseph Krenwinkel as abirth certificate .8 of Patricia Krenwinkel. <u>.</u>9. THE COURT: Any objection to that? 10. It will be received. 11 P-B. - 12 MR. FITZGERALD: That is an oval photograph of 13 Patricia Krenwinkel when she was approximately four to 14. five months of age. 15 THE COURT: Any objection? It will be received. 16 P-C. 17 MR, FITZGERALD: That is the baptismal certificate 18 of Patricia Krenwinkel. 19 THE COURT: That will be received. 2Ò, P-D. 21 MR. FITZGERALD: Is a small photograph of the house 22 she lived in shortly after he was born. **23** THE COURT: Received. 24P-E<u> 2</u>5.

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MR. FITZOERALD: A small photograph of the house she

lived in as a small child. 1 THE COURT: Received. 2 P-F 3 MR. FITZGERALD: Elight photographs of Patricia Krenwinkel as a small child. THE COURT: Received. . P-G. IIR. FITZGERALD: Three 8 x 10 black-and-white photographs of an elementary school class including Patricia Krenwinkel. THE COURT: Received. 10 P-H. 11 MR. FITZGERALD: That is a document actually a diploma. 12 entitled National Plano Playing Auditions, a certificate 13 of merit for Patricia Krenwinkel. ٠Î4 THE COURT: Received. 15 F-I. 16 IR. FITZGERALD: Vacation Bible School certificate. 17 THE COURT: Received. 18 P.J. 19 MR. FITZCERALD: Four photographs of Patricia 20 Krenwinkel as a medium or intermediate child. 21 THE COURT: Received. 22P-K. 23. MR. FITZGERALD: A letter written by Patricia 24 Krenwinkel entitled "My thirteenth birthday." **2**5 THE COURT: Received. 26

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MR. FITZGERALD: P-L is a letter entitled "Saturday, April 23rd," a letter written by Patricia Krenwinkel to her mother.

THE COURT: Received.

P-M

P-L.

MR. FITZGERALD: A series of 20 report cards from elementary school, secondary school and college.

THE COURT: Received. P-N?

MR. FITZGERALD: A wallet-sized card entitled National Wildlife Federation in the name of Fatricia Krenwinkel.

THE COURT: Received. P-0?

MR. FITZGERALD: That is a year book or an annual entitled Paragon.

THE COURT: Received. P-P.

MR. FITZGERALD: That is a document entitled Commencement Exercises, Orville Wright Junior High School.

THE COURT: Received.

P-Q?

MR. FITZGERALD: That is a diploma from Orville Wright Junior High School.

THE COURT; Received.

P-R.

MR. FITZGERALD: A certificate of commendation from Westchester High School for Patricia Krenwinkel.

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THE COURT: Received. Ţ P-S. MR. FITZGERALD: That is a father's day card from ٠3. Patricia Krenwinkel to her father, Joseph Krenwinkel. 4. THE COURT: Received. P-T. 6 NR. FITZGERALD: That is an identity card from University High School bearing a photograph of Patricla Krenwinkel. THE COURT: Received, 10 P-V. 11 MR. FITZGERALD: That is a commencement program from 12 University High School. 13 THE COURT: Recelyed. 14 P-V 15 MR. FITZGERALD: That is a diploma from University 16 High School. 17 THE COURT: Received. 18 P-W. . 19 HR. FITZGERALD: P-W, your Honor, is addressed to .20 Joseph Krenwinkel from Patricia Krenwinkel, postmarked 21 September 25, 1967, postmarked Spokane, Washington. THE COURT: Received. 23 P-X. 24 MR. FITZGERALD: That relates to Leslie Van Houten. 25 It is a 1964 year book. 26

I will withdraw it. 3 THE COURT: P-X is withdrawn. That is the same for 1965. P-Y. MR. KEITH: Withdraw it. 6. THE COURT: P-Y is withdrawn. 7` P-Z 8: MR. FITZGERALD: A group of photographs of Leslie 9. Van Houten. MR, KEITH: Those will be offered in evidence. 11 THE COURT: Received. 12 P-AA. 13 MR. FITZGERALD: Also a group of three photographs of 14 Leslie Van Houten as a child. 15: MR. KEITH: Offered in evidence. 16 THE COURT: Received. 17 P-BB. MR. FITZUERALD: That is a one-page document entitled Attorney-in-Fact. It was identified by Susan Atkins and **20**° it relates to an agreement between Susan Atkins and 21: Richard Caballero. 22 THE COURT: Any objection? 23 MR. BUGLIOSI: I don't think it is relevant. 24 THE COURT: Well, it is relevant because it goes to 25 the circumstances surrounding the alleged agreement 26

MR. KEITH: I wasn't going to offer that into

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evidence.

between Atkins, Mr. Caballero and the District Attorney's Office with regard to penalty.

It is relevant.

MR. KAY: Does that have to do with the agreement?

THE COURT: Well, that is part of it. That goes
to the question of whether or not --

Well, it goes to the circumstances surrounding Mr. Caballero's relationship with Miss ATkins in connection with this alleged agreement, whether or not she understood what she was doing in line with her testimony and so on.

MR. BUGLIOSI: No objection.

THE COURT: All right.

P-BB is received.

P-CC.

MR. FITZGERALD: A pocketbook entitled "The Killing of Sharon Tate." I object to the introduction of that into evidence on the ground it contains hearsay.

MR. BUGLIOSI: We have no objection.

MR. FITZGERALD: Other counsel may want to be heard about it.

MR. KEITH: I will join in the objection.

MR. FITZGERALD: Maybe Mr. Shinn and Mr. Kanarek want it in evidence, but it contains a good deal of hearsay.

THE COURT: I don't see how it can be relevant.

The fact that the book exists is relevant but what it says is not relevant.

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MR SHINN: I believe it belongs to the issue of whether or not Miss Atkins was represented effectively by counsel, your Honor, the fact that he had other motives.

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THE COURT: I am saying there is testimony about the book. There is no question about that. That is in evidence.

But the book itself, the contents of the book, would appear to be irrelevant.

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MR. FITZGERALD: We don't want it back in the jury room.

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MR. KANAREK: I join with Mr. Fitzgerald on that.

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THE COURT: Do you want it back in the jury room,

Mr. Shinn?

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MR. SHINN: Maybe we can just tear off the contents

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and just have the cover, "By Lawrence Schiller and Susan Atkins."

THE COURT: What is the use of it? You can argue it.

MR. SHINN: I want it in evidence, your Honor.

Is your Honor going to rule?

MR. BUGLIOSI: The book?

THE COURT: The contents are not.

You don't want the contents?

MR. SHIM: No, not the contents, but just the cover showing Lawrence Schiller and Susan Atkins's name.

MR. KANAREK: I move that the cover go into evidence, your Honor.

MR. SHIMN: Not the contents, your Honor.

THE COURT: There was testimony that there was a book, what the title of it was, who wrote it, how it was

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prepared, from what.

What more do you need?

MR. KANAREK: For instance, in the autopsies there was plenty of testimony, yet the District Attorney got in all kinds of horrible pictures.

THE COURT: CC. The objection will be sustained. Who is objecting?

MR. FITZGERAID: I am objecting.

MR. KEITH: I object, too.

MR. KANAREK: I am objecting to the whole book, but I join Mr. Shinn in requesting that the cover go in, your Bonor.

I think that just the cover of the book is very partinent.

MR. MUSICH: Get a cover and mark it and put it into evidence.

THE COURT: The objection will be sustained.

MR. KANAREK: I ask that the cover be severed from the rest of the book.

THE COURT: P-DD.

That is the retainer agreement.

MR. FITZGERAID: Yes.

That is the retainer agreement in favor of Caballero from Susan Atkins.

THE COURT: That will be received.

P-EE is the order regarding publicity by reference.

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MR. BUGLIOSI: There is a lot of legalese in this.

THE COURT: What is the relevancy of it?

MR. FITZGERALD: I am not offering it.

THE COURT: Is anyone offering it?

MR. SHINN: Yes.

That is the gag order of December the --

MR. SHINN: Yes, I want to introduce that to show

Mr. Caballero had notice of it and that he did violate it.

THE COURT: What is the relevancy of that?

MR. SHINN: It shows that Mr. Caballero did not have the best interests of his client, Miss Atkins, in the criminal matter.

THE COURT: This is not a bar disciplinary proceedings, Mr. Shinn.

I couldn't agree with you more if that were the case. But that is another proceeding.

MR. SHINN: I understand that, but it goes to show whether or not she was effectively represented, your Honor. I think that goes to the issue.

MR. KAY: What issue?

MR. SHINN: Because in one hand he had the monetary aspect and in the other hand the criminal aspect, and I think the monetary aspect blinded him.

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MR. KAY: What issue does it go to here in the penalty phase?

MR. SHINN: It goes to the issue of effective counsel.

Wait a minute now.

THE COURT: I am listening.

MR. SHINN: The fact of whether a person has been effectively represented, or it goes to guilt or innocence, under People vs. Terry.

He brought in evidence that he was not representing her at the police lineup, and that was introduced in the penalty phase.

MR. KANAREK: Join with Mr. Shinn.

THE COURT: It will be received.

P-PF.

MR. FITZGERAID: A photocopy of the notes of Vincent Bugliosi's conversation with Susan Atkins on December the 4th.

I am not going to offer it, and if anybody else offers it, I will object on the grounds it is hearsay.

MR. KANAREK: What are those?

MR. FITZGERALD: Bugliosi's notes of Susan Atkins' conversation in Caballero's office prior to her testimony at the Grand Jury.

MR. SHINN: I think that should be introduced to indicate that Mr. Bugliosi had already the questions before him.

1	MR. BUGLIOSI: I have testified about this.
2	MR. SHINN: When you see it, it looks better.
3	They can't read your handwriting anyway.
4	MR. KAY: They would take six days trying to read thi
5	MR. BUGLICSI: I testified to this, and so did
6	Caballero, you know, that I listened to the tape.
7:	THE COURT: Is anyone offering it?
8	MR. SHINN; Yes, I offer it.
ġ	MR. FITZGERALD: I am objecting on hearsay grounds.
10	MR. KANAREK: I will join Mr. Fitzgerald in that.
11	MR. KEITH: I think I will join with Mr. Shinn.
12	It may be relevant on the issue of the existence
13	of the agreement, whether it was breached or not.
14	I haven it read the note.
15	THE COURT: It will be received.
16	P-GG. A photo of a VW bus.
17	MR. FITZGERALD: Yes. A placard containing four
18	photographs.
19	THE COURT: That is in evidence.
20	P-III.
21	MR. FITZGERALD: A placard.
22	THE COURT: P-II is in evidence. Photos of a white
23	car
24	MR. FITZGERALD: What is that?
25	THE COURT: Three photos of a white car.
- જેલ	P-II is some sort of document.

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MR. FITZCERALD: My records are bed. Did your Honor say photos of a car? MR. KANAREK: THE COURT: They are in evidence already. MR. KANAREK: Right. Any objection to P-JJ? THE COURT: It is irrelevant. MR. KAY: yes. The removal order. THE COURT: MR. KANAREK: For Linda Rasabian.

THE COURT: Removal from where?

MR. FITZGERALD: Sybil Brand.

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THE COURT: Does anyone want to be heard on that?

MR. KEITH: Which one are we discussing?

MR. FITZGERALD: The removal order from the jail of Linda Kasabian.

MR. KANAREK: Join.

MR. FITZGERALD: In what?

THE COURT: Join in what?

MR. KANAREK: In requesting it.

THE COURT: What is the relevancy?

She has already testified that she was taken out.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, there is much testimony, for instance, the pictures, the gory pictures, there was much testimony, but your Honor allowed the pictures in.

THE COURT: Mr. Kanarek, try to confine yourself to something that has something to do with what we are talking about.

MR. KANAREK: It is added. If there is something like a physical object on a piece of paper or something like that, that has much greater significance. That pinpoints it in the jurors' minds. They may forget the evidence. There has been a lot of words uttered in the courtroom.

THE COURT: This will be received.

P-KK has been received.

P-LL, request for removal of prisoner. There are four of those.

MR. FITZGERALD: Those are the Susan Atkins removal orders.

THE COURT: They will be received.

P-PP.

MR. FITZGERALD: The Los Angeles Times Atkins story.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Now, if my notes comes in as to what

Susan Atkins told me, there is no reason why what she

told other people should not come in in toto.

THE COURT: I agree.

MR. FITZGERAID: That is not necessarily so.

The document, P-PP, was entitled "Two Nights of Terror," published on the 14th of December, 1969, in the Los Angeles Examiner. It is not necessarily what Susan Atkins told anybody.

We haven t had any direct testimony.

THE COURT: Mr. Schiller said that that story was prepared from the December 1st tape and the December 10th interview.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Caballero said this is the same thing.

MR. KEITH: He might have editorialized, for all we know.

THE COURT: But if every one of you defense counsel are going to argue about other aspects of what miss Atkins told or didn't tell her attorney or Mr. Schiller, I see no reason why this shouldn't come in in view of the testimony that it was prepared from only those sources. It is all

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part of the picture.

MR. FITZGERALD: I am going to object on the ground that it is hearsay, it is inflammatory, it is extremely prejudicial.

I think what you are suggesting, your Honor, that it comes in as some prior consistent or prior inconsistent statement, and what Mr. Keith is pointing out, and I certainly agree with Mr. Reith, there is no direct relationship between the statements she allegedly gave to some third party and what appeared in the Times.

We haven't been able to determine whether or not she said the things that are actually in the Times.

We don't know what adjectives and adverbs were used by the people who prepared the story.

THE COURT: And why should Mr. Bugliosi's notes come in?

MR. FITZGERALD: I agree, and I objected to it.

MR. BUCLIOSI: I don't think, from a legal standpoint, that either my notes or this should come in.

There has been a lot of testimony on certain points.

THE COURT: I will agree. They will both go out.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Yes. I think they should both go
out.

MR. KAMAREK: Again, your Honor, I would like to urge to the Court that we are being denied a fair trial.

THE COURT: Mr. Manarek, that newspaper article in no conceivable way could help your client.

MR. KANAREK: I am not talking about the newspaper article.

THE COURT: And neither could Mr. Bugliosi's notes.

So, when you make a statement like that.

MR. RANAREK: I am talking about Mr. Caballero's tapes.

I'd like to be sworn.

THE COURT: I don't vant to hear about Mr. Caballero tapes.

What was the number of Mr. Bugliosi's notes?
MR. BUGLIOSI: P-FF.

THE COURT: All right. That is not in evidence.

-FF no

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MR. KANAREK: What are those? MR. FITZGERALD: Bugliosi's notes. THE COURT: Objection sustained. 4 Objection also sustained to P-PP. MR. BUGLIOSI: Then the notes should be removed. MR. KANAREK: No. I suggest they stay. 7 MR. FITZGERALD: They are marked as exhibits. They Š. stay with the Court. MR. KANAREK: I ask that they not be removed from the 10 Court 's custody. 11 THE COURT: All right. 12 MR. KANAREK: May they stay with the record? 13 He has plenty of other copies. 14 THE COURT: Sit down, Mr. Kanarek. 15 MR. BUGLIOSI: When they are not introduced, they go .16 back to the person who introduced them. 17 MR. SHINN: No. 18 MR. BUGLIOSI: They are not received into evidence. 19 THE COURT: P-QQ is Exhibit A attached to the motion 20: on behalf of Susan Atkins. 21 Is that right? 22: MR. MUSICH: It is the Twenty Pimlico agreement. 23 THE COURT: I think I have a wrong description in my 24 notes. 25 Any objection to that? :26.

P-FF is not received.

It will be received.

P-RR is a declaration of Catherine Share.

Is that correct?

MR. FITZGERALD: It is.

THE COURT: Any objection to that?

MR. KAY: Yes. The declaration of catherine Share.

MR. FITZGERALD: That was shown to Dr. Tweed by

Mr. Kanarek in order to lay a foundation to establish that a person under oath had declared Linda Kasabian had ingested LSD 300 times.

He used that as a foundation for Dr. Tweed to render an opinion about such a person.

MR. BUGLIOSI: The contents were not even introduced into evidence.

MR. KANAREK: It was marked for identification.

MR. FITZGERALD: It was marked as an exhibit.

MR. BUGLIOSI: There was an objection and the judge sustained the objection that this was all hearsay by Catherine Share.

The Judge did not even parmit Tweed to render an opinion based on that affidavit.

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MR. FITZGERALD: They have, nonetheless, been marked, and I am just describing the exhibit.

MR. BUGLIOSI: We certainly object to it as hearsay and, furthermore, there was no testimony based on it.

THE COURT: It will not be received.

MR. KANAREK: I ask that it go into evidence.

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P-SS is a sketch of a cortex.

MR. KEITH: Mr. Kanarek asked Dr. Ditman to make it.

MR. KANAREK: I ask that it go in.

THE COURT: You believe it has a good deal of probative value, Mr. Kanarek?

MR. KANAREK: I think it does, your Honor. I think it does.

THE COURT: The doodlings of a layman?

MR. KANAREK: No, that wasn't the doodlings of a layman. This was Dr. Ditman and Dr. Tweed.

THE COURT: It resembles the doodlings of a layman.

MR. FITZGERAID: The doctor said he was not a neurocardiographer, or whatever it is.

THE COURT: It will be received.

P-TT. The report of Dr. Claude Brown.

MR. BUGLIOSI: This contains a lot of good stuff for us, but I have to admit that there is a tremendous amount of hearsay that wasn't even testified to by the doctor.

MR. FITZGERALD: I would offer it in evidence and, if it is necessary, I will cite the Court chapter and verse, but Dr. Tweed, in response to cross-examination, indicated that he based his opinion concerning Patricia Krenwinkel's mental state on "every word" of the report of Dr. Brown.

THE COURT: I recall that.

MR. FITZGERALD: Of December the 24th, 1969.

Therefore, it seems to be extremely relevant to

determine the bases and foundation of his opinion that she was at one time psychotic.

THE COURT: It would be covered by -- it is covered by the hypothetical question instruction in CALJIC. If you want a special limiting instruction, you may have one.

MR. BUGLIOSI: The limiting instruction, it is difficult for the jury to limit it, and I think it is compounded by introducing it into evidence and having the jury read it.

with testimony and a limiting instruction, it can be done, but when it is right in front of them. I think it is impossible for the jury not to consider at for the truth of the matters asserted.

MR. KAY: But we have the problem that some of it can't be covered by a limiting instruction due to the fact that Patricia Krenwinkel also took the stand afterwards and denied the truth of some of it.

THE COURT: That is beside the point.

The point is that the whole report is covered by a limiting instruction.

MR. BUGLIÓSI: No.

MR. KAY: No.

MR. BUGLIOSI: She took the stand and she denied it.

THE COURT: It is simply considered by the doctor as something upon which he based his opinion.

MR. KAY: That is right.

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MR. KEITH: It was also considered by Dr. Hochman, too, in his examination of Patricia Krenwinkel.

I will offer it. I will join with Mr. Fitzgerald.

THE COURT: Do any of the defendants object to it?

It will be received. I hear nothing. It will be received.

P-UU. A diagram by Dr. Ditman.

MR. MUSICH: of the brain.

THE COURT: Does anybody want P-UU?

MR. FITZGERALD: My notes are incomplete.

THE COURT: The diagram by Dr. Ditman.

MR. KANAREK: Yes. I offer that.

THE COURT: It will be received.

P-VV. Some kind of a bank record regarding Susan Atkins.

MR. FITZGERALD: The Deverly Hills National Bank escrow account relating to the proceeds from the sale of the book, "The Killing of Sharon Tate" and the syndicated newspaper articles, the European articles.

THE COURT: Any objection?

It will be received.

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P-WW. Two instructions regarding Atkins and Beverly Hills National Bank.

MR. FITZGERALD: That relates to the previous exhibit,

THE COURT: Any objection?

It will be received.

P-XX is the transcript of December 1, 1969, tape of the Atkins interview by Caballero.

Is that right?

MR. BUGLIOST: Again, it would be good for us.

MR. FITZGERALD: It is hearsay.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, at the risk --

THE COURT: Do you want it in?

MR. KANAREK: I want the opportunity --

THE COURT: Get to the point, Mr. Kanarek.

Do you want this in or don't you?

MR. FITZGERALD: While he is thinking, let me object on the ground that it is hearsay.

It also violates Aranda-Burton in the respect that it is, in essence, hearsay that is accusatory. It is accusatory to my client as well as to some of the other defendants in this case, and it was a matter that we have not been allowed to cross-examine Susan Atkins with regard to.

MR. WEITH: Is this the tape in the jail with Jerry Cohen?

MR. SHIMM: No. This is the one in Mr. Caballero's 1 office. 2 THE COURT: I don't see how it can possibly help any 3 of the defendants. MR. KRITH: Mr. Caballero's office? :5 I will object on the grounds of Aranda-Bruton. 6 MR. FITZGERALD: It doesn't help anybody. 7 MR. KRITH: If it is the tape I believe it is, it does contain statements against Leslie Van Houten and .9 Patricia Krenwinkel. 1Ò MR. KANAREK: On balance, I guess I will have to ob-11 ject to it, your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Then it will not be received. 13 MR. KAY: Nobody is offering it. 14 THE COURT: The objections are sustained. 15 MR. KANAREK: But it stays with the file? 16 THE COURT: Yes. 17 P-YY. A business card of Mr. Caballero. 18 MR. FITZGERALD: The evidentiary import of that, 19 your Honor, if I may explain, is apparently that the 20. business card, if you look at it, says Richard Caballero. 21 but in the upper left-hand corner it says law offices of Paul Caruso. 23 This business card tends to impeach Mr. Caruso's .24 testimony in respect to the fact that he is only a landlord. 25 THE COURT: It will be received. 26

P-ZZ. The letter from Digby Diehl to Younger. Ť MR. FITZGERALD: In regard to the manuscript, 2 "The Killing of Sharon Tate." It was from Digby Diehl to Evelle Younger. THE COURT: You don't object? Ë MR. BUGLIOSE: No. 6. THE COURT: It will be received. P-AB, a letter from Younger to Diehl. -8 MR. FITZGERALD: The same. THE COURT: It will be received. 10 P-AC. Letter from Younger to Judge Older. 11 That will be received. 12 MR. FITZGERALD: Now, the letter from Younger to 13 older I don't necessarily want to offer. 14 MR. KAY: If you are offering one, you have got to 15. offer the other. 16 MR. FITZGERALD: Here is what I wanted to appraise you 17 I wanted to appraise you of this. 18: If it is received in evidence I want to argue 19: that contempt proceedings were initiated against Evelle 20. Younger by the Court as contained in the letter. 21 THE COURT: That is not true. 22 MR. FITZGERALD: But the letter says that. 23 THE COURT: I don't care what it says. It is not 24 true. 25 MR. FITZGERALD: The letter is to you in regard to 26

contempt proceedings initiated by Ira Reiner.

If you let it go into evidence, I am going to argue the letter.

THE COURT: Let's get the record straight.

All that occurred was that Mr. Reiner filed a declaration, as he has a right to do, under civil contempt proceedings, under the Code of Civil Procedure. Now, if nothing else is ever done, nothing else ever happens, that is just step number one.

Mr. Younger responded to that declaration. I have forgotten whether he responded in any other way, but one of the ways he responded was to send me directly a letter.

MR. FITZGERALD: Correct.

THE COURT: Which I showed to counsel.

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THE COURT: Nothing further was done by the Court, so there was no contempt proceedings initiated except to the extent that the initial declaration by Mr. Reiner was filed.

MR. FITZGERALD: I agree, but I am going to argue that letter, if it is allowed in evidence, and I will argue simply what the letter says.

I will say to the jury: This is what Mr. Younger said. We already have the gag order in evidence.

THE COURT: Is anyone objecting to the letter?

MR. BUGLIOSI: If Mr. Fitzgerald is going to be permitted to argue that I would object to it.

I think if the Court would not let him argue that, then I have no objection to it coming in.

But if it is going to be a basis for an argument, I certainly object to it.

THE COURT: I really don't think that letter has any relevance. What occurred is covered in the other two letters.

MR. BUGLIOSI: That is true. I object to that.

THE COURT: He is simply describing to me what occurred in a letter to me.

MR. FITZGERALD: Well, I am putting you on notice, I have no objection to your withdrawing it.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Okay, it is withdrawn.

MR. FITZGERALD: As a matter of fact I think it

ought to be withdrawn.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Okay, we withdraw it.

THE COURT: Well, you did not offer it.

MR. FITZGERALD: I did. I'm sorry. I am not offering it.

MR. BUGLIOST: Okay.

THE COURT: Okay. It is withdrawn by Mr. Fitzgerald? That is P-AC.

MR. KAY: What happened to P-AD?

THE COURT: That was received.

MR. KAY: That was the letter to Diehl from Younger.

THE COURT: P-AD, that is the letter -- I don't have a description of that.

MR. FITZGERALD: I don't have one. My notes either -P-D. That is a six-page letter from D.Bennett to myself
with regard to Patricia Krenwinkel, and that was received.

Stipulated it could be received.

THE COURT: All right, that takes care of all the exhibits, gentlemen.

MR. KAY: We ask that the declaration filed by Susan Atkins in this court saying that she lied in the Grand Jury --

MR. FITZGERALD: Excuse me, excuse me, we are missing an exhibit. Where is the memorandum that we had so much testimony in regard to that embodies the agreement for the life of Susan Atkins?

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MR. KEITH: That is KK.

MR. FITZGERALD: That is correct, that has been admitted.

THE COURT: P-7 will be the Susan Atkins declaration of May 11, 1970. Is that agreed?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Right. Now, there is a little problem here.

THE COURT: One thing at a time.

MR. BUGLIOSI: I am talking about this very thing.

THE COURT: P-7 for identification.

MR. BUGLIOSI: The one I have does not have the signature on it. She did sign it but the one I have here does not have her signature on it.

MR. BUGLIOSI: We will have to photostat this one here.

THE COURT: We can do it by reference.

MR. BUGLIOSI: All right.

MR. FITZGERALD: They brought up an interesting point though, you have problems when you receive these things by reference because I don't want the whole Superior Court file to go to the jury room.

It should not go out of the file.

Let's stipulate the Clerk can make a photocopy and let the photocopy go to the jury room.

MR. BUGLIOSI: I think that would be better because the exhibits go up to Sacramento, wherever it is, and the 1

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court file frequently stays down here.

THE COURT: Is that agreed, that the Clerk may reproduce a copy of the declaration of Susan Atkins, May 11th, 1970?

MR. KANAREK: I am not entering --

THE COURT: Wait until I finish a sentence, Mr. Kanarek.

MR. KANAREK: I'm sorry.

THE COURT: And that copy will go into the jury room. Is that agreed?

MR. FITZGERALD: So agreed.

MR. SHINN: So agreed.

MR. KEITH: I will agree.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I object to it.

I gather it is a stipulation in regards to that.

THE COURT: Is it stipulated that P-7 may be

MR. BUGLIOSI: So stipulated by the People.

Mr. Shinn?

MR. SHINN: Yes, your Honor.

MR. KANAREK: I do not enter into that stipulation, your Honor.

THE COURT: It is received.

Now, if you want some sort of limiting instruction, Mr. Kanarek, prepare it with respect to that exhibit.

MR. KANAREK: I don't think a limiting instruction is

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going to do the trick, your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, the declaration is Susan Atkin's declaration. I don't know why you are objecting.

MR. KANAREK: What I'm saying is this, I did everything conceivably possible to get those tapes of Mr. Caballero's, which is the same period of time --

THE COURT: Mr. Kanarek, you know, there are times when I think you need help:

Let's stay on one subject.

MR. KANAREK: I am, but the two are integrated, your Honor.

This is at or about the time that Mr. Caballero says he took extensive tapes of Susan Atkins.

He comes to this courtroom under a subpoena duces tecum.

THE COURT: I am not going to discuss that subject any further.

P-7 is received.

Anything further, gentlemen, before we go back into court and take the oral stipulation?

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MR. BUGLIOSI: There will be two stipulations, on the agreement and on Katsuyama.

THE COURT: Then I will excuse the jury until Thursday.

Tomorrow we will spend all day going over the instructions or as much of the day as necessary.

MR. FITZGERALD: I would like to inform the Court of one think --

THE COURT: Starting at 9:30.

MR. FITZGERALD: I just wanted to inform the Court we had agreed among counsel that the order of argument for penalty for the defense is going to be Mr. Kanarek, Mr. Shinn, Mr. Keith and myself.

You indicated to us before that it was agreeable if we could agree among ourselves.

THE COURT: Say that once more.

MR. FITZGERALD: Mr. Kanarek will be first, Mr. Shinn second, Mr. Keith third and myself fourth.

THE COURT: That is something you gentlemen arrange.

I assume you have agreed on that.

MR. KANAREK: I will object to any such stipulations in open court, that Mr. Bugliosi has spoken to.

I am not entering into them, your Honor, it is a violation of due process and equal protection for a stipulation like this unless all counsel agree to it.

MR. FITZGERALD: No, I don't think that is true. I

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think the stipulation that Mr. Bugliosi wants to enter into can be entered into only with Mr. Shinn.

THE COURT: Certainly it will be limited to Mr. Shinn's client.

MR. KANAREK: I think it is an impossible task you are asking the jury to do.

THE COURT: There shall be a limiting instruction on that.

MR. KANAREK: In view of all of the evidence that has gone before the Court, and the jury by Susan Atkins to try and make some kind of limiting instruction to this one little declaration where she says "I lied."

THE COURT: She is obviously speaking for hermelf, Mr. Kanarek, she is not speaking for anyone else.

MR. KANAREK: I know, your Honor, but your Honor, by pressing forward and not allowing me a continuance so I can get these tapes Mr. Caballero has --

THE COURT: She brought the subject up. She testified under oath in the penalty phase that she lied before the Grand Jury.

MR. KANAREK: I understand that, but there is a lot of other evidence, and this one declaration becomes meaningless and it is unduly focused upon by allowing it to go into the jury room.

THE COURT: Are we ready to go back, gentlemen? Very well.

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MR. FITZGERALD: The first order of business will be the stipulations and then we will rest, is that it?

MR. BUGLIOSI: First you will rest.

MR. FITZGERALD: Okay.

MR. KAY: And then we will go into the stipulations, because that is our rebuttal.

MR. FITZGERALD: That is an agreeable procedure.

MR. BUGLIOSI: It's already been agreed upon that all the exhibits introduced during the guilt trial have also been received during the penalty phase.

MR. FITZGERALD: That is correct.

MR. KANAREK: I deem this so important I would ask to be sworn as to my efforts to get the tapes from Mr. Caballero that were subpoensed in this courtroom.

May I be sworn to that?

(The following proceedings were had in open court in the presence and hearing of the jury, all defendants with the exception of Mr. Manson being present.)

THE COURT: All parties are present except Mr. Manson. All counsel and all jurors are present.

MR. FITZGERALD: The Defendant Patricia Krenwinkel rests, your Honor.

MR. SHINN: The Defendant Susan Atkins rests, your Honor.

MR. KEITH: The defendant Leslie Van Houten rests.

MR. KANAREK: The Defendant Manson rests subject to

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the points we made in chambers, your Honor.

THE COURT: Any rebuttal, Mr. Bugliosi?

MR. BUGLIOSI: I am just going to offer a few stipulations, your Honor.

There will not be any rebuttal in terms of witnesses.

May it be stipulated that People's P-7, entitled A Declaration of Susan Atkins was prepared by her attorney, Daye Shinn, on May 11, 1970, and signed by Susan Atkins.

May that be stipulated?

MR. SHINN: So stipulated, your Honor.

MR. BUGLIOSI: And when I refer to People's P-7, the declaration of Susan Atkins, may it be stipulated I am referring to the document which contains a statement by her that she lied at the Grand Jury?

So stipulated?

MR. SHINN: So stipulated, your Honor.

MR. KANAREK: May the record reflect I am not entering into that stipulation.

THE COURT: Anything further, Mr. Bugliosi?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Yes, your Honor, may it be further stipulated that Mr. Shinn became Susan Atkins' attorney of record on March the 11th, 1970.

So stipulated?

MR. SHINN: So stipulated, your Honor.

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MR. KANAREK: As to that stipulation I do enter into it, your Honor.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Mr. Shinn, I believe you are going to offer the other stipulation.

MR. SHINN: Yes.

Your Honor, I think the District Attorney will stipulate that at the time I substituted in as attorney of record for Miss Atkins, that Mr. Caballero, her former attorney, informed me that since Susan Atkins testified at the Grand Jury that the District Attorney would not seek the death penalty, your Honor.

So stipulated?

MR. BUGLIOSI: The People will stipulate that Mr. Caballero told Mr. Shinn that.

So stipulated.

May it be further stipulated that Gary Himman met his death on or abou July the 25th through July the 27th, 1969.

So stipulated?

MR. SHINN: So stipulated.

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MR. BUGLIOSI: May it be further stipulated that Dr. David Katsuyama of the Los Angeles Coroner's Office be deemed to have been called by the People here in court, was duly sworn and testified that he conducted an autopsy on Mr. Hinman's body on August 1st, 1969, at the Coroner's office here at the Hall of Justice, and based on the autopsy he formed the opinion that the cause of death was attributable to the following wounds:

One stab wound that penetrated the heart, another stab wound that penetrated the sternum.

In addition to those two stab wounds there were two scalp wounds, and that his testimony would be that these two scalp wounds were either stab wounds or they were wounds caused by a blunt instrument, and that there was a fifth wound which is a deep laceration which in his opinion was caused by a sharp-edged blade commencing at the lower left cheek and proceeding diagonally across the upper portion of the left cheek and ear, a total of five wounds to Gary Himman's body.

So stipulated?

MR. SHINN: So stipulated.

MR. BUGLIOSI: People rest, your Honor.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, may the record reflect that Mr. Shinn spoke as to these stipulations; he is speaking for himself alone, and Susan Atkins.

THE COURT: Except as otherwise indicated.

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MR. KANAREK: Yes.

THE COURT: All right.

Ladies and gentlemen, both sides have rested in the penalty phase, which means that when the Court resumes counsel will present their arguments on both sides.

The Court will then instruct the jury and you will retire again to your deliberations on the question of penalty.

The court will spend tomorrow conferring with the attorneys regarding instructions and other matters and we will adjourn at this time until Thursday morning, the day after tomorrow at 9:30 a.m. at which time the arguments will commence.

When the jury has finally been instructed the jury will again be sequestered during the period of your deliberations which will in all probability be sometime next week. I would estimate at the moment that it would be probably on Tuesday.

But I will be able to give you a better estimate as we get closer to it.

So you should go prepared at that time to bring whatever clothes and personal effects and belongings that you wish to for the period of your sequestration.

So we will adjourn at this time until 9:30 on Thursday morning.

Remember the admonition. Do not converse with

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anyone or form or express any opinion regarding penalty until that issue is finally submitted to you.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, before the jury is dismissed can we approach the bench?

MR. FITZGERALD: Yes, can we very briefly approach the bench?

THE COURT: Very well.

(The following proceedings were had at the bench out of the hearing of the jury:)

MR. KANAREK: I don't think it would be unreasonable, and I do request for a day to prepare for the final argument.

I think that this has been going on for some period of time. I think co-counsel agree this is not an unreasonable request, to put together your notes, and so forth.

THE COURT: I anticipate you will have a good portion of tomorrow. People will open the argument.

How long do you estimate?

MR. BUGLIOSI: My opening argument should be about ten minutes. There is a chance I will give a closing argument if they go into a tremendous amount of points that I deem necessary to respond to, I may give a closing argument, but very short opening argument, seven, eight, nine minutes.

THE COURT: I am not going to recess the trial for

longer than tomorrow.

In other words, we will resume Thursday on argument.

MR. KANAREK: That is our request.

(The following proceedings were had in open court in the presence and hearing of the jury:)

THE COURT: The trial is now recessed, ladies and gentlemen, until Thursday at 9:30 a.m.

(Whereupon an adjournment was taken.)

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LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1971 9:08 o'clock a.m.

THE COURT: All of the defendants are present except Mr. Manson; all counsel and all jurors are present.

You may continue, Mr. Kanarek.

MR. KANAREK: Thank you, your Honor.

Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. I would like to, if I may, try to spell it right, right here the words, possible innocence, because in the absolute discretion that the jury has in the panalty phase, possible innocence is one of the criteria that the jury may use in exercising its absolute discretion, for the obvious reason that death is the final kind of action that is irreversible.

And in that connection, the Court -- now, let me back off a little bit.

Once again, once again we are asking you to consider, and you will be given by the Court, jury instructions, and these jury instructions that the Court is going to give in this case -- I mean at this point in the proceedings -- are jury instructions that refer to the matters that came out during the penalty phase, that is, they refer as far as Mr. Manson is concerned to the Gary Himman matter and to the Bernard Crowe watter.

And so the Court is going to instruct us in

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connection with several types of crimes, certain crimes involving assault, certain crimes involving murder.

But these instructions and, if I may say this, don't let anyone insult your intelligence.

What I am saying is there are people -- there are people who would say, "Well, juries made up of this that and the other type of person are incapable of understanding instructions."

You hear people say this from time to time.

We think there is nothing about those instructions that make it impossible for them to be understood, and we think that those of us that are on the jury here, certainly have as much gray matter as anybody on this side of that particular partition (indicating).

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So, those jury instructions are made in the English language and they are there, and they are the tools.

These jury instructions don't contain words like "monstrous," "mutation," they don't contain words of hatred. They contain words of analysis, words that should be used for deliberation.

We might think: What does deliberation mean? Deliberation means when you sit down and discuss things, not playing up to emotion but playing up to intellect, playing up to reason.

So, there are really two sets of things you might say that the jury is going to analyze.

One set is what we might call the pre-penalty phase matters.

Now, as for the pre-penalty phase matters, what we do is we apply, we suggest, that is, this is within the absolute discretion of the jury; the jury has many other things that the prosecution has for you to consider, but we suggest that one of the things to be considered is the possible innocence of Mr. Manson.

Now, that is the criteria that is used or that is applicable to the pre-penalty phase, the matters that we have already supposedly decided.

Now, we have another set. And this is the penalty phase matters.

And as to Mr. Manson, there are two subtopics.

A would be the Gary Hinman matter; and B
would be the Bernard Crowe matter.

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Now, as to these two matters, the Court is going to give you a complete set of instructions, and I don't want to attempt to paraphrase it completely or anything like that, but there are going to be instructions on what constitutes murder and assault, and included in these instructions there will be instructions as to accomplice, as to the law of accomplice, which will be similar to what we had before when we were debating the guilt or innotence aspect of the case, except for an interesting difference. And that is, the Court, instead of, as in the case of Linda Kasabian, saying that she was an accomplice as a matter of law, the Court, right now, as to this penalty phase, is going to say it is up to the jury to decide.

The members of the jury will decide whether or not a particular participant is an accomplice.

For instance, you will be given the definition of an accomplice.

"An accomplice is one who is liable to be prosecuted for the identical offense charged against the defendant on trial. To be an accomplice, the person must have knowingly and with criminal intent sided, promoted, encouraged or instigated by

"act or device or by act and advice the commission of such an offense."

That is the definition of accomplice that the Court will give you.

It is interesting to note that is the label that is Linda Kasabian.

Linds Kasabian, as a matter of law, in this case has been deemed an accomplice, and so she is a person who "knowingly and with criminal intent, aided, promoted, encouraged or instigated by act or device" the eight crimes that the jury has decided that certain results, namely, first degree murder should ensue.

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so it is interesting, when we weigh the equities, when we look at it, at this stage of the proceedings, the jurors in their absolute discretion can take into account things such as the fact that Linda Kasabian is not only -- she is not given life, she is given absolute complete 100 percent freedom.

We know she is an accomplice as a matter of law.

So read this type of language, and perhaps it might give us some idea as to the benefits that Linda Kasabian received.

Now, is this something to consider, the benefit she received with criminal intent, knowingly and all of that which she did.

She is home free. Does that have any bearing on what should be done to the rest of the defendants?

So, getting into the Gary Hinman matter, we have the question of accomplice.

Preliminarily we will have to decide whether--when we are analyzing this we are acting as judges in
the jury room -- we have to decide whether Mr. Manson has
any criminal responsibility for the Gary Hinman matter
because everything that came out in this courtroom, we
suggest, and other people -- I'm sure Mr. Keith will have
other suggestions to you concerning Leslie Van Houten,
but the question is, is there any evidence before us?

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Is there any evidence before us that is untainted by way of evidence from accomplice, because the Court will also instruct us that if -- that you cannot corroborate a accomplice on top of an accomplice.

In other words, one accomplice cannot corroborate another accomplice.

And the prosecution is advocating that Mr.

Manson somehow or other had some responsibility for Mr. -that is, the passing away of Mr. Himman.

He is charged -- you will get this jury instruction -- a series of jury instructions, so we have the interesting problem in logic to consider, because first of all Susan Atkins has testified that she did certain things; she has testified that she in fact used the knife and caused Mr. Hinman to pass away.

She also testified, we have the language in the transcript -- she also testified as to the fact that Mr. Manson was there.

Mr. Bugliosi -- Mr. Bugliosi says -- indicated to us yesterday they did not put on -- although certainly this Juan Flynn and all of these people are still here, still available for the prosecution, there was nothing there, nothing that the prosecution offered us to show that these girls are doing what Mr. Bugliosi suggests.

Mr. Bugliosi out of whole cloth is saying you cannot believe these girls; that they have done all of

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this just because of some attempt to save Mr. Manson.

Well, let's look at it; let's look at it.

For instance, Susan Atkins:

Susan Atkins on that witness stand, on that witness stand told you, told us what place she said Mr. Manson had in the Gary Hinman matter.

She did not leave Mr. Manson out of it. '
When Mr. Manson had a place in it, according to her
viewpoint, she discussed it; she spoke of it; she did not
eliminate him.

And this is a charge of murder, this Gary Himman

So it is something to think about as to, I think -- it's very interesting to think about.

So whether or not -- as to whether or not what these girls testified to is based upon sheer fabrication, because if such were the case she would not mention Mr. Manson in connection with the Gary Hinman matter.

So it is one of the things that we have to evaluate, as far as the Gary Hinman matter is concerned, as far as the over-all result is concerned, because we suggest that there is the showing of candor.

That is the little bir that, notwithstanding the friendship and the relationship between these people, there is something that shows that this girl is telling the truth from that witness stand.

But nevertheless, as lawyers and as judges, which we are when we are on the jury, we still have this law of accomplice that we must -- that we must think through before we can come to any kind of results as to criminal culpability.

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And of course the interesting point is, Susan Atkins would be an accomplice as far as Hr. Manson is concerned on the Himman matter.

Leslie Van Houten would be an accomplice as far as the matter of Gary Hinman is concerned.

Now, interestingly enough, interestingly enough the prosecution -- we may look at the testimony of Mary Brunner in this regard.

The prosecution chose not to go into -- into the testimony of Mary Brunner.

When she was here we observed that the prosecution chose not to question here in connection with certain matters which they could have, and the reason is because the prosecution once again has suborned perjury as to the Gary Hinman matter.

The prosecution -- Mary Brunner testified that she testified before the Grand Jury. She said that she placed herself -- she placed herself where Leslie Van Houten was.

She said that from the witness stand.

Now, what it means is, remembering again this lack of truthfulness before the Grand Jury, it means that this witness, Mary Brunner, was before the Grand Jury with only the prosecution present, only the court reporter present and only the Grand Jury present.

And so if, if -- if Mary Brunner were not now

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25.  telling the story truthfully, the prosecution had the capability by virtue of the testimony at the Grand Jury and otherwise to bring before us something to show that Mary Brunner is not telling the truth.

So the posture of the evidence is clear that as to the Gary Hinman matter Mr. Manson -- Mr. Manson has no culpability as a matter of law, because the only testimony against Mr. Manson in the Gary Hinman matter is by virtue of accomplices who are purported to be, and see and do whatever.

But these people -- these people are accomplices, and the law that the Court is giving us in this
case will show clearly that they are accomplices, and if
the testimony of an accomplice is not corroborated, then
that means that we must completely disregard the Gary
Hinman matter.

Now, we sought through the transcript, we tried to find some kind of corroboration. There isn't any, because we go back to the discussions that we had previously concerning accomplice, concerning Linda Kasabian.

There is nothing here. There is nothing here to corroborate the testimony of these two accomplices.

Linda Kasabian and Leslie Van Houten.

And so, since we are in the penalty phase type of discussion, it is apparent, it is apparent that the Gary Hinman matter cannot be used against Mr. Manson for

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any purpose because of this lack of corroboration.

Now, I'm sure the prosecution -- they will certainly try to present some other viewpoint on this.

We cannot foretell exactly what the prosecution will say but we know -- we know for instance Leglie Van Houten's testimony -- I believe she mentioned something about Mary Brunner and Pook Bear, being Mary Brunner's little child, Mr. Manson's child by Mary Brunner, Michael Manson, and we can certainly infer because of what we know that the prosecution has done in connection with these matters, and what law enforcement has done with these matters, we can certainly infer that Mary Brunner was threatened that if she did not testify a certain way, they would take away her child and we could certainly infer that the prosecution told Mary Brunner --

MR. BUGLIOSI: Your Honor, I'm objecting to this. There is no evidence of this.

MR. KANAREK: It's a fair inference, your Honor.

MR. BUGLIOSI: He is drawing an inference in a vacuum, your Honor.

MR. KANAREK: I will show you the record.

THE COURT: Counsel may proceed.

MR. KANAREK: We can certainly infer that the relationship of Pooh Bear being the child of Mr. Manson, Michael Manson, the child, we can certainly infer that the prosecution threatened Mary Brunner at the time she

testified to the Grand Jury and before, that at the time they wanted to get Mr. Manson that she would have to do certain things if they were to accomplish some kind of regult as far as she were concerned. 4-1

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These are things, the prosecution can certainly argue that this isn't so.

All we have to do is look at what Sergeant Gutierrez told Dianne Bluestein, and there is no reason to expect that it would be any different with Mary Brunner than anyone else.

And this is all important in this particular phase of the case because of the absolute discretion that is vested in the jury in deciding it.

It is fair and reasonable to accept that such is the case. We think that there is no question, no question, but what it is fair and reasonable to infer that these kinds of pressures were placed upon Mary Brunner.

So, we have the law of accomplice as to the Gary Hinman matter. And the Court will give you an instruction on reasonable doubt and all of that.

Now, as to the Bernard Crowe matter.

There, of course, is the situation as we have discussed it yesterday.

There is a question: Is this a situation where Mr. Manson did something that was beyond the pale, so to speak, in view of the threats that occurred, that were made, concerning the Spahn Ranch?

If we look at it in context, there has been a narcotics transaction, and Mr. Crowe, who is obviously

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engaged in the narcotics business in some fashion or other, was beguiled out of his money by Mr. Watson, who is supposed to be a puppydog, who is supposed to be a kind of person that none of us, if we saw him, he would just be a robot. We heard all of that concerning Mr. Watson.

Well, Mr. Watson's activities in connection with that narcotics transaction on August 1, 1969 -remember, this was August 1, 1969, just a few days before the other incident -- Mr. Watson is out there wheeling and dealing on the street in probably the roughest area of crime, because people in the narcotics business are dangerous people. They are the kind of people that they don't give up their money unless they get whatever they are supposed to get in return.

And so, it is very fair and reasonable to assume that Mr. Crowe was a very unhappy man when that money -- I think it was \$2,000 -- when that money was given and he didn't get what he was supposed to get.

So, he called up the ranch and said what he said.

he says from the witness stand -- Mr. Crowe -he says that he didn't care about it. It was just something comme ci comme ca. It was just one of those things
that happened and he wasn't concerned about that \$2,000.

Do we believe that? We suggest that this is

beyond belief.

Mr. Crowe was a very unhappy man when he was, as the saying goes on the street, burned for this money.

Mr. Watson left the car, Mr. Watson obviously had a plan, there / was probably someone in another car waiting for him; and so he gem out of the car with the money, meets his friend, whoever it was that he was waiting for, or who was waiting for him, and off they went. And Mr. Crowe is without his \$2,000.

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Then, on top of that, there is a gun in the room, according to Mr. Crowe.

So, we have heard all of the evidence in that regard as to what Mr. Manson supposedly did, and so forth.

So, the question is: In deciding that, the Bernard Crowe matter, is there a reasonable doubt in connection with Mr. Manson's actions as far as the penalty phase aspect of this is concerned?

The question, again, is up to the jury to decide.

as we said yesterday, that in this situation, what is really more important, because Mr. Manson is in custody, Mr. Manson is in the type of custody that is just unbelievable, Mr. Manson, we can infer, is searched and re-searched day in and day out many times a day in the kind of custody that he is in with the focus that is upon him, and so, in evaluating the Bernard Crowe matter as far as the penalty phase goes, we think it is more significant and we suggest that it is more significant to show Mr. Manson's personality than it is to show any kind of criminal culpability as far as this penalty phase is concerned.

The reason is, as we have said, and we would like to emphasize it, it shows that when Mr. Manson is involved in something and has some desire, he does it himself. He doesn't foist it upon other people and hide behind these

other people.

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And this is the theme of the prosecution in this trial. Throughout this trial the themehas been that Mr.

Manson is having other people go out and do some kind of dirty work.

That just didn't happen. It just didn't happen.

Linda Kasabian went on two of her creepy crawl
missions, and these results came about,

So, it is something that we should consider.

Now, we have had in this case a marked lack of candor. We should expect more from our public officials than what was done in this case. I think we have a right to expect more from our public officials than what was done in this case.

For instance, when the prosecution is putting on a case trying to get an indictment from the Grand Jury, it would seem that the prosecution should put on all the evidence.

For instance, we all know that when that matter was presented to the Grand Jury, the prosecution had divergent statements concerning how Sharon Tate passed away. The Roni Howard and Virginia Graham statements were taken before December 5, 1969. They were taken in the Thanksgiving period. They had November dates. We all remember that.

And in those statements, supposedly -- and

Mr. Caballero said he knew about those statements when he talked to Susan Atkins at the office, before she testified before the Grand Jury -- in those statements, supposedly, Susan Atkins said that she had stabbed Sharon Tate.

So, the District Attorney, in going to the Grand Jury and presenting evidence, deliberately withheld truth as they print in this court,

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In this court they didn't present the other view. In this court they presented the Roui Howard and Virginia Graham view.

So, then, when they went before the Grand
Jury they deliberately withheld what they are telling us
they believe to be truthful statements as to how Sharon
Tate passed away.

What did they do? They only put in the statement of Susan Atkins that she held Sharon Tate while Tex Watson stabbed her.

Now, why was this done? That was done for the very same reason that the prosecution has done other things in this case: To get a conviction at any price regardless of whether or not there is any basis for it, but get Mr. Manson.

Mr. Manson is the focal point of somebody's vendetta.

So, therefore, instead of the prosecution saying to the Grand Jury -- and the Grand Jury is supposed to deliberate the same way as when we are on the jury we deliberate and come to a decision -- the Grand Jury is supposed to deliberate whether or not an indictment should take place.

And so, you see, if the District Attorney had presented the Roni Howard and Virginia Graham statements along with what Susan Atkins said, the Grand Jury might

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well never have indicted Charles Manson, along with the fact if they had gone into the ingestion of LSD and other narcotics.

It might well be that Mr. Manson would never have been indicted. These other people might never have been indicted.

Susan Atkins might have been indicted had the different statements been presented to the Grand Jury but at that time -- at that time -- Susan Atkins was the darling of the District Attorney's office. At that time, Susan Atkins was the one who was represented by the friend of Mr. Younger, by Mr. Caruso and Mr. Caballero, who had been a Deputy District Attorney, who had friends in the District Attorney's Office of many years standing, and it just wouldn't be, there would be no purpose, from their standpoint, to just indict Susan Atkins because what they wanted to get especially was Charles Manson.

So, they deliberately, maliciously and with the intent to deceive the Grand Jury, withheld the Roni Howard and Vieginia Graham statements.

There can be no other reason for it. Because Roni Howard and Virginia Graham were in custody. They could have brought them over and had them testify. They could have had the police officers testify as to what the statements were. They were in absolute 100 percent control of that Grand Jury.

So, these are some of the things that we should think about in connection with the exercise of this absolute discretion. Is there something there that smells? Was the wool pulled over the eyes of the Grand Jurors? of the jury in this case right now.

If the wool was pulled over the eyes of the Grand Jurors there, there is no reason to believe that somebody may not be trying to pull the wool over the eyes

So, these are some of the things we must think about because of the absolute finality of death.

Now, again, for whatever it may be worth, is this People's Exhibit 261.

We will remember that the prosecution introduced this exhibit. Supposedly this exhibit had some kind of reference to events at the Spahn Ranch.

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25 26 this exhibit, this panel which was in the employers of mandy starr's trailer, this called was in the employers of mandy starr's trailer, this exhibit wasn't even in existence on August the Sta. Sta and little of 1969.

The panel may have usen in existence, but the syldenus in this case is clear, crystal-clear, that what was written on hore was not in existence on August Sth. Sta and little.

and the interesting thing to think shoul is that the prosecution still has the original of this. They took the ploture. I am sure we can infer they took the ploture because the picture — we may not know any they took the picture instead of britishes in the penel, but they chook to take the picture instead of bringing in the panel, this panel is in existence, and the prosecution could have brought it in news.

Again, this is very significant. This was found in Juan Flynn's trailer. And Juan Flynn was not brought in here. And Juan Flynn certainly is a witness that is friendly to the prosecution.

Just Flynn was not brought here to refute the absolutely unrefuted testimony before us which so have received during this penalty (name that this penalty (name that this penalt with the "hope, one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, all good children go to heaven," this "helter shelter," there has been nothing to refute the synthetic reidence.

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that this panel is, because it certainly is clear that this panel with that wording on it wasn't in existence at the time of the so-called race war type ideas.

So, in exercising our absolute discretion, this is something that we can think about. Because Why wasn't this refuted?

Even the police officer that testified concerning this wasn't brought in to refute this as far as what we have discussed here.

This is of extreme significance in this case especially where the prosecution is doing the things that they are doing.

I submit it is something to turn our minds on.

This is the testimony of Patricia Krenwinkel.

Patricia Krenwinkel testified, in answer to the question:

"It makes you feel good, is that it, when you take acid?

When it is there, I take it. I don't even think about taking it. If I see it and it is there and I feel like taking some, I take it.

Does it open up new areas of thought for you? Is that one of the reasons you take it?

"A I have taken so much acid, I am acid. I don't even know

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how to try to relate to you between what something does then or how or whatever. All of that is just, phew, it is sure a lot of meaningless words. It is just there." ŵą.

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Now, in deciding this case we have to use the English language in conveying ideas in the courtroom. That is our language.

But don't we get the feel, somehow or other, that the English Language in inadequate as a means of expressing whatever happons to people when they take LSD the way these people take 1t?

And that includes Linda Kasabian.

Don't we get to feel that no matter how there is the attempt to describe and put into words what occurs that in fact this is almost impossible to convey, whatever happens to comebody who takes acid, and when we consider — when we consider that these people were on acid and that Tex Watson was doing what he was doing, when we consider that Linda Kasabian certainly has, you know what material she has ingested.

When Patricia Krenwinkel says, "I am acid." How is she any different than Linda Kasabian?

Now, Linda Kasabian is a smoothie.

I mean, there is no question about it that Linda Kasabian -- plus Linda Kasabian had very capable lawyers.

Mr. Fleischman and Mr. Goldman did a beautiful legal job for Linua Kasabian, beautiful! There is no question about the fact that they did.

And I suppose the same thing would have resulted

for Susan Atkins if Mr. Younger's friends had stayed in as representing her.

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But apart from lawyers and legalities, is there any reason to believe that any reason to believe, is there any reason to believe that Linda Kasabian is any different in her thinking and her observations and her perception than Katie Krenwinkel is in connection with what she testified to?

We suggest this is something for us to consider because again we get back to the possible innocence aspect of this case, because Linda Kasabian, speaking from that witness stand, knowing that she is the darling of the prosecution, knowing that no matter what she does it is right, it has got to be right, and knowing that she has the results, the benefits that she is getting, this is specially — specially important and significant in a penalty phase where the result — where the result is irreversible.

Death is irreversible.

And so we are asked to commit murder ourselves. The prosecution is asking us to do that, to deliberately kill, based upon -- based upon this type of evidence.

And so this is something to consider because certainly Linda Kasabian is Katie Krenwinkel, as far as the ingestion of LSD is concerned.

Now, you remember, ladles and gentleman of the jury, you can choose not to believe this if you so wish,

but do you remember that we — the first question, I think, that we asked Hiss Krenwinkel:

"Miss Krenwinkel, have I ever discussed this case with you?"

The answer was no.

Now, we suggest that that is true; that is true.

Now, if you observed, the prosecution has made

much of what has taken place in the courtroom itself. I

don't know if those of us on the jury observed it or not.

But when fellow counsel went upstairs during these times to see these girls, the question for you to consider is where was I?

I mean, in other words, is this true? Do any of us that are on the jury think that that statement is untrue?

We suggest that the statement is true; that Patricia Krenwinkel never, never -- I never discussed this case with Patricia Krenwinkel.

And that is significant because of this picture. This is the first time that I discussed this case with Patricia Krenwinkel, and so I brought out this picture to her and I said: "Now, directing your attention to this what appears to be a panel on the door, there was a door knob there," that language.

"Well, first the picture itself, you have never seen before -- that is, you may have seen this picture

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before but you have never seen what is pictured there before, is that correct? No, I have not. ATE 3 To your knowledge do you know who put --4 who wrote, who drew or whatever, whatever is set out in that 'n. picture? No. I have no idea. . 7 Now, then, are you telling us that people at 8. Spann Ranch never gathered around this as a rallying point 9 for some race war? 10 ПĂ. No. 11 nGPardon? 12 11A. No. 13 Directing your attention to the people at 14 Spahn Ranch, was there ever a gathering where people, where **1**5 everybody sat down and discussed or planned some kind of a 16 race war or confrontation between black people and white 17 people?: 18 No. it 19 Now, so the question is whether or not Patricia .20, Krenwinkel is telling the truth in that regard. 21 The question is whether Mary Brunner is telling 22 the truth in that regard. 23 24 25

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Now, again getting back to the proximate cause -- that is why we think that the testimony here is much better than anything that we can use by way of synopsis or summary:

"Q What was going through your mind, Miss Krenwinkel, when you were moving the knife that you have spoken of in this courtroom?

"A Nothing.

"Q Your mind was a complete blank?

"THE COURT: What was the answer?

"THE REPORTER: Nothing.

"Q Is that a fair statement?

"A Yes, I would imagine so."

Now, again, does that have any bearing, does that have any bearing on the possible innocence of Mr. Manson?

Does that have any relationship to his possible innocence, which is what we can use our absolute discretion in evaluating?

I'm sure that none of us -- none of us -- no matter how emotional we are -- wish to kill someone who is innocent.

We may remember -- I'm sure all of us remember the case -- we don't have to go back to the 18th Century.

I am sure we will remember the case in England just a few years ago where a person -- after a 5a+2

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person was killed, executed, it was conclusively proved, the Crown, the Home Secretary, the government of England conceded there was no question that the person was wrongfully executed.

And when we have what we have in this case, the possible innocence of Mr. Manson, it overwhelms us.

There is no question that he is possibly innocent, to say the least.

And so some of these things are significant in evaluating that matter of possible innocence, because, if Patricia Krenwinkel, Patricia Krenwinkel were the robot, if she were operating the way the prosecution would have us operate, then she would have a pre-existing intent at some time -- at some time she would know what she was going to do.

And in connection with that use of the word, robot, the prosecution has -- has -- they have weasled on the use of that word, as we recall undoubtedly from the first address that the prosecution gave us in the guilt or innocence phase, these people were called robots.

And then when it came out -- when we discussed that robots are unthinking, have no thoughts, and the word automaton was used, then the prosecution changed the meaning of the word robot.

But these are robots that think!

So therefore the prosecution is giving us now a

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new definition. They are playing Webster or something like that because they say in one breath that these people are robots, and then when it is pointed out what robots really are and what automatons really are, then they say "Well, they are not."

But no matter what, what words or what label you put on it, the fact remains that there was no pre-existing intent to go out and do whatever these people did.

And if they had no pre-existing intent to do it, then Mr. Manson has no culpability and no responsibility any more than anyone of us would have a responsibility for any relative or friend or child that we are close to who may go out and do something.

So it is something to consider, something to consider as far as possible innocence is concerned.

Because I am sure — I am sure we would all of us be very disappointed, be very unhappy, whether we have a religious bent or not; whether we are people who go to church every Sunday; whether we are devout in a particular way or whether we are devout in a way that is not particularized, that is, whether we follow a particular denomination or whether we have faith in God based upon something that is not set out as particular ritual.

I am sure we would be very unhappy to pick up Linda Kasabian's book some day and find out that she made a few mistakes that, let's say, she is now writing her memoirs, and in writing her memoirs and in discussing her memoirs with whoever is writing the book for her or collaborating with her, she points out a few things that may be just a little bit inconsistent or a little bit at odds with what we heard in this courtroom, and it may strike us as suggesting one thing or the other.

If these people are dead at that time, it is a little bit late, even though Linda Kasabian may still be picking up her royalty checks on her book.

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So the fact of the matter is that this possible innocence that we are speaking about is something that should perhaps have been brought into the discussion with the things like this.

This is a question of Patricia Krenwinkel:

ng At sometime that evening did you find yourself inside the house?

"A Yes.

Had any of the family came to the house with you?

"A Yes.

"Q would you tell us the people that

were inside the house at the time?

"A We were all inside the house.

Would you name the people?

"A Linda, Sadie, Tex and myself,

"Q Were all inside the house;

right?

ta. Yes."

Now, furthermore, and this is evidence from the witness stand because these girls are defendants does not mean that they should be demeaned the way the prosecution would have us believe.

There are indications here -- we look at what motivates people -- there are indications here that what these girls are saying is the gospel truth rather than

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something else.

The question:

"Do you know who the person was that made the statement that you referred to?

"A No."

I have to go back. I want to make sure I just read what the Court offered into evidence.

This is Page 23,882 if Mr. Bugliosi wishes to check on this.

T see, they were all in the living room at the same time?

"A. I believe so.

"Q At a time when Linda was there?

"Now, at some time when all these people were in the living room with you, were these people, these two wemen and these two men that you have spoken of, were they unrestrained, that is, was there a time when you were in the living room with them and a time Linda Kasabian was in the living room with them when they were not restrained by ropes or any other physical device?

"Do you follow me?

"A Yes.

"Q Did that occur?

"A Yeah.

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And how long was it after you came inside of the Tate residence that these two women and these two men were in the living room unrestrained?

"A. I don't know.

"Q Was it shortly after or can you give us any kind of an estimate how long it was?

"A I have no idea, none whatsoever.

TO So now we have a picture of these two women and these two men who are people who did not come to the Cielo residence with, who are now in the living room.

develop an altercation, a fight or some kind of difference of opinion between the two women and the two men that you are speaking of and those of you that came to the Cielo residence address in the car?

"(No response.)

"Q Did that develop into some kind of a physical encounter?

"A. Yes.

\*And would you tell us, how did
this physical encounter come about, what happened?

\*A I don't know, words were said, somene

"was shot. ĺ Pardon? HQ. 2 功力。 I said words were said, some-3 one was shot. "There began a struggle among us all. 5 Whatever you want to call it, a fight, whatever. TO. Words were said, Could you tell us what words were said? 8 WA. I den't know what words were said. .9 D15 Can you give us some kind of --ĺ MA If I would even be giving you Ì1 an example I would be giving you a lie. 12 "If any of you can remember what you said 13 five minutes ago, you know, I don't understand. <u>14</u> I really don't understand your thinking or even 15 trying to believe what somebody would say what 16 they said about three years ago. 17 "If you would believe somebody saying that. .18 it would seem foolish to me, because you don't --19 unless all of you try to completely remember 20 everything everyone has already said to you from 2Ŧ the time you get up" --22. "THE COURT: You answered the question. You 23 don't know the answer; is that right? "THE WITNESS: Right. 25 "THE COURT: All right. Ask your next 26

Do you know who the person was that made the statement that you have Ŕ referred to? . 4  $\Pi \Lambda$ No. 5 Oit When a shot was fired, where 6 were you in the room when the shot was fired? Ì 1774 I don't know, wherever I was **`S**: standing. .9 17Q. Where was Linda? 10 117 I don't know, wherever she was 11 standing. 12. 410 She was standing in the room when 13 the shot was fired? 14 ΩĄ. Yes, she was there as we were all 15 16 there." Now, is that -- what Miss Krenwinkel is saying 17 there -- is that fabricated? Is that unbelievable? Is 18 that untrue? 19 The fact of the matter is that when you read her **2**0: colloguy here, when you read what she says, she is not a 21 friendly witness. 23 When I am asking her those questions, she says it's foolish; she says the question - how can you remember what happened three years ago? .25 Linda Kasabian -- Linda Kasabian was tutored.

"question.

 $u_{\overline{Q}}$ 

we say this is a fair inference -- by what happened at the Grand Jury.

What the prosecution did in this case with Linda Kasabian is, they took, when they no longer had Susan Atkins, they took the Grand Jury testimony and the tape that Mr. Caballero had and then they tytored Linda Kasabian.

Linda Kasabian was spoken to and respoken to.

Linda Kasabian was told what to say by -- and

MR. BUGLIOSI: There is no evidence of this, your Honor, and I object on that ground, absolutely no evidence,

MR. KANAREK: It's a fair inference, your Honor.

THE COURT: You did not state it that way, sir. The objection is sustained.

MR. KANAREK: It is a feir inference, we suggest, that if we considered the testimony here in court as to what Susan Atkins said, when we consider what the prosecution had when they were at the interview at Mr. Caruso's office. when you consider those words, the word-for-word answers that were given there by Susan Atkins supposedly, and compare them with what Linda Kasabian said, what we have is a Broadway production.

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What we have is Linda Kasabian being schooled by virtue of the interview with Mr. Caballero.

We say this is an inference that can be made.

And this is done by the very clever technique of not taking

Linda Kasabian's statement down on tape.

Now, it is very interesting, it is very interesting, when the prosecution was going to go before the Grand Jury, the prosecution went to great pains, the prosecution saw to it, along with using the power of the court to see to it that Susan Atkins was brought to the offices of Mr. Caballero, she was brought to the offices of Mr. Caballero and there was a tape recording made. The prosecution used that tape recording as they saw fit, taking what they wished to use at the Grand Jury, not taking everything, and they used that at the Grand Jury.

They had this tape. They had these questions all prepared.

But there was no tape recording made of Linda Kasabian.

Now, that was for us in this courtroom. And there was a deliberate reason, we suggest, why there was no tape recording or stenographic notes made of Linda Kasabian. So that when she came to this courtroom there would be no way of impeaching her. No way. Because the only way -- if she just gives it orally that way, there is no tape.

The prosecution wasn't going to let happen what