SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

DEPARTMENT NO. 104

HON. CHARLES H. OLDER, JUDGE

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

Plaintiff,

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Vs.

CHARLES MANSON, SUSAN ATKINS, LESLIE VAN HOUTEN, PATRICIA KRENWINKEL,

Defendants.

No. A253156

REPORTERS' DAILY TRANSCRIPT Thursday, September 10, 1970 A. M. SESSION

APPEARANCES:

DONALD A. MUSICH, STEPHEN RUSSELL KAY,

For the People:

VINCENT T. BUGLIOSI, DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS

and

For Deft. Manson:

I. A. KANAREK, Esq.

For Deft. Atkins:

DAYE SHINN, Esq.

For Deft. Van Houten:

RONALD HUGHES, Esq.

For Deft. Krenwinkel:

PAUL FITZGERALD, Esq.

VOLUME 85

JOSEPH B. HOLLOMBE, CSR., MURRAY MEHLMAN, CSR.,

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LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1970

9:45 A.M. (The following proceedings were had in the chambers of the court, all counsel being present:) THE COURT: The record will show all counsel are present and also Mr. Kay and Mr. Musich, new co-prosecutors. I assume you have all met them. (All indicate in the affirmative.) THE COURT: I ask you all to come in because I don't like to have attorneys from one side in without the others, particularly in front of the jury. · But I also understand that someone has some motions to make. MR. KANAREK: Yes, your Honor, I have a metion to make. THE COURT: Do you wish to proceed at this time? 17 MR. KANAREK: Yes, your Honor, I would ask your 18 Honor to voir dire the jury as to what they know about the · 19 bombing of Mr. Younger's floor, because that can be 20 pregnant with all kinds of --21 This sequestration which of course we have 22 disapproved of --23. As I say, it's pregnant with all kinds of 24possibilities of them getting all kinds of rumors and all

that as to the source of the bombing.

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So I would make a motion that your Honor voir dire the jury in connection with the alleged bombing of Mr. Younger's premises, as to what effect this has, if any, on their state of mind and what they know about it, if any.

THE COURT: Do you have some reason to think they know anything about it?

MR. KANAREK: I certainly do, your Honor, much as your Honor --

THE COURT: What is the basis for that?

MR. KANAREK: The basis is, your Honor, that the sequestration, I believe, is theoretical, in that they had conjugal meetings with their mates, that they are not lawyers, and whatever their intent is, your Honor, I believe that they know, I believe they all know about Susan Atkins' confession.

I believe --

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 THE COURT: What is the basis of that statement?

MR. KANAREK: I just believe it, your Honor.

THE COURT: I see.

MR. KANAREK: I believe it, because I don't believe that it is possible in this day and age, with the mass media what it is and communications what they are, I don't believe it is possible, as much as we might wish it, your Honor, I don't believe it is possible for these types of things to be kept away from these people when the focus is upon it.

Certainly, your Honor, there is no lack of good faith on your Honor's part, but I just disagree, I don't believe that it accomplishes the mission, this sequestration; and this bombing, I would say, without being able to prove it, I believe sincerely that they know that a bombing took place; and as I say, this kind of thing can sweep through the jury.

THE COURT: Assuming that they know it. What would the effect of that be?

MR. KANAREK: Especially with all of the publicity that has been engendered by the District Attorney's Office in connection with the Spahn Ranch, the people at the Spahn Ranch, violence and all of that, they could well believe that someone at the Spahn Ranch, someone on behalf of one or more of the defendants, is responsible.

I think the only way you are going to clear

it up and clean it up is by asking, asking what effect, if any, it has on their state of mind.

THE COURT: Does anyone else wish to be heard?

MR. FITZGERALD: I wish to be heard. Not on that matter.

THE COURT: All right. I will address myself to that first, then.

Contrary to what you say, Mr. Kanarek, I believe the sequestration is effective, and I know of no facts or evidence to the contrary.

So, I am not going to voir dire the jury now or every day or any time unless there is some reason to do so.

Now, in the case of Mr. Nixon's comments, there was a reason to do so because they saw the newspaper here in court.

So far as I know, and as I say, I know nothing to the contrary, the sequestration is effective, and I see no reason whatever to voir dire the jury.

Entirely spart from that, assuming they knew about the bombing -- I assume you are referring to the fact that a bomb apparently was placed on the sixth floor over the weekend when no one was in the building except, apparently, whoever is here on the weekends, maintenance men and what custodians there are -- I can't imagine what effect that would have on

them. It is just the facts of life. It has no connection with this trial. It is of no more significance than if they knew about the Arabs hijacking sirliners, for example. It is just another fact of life. It may be unpleasant but 2a f1s. it certainly wouldn't affect their thinking in this case. б

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MR. KANAREK: Just one correction, your Honor. I don't believe there is any evidence that the bomb was placed while there was no one here. The evidence here is that the bomb went off. Perhaps someone inadvertently mistimed it.

THE COURT: I don't know, except what I read in the newspaper, Mr. Kanarak.

MR. KANAREK: I don't think anyone knows when the bomb was placed.

MR. HUGHES: There are always people in the building, including one of the defendants.

THE COURT: Yes, that is true, up on the upper floors.

But from the newspaper account -- and that is

all I know about the affair -- the people in the jail were

undisturbed by it.

MR. HUGHES: Although, for the moment, I am not inclined to join Mr. Kanarek's motion, I wish to point out to the Court that we don't have any way of knowing if the sequestration is effective; either way, you know, whether it is or isn't.

THE COURT: That's right, we don't, and that is the reason why we have it.

MR. HUGHES: As a matter of fact, there was an indication that one of the jurors, anyway, had seen the Nixon headline previous to Mr. Manson exhibiting it.

THE COURT: Yes.

 MR. HUGHES: So, we know, to that extent, anyway.

THE COURT: One man, one of the men, said that he saw it out of the bus window.

MR. HUGHES: So, to that extent, we know that it is not completely effective anyway.

MR. KANAREK: And they do have conversations with their friends and relatives, Your Honor.

Your Honor is the one to rule, of course, but I think, as I say, the only way to clear it up and clean it up is by asking them.

In other words, your Honor, what I am saying is this: If your Honor ruled, -- and I believe erroneously -- as to Mr. Nixon, I think that that is beyond belief, regardless of what they verbalized.

THE COURT: Let's not go into that.

MR. KANAREK: What I am saying is that your Honor interrogated on that, and they knew the alleged facts concerning Mr. Nixon.

I think that interrogating them on this, if they are as fair and impartial as your Honor believes they are -- which I don't believe they are -- I think that this would tend to stifle any kind of untrue rumor that they may be believing.

Because I heard rumors over the weekend, your Honor, since we have last been in court, about the bomb. You know how these things are, how people just talk, your Honor.

THE COURT: That is another reason why they are sequestered, Mr. Kanarek, so they don't hear rumors and they don't read newspapers.

Your motion will be denied.

Anything further?

MR. KANAREK: Yes.

I have here a subpoena duces tecum on one

Jeanne Plimpton, custodian of records, California Youth

Authority, where I have subpoenaed the ward's file of the

California Youth Authority as to Mr. Hendricks.

Mrs. Plimpton promised me that if she were not here, another person would be here with that file.

Could your Honor inform me whether, in fact, that person has come in?

THE COURT: I haven't the faintest idea, Mr. Kanarek.

MR. KANAREK: I thought maybe the Clerk had been notified.

THE COURT: Perhaps so. Have you asked the Clerk?

MR. KAY: That person is here. His name is Mr.

Thompson.

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MR. KANAREK: With the file? All right.

THE COURT: Anything further?

MR. BUGLIOSI: I have a point I wish to bring up after this.

MR. KANAREK: I have a request.

Mr. Fitzgerald has prepared a declaration which

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I don't think he has accompanied by a motion, but I believe, your Honor, that there is ample evidence, I believe that Mr. Hendricks' testimony must be suppressed because the man, I believe, is insane. The man --

THE COURT: Are we now on another subject, Mr. Kanarek?

MR. KANAREK: Yes.

THE COURT: And if so, what is it?

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, it is a notice of motion, or a motion that your Honor hear further concerning the competence of Mr. Hendricks, concerning whether or not he should be allowed to testify. Because he has stated, I believe, that he said he was insane to the California Youth Authority.

He is now in custody, at least conceptually, in Atascadero, for judgment, to determine his mental state.

Mr. Fitzgerald actually prepared this declaration. Maybe he wishes to proceed.

THE COURT: I don't know what declaration you are referring to. I haven't seen any declaration.

MR. FITZGERALD: There will be a motion to -- I believe your Honor has ruled under Evidence Code Section 701 that Mr. Hendricks is competent to testify.

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 We would ask -- all of the defendants would ask that you reopen or reconsider that determination.

In support thereof I will file a declaration, in support of the motion in regard to the competency of the witness Michael Hendrik, the gist of that declaration is that over the weekend I had a lengthy interview with Mr. Hendrik, and Mr. Hendrik made statements to me of which I would like to apprise the Court.

I have the original out on my table. I will give you another one, if I could hand it to the Court. If you would excuse me for just a moment I will go get the original and the other.

THE COURT: I have read your declaration. Mr. Fitzgerald.

MR. FITZGERALD: I would submit both the motion to reconsider the motion, and if the motion to reconsider is granted, the motion itself, based on the affidavit.

I think we adequately argued the matter on Friday.

MR. BUGLIOSI: May I briefly be heard, your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. BUGLIOSI: There has been no adjudication of insanity of this witness, and I think it is clear from his answers on the witness stand that he is no fashion insane.

But even stipulating, arguendo, that he is insane, certainly 701 of the Evidence Code does not state that insane persons cannot testify.

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 I am not stipulating that, obviously, because I think it is clear that he is not insane but even if he were, this is no ground for disqualification in the State of California either under Section 701 or under the cases.

All of these things in the declaration, they only go towards cross-examination.

THE COURT: Now, what do you propose to do, Mr. Fitzgerald, what is your motion now, to reopen?

MR. FITZGERALD: The motion would be to reopen.
THE COURT: On the subject of competency?

MR. FITZGERALD: On the subject of competency, and then to submit this affidavit in support of the witness' incompetency, and I would submit it.

MR. KANAREK: May I be heard, your. Honor?

THE COURT: Well, then, that would be the extent of the reopening as far as you are concerned.

MR. FITZGERALD: That would be the extent of the reopening as far as I am concerned.

MR. KANAREK: My motion would be, your Honor, that your Honor appoint doctors to examine the man, and your Honor take reports; that we then have the benefit of knowing of expert testimony concerning this man's competency.

This is so sensitive to Mr. Manson's position in this case that I would allege on behalf of Mr. Manson that it is a violation of due process under the Fourteenth Amendment, and under California law for your Honor to

allow in this testimony because of the very prejudicial and the very emotional nature of this testimony.

THE COURT: Emotional!

MR. KANAREK: Emotional, yes, your Honor.

This man has stated to both Mr. Fitzgerald and myself --

THE COURT: I am not interested in anything that occurred somewhere else. I saw nothing emotional during the course of his testimony in this Court.

MR. KANAREK: What I mean is, your Honor --

THE COURT: I say I am not interested in anything that occurred somewhere else.

I am now talking about your statement, now, about what may have occurred outside of this court.

If you want to introduce something like that in a legal manner, that is something else. I am not foreclosing your right to offer evidence on the subject of compatency.

I am just saying you are making a gratuitous statement now.

MR. KANAREK: Very well, your Honor, what I would ask your Honor to do is to appoint doctors to have this man examined.

The District Attorney has other evidence they can go ahead with, they can go ahead with other parts of their case.

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I know Mr. Bugliosi is interested in getting the advantage of this before the jury, well knowing that no matter what your Honor says, that jury will never forget what this man is going to testify to, no matter how many admonitions —

THE COURT: That statement is meaningless as far as I am concerned. Of course he is interested in getting it in front of the jury. That is why he called the witness.

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MR. KANAREK: What I'm asking your Honor to do, your Honor has the power to control the proceedings and there is no necessity for this man --

He is at Atascadero for mental observation -As a result of Mr. Bugliosi's subpoena --

THE COURT: The record does not indicate why he is at Atascadero.

MR. KANAREK: I have his file here. I subpoensed it. Let's have the witness come in here.

I have the file before the Court, we can have the benefit of his file so your Honor can see what the Youth Authority did.

They sent him up there to be treated and/or examined. I cannot make that representation exactly what it was because I have not seen the file yet.

But he was only up there a very few days when, as a result of Mr. Bugliosi's subpoena, he has been taken away from there and he has been deposited at the County Jail here for some period of time, since sometime in July.

So I would ask your Honor at this point, I make the motion that your Honor appoint doctors; that the reports be submitted to your Honor.

Failure to do that is a violation of fundamental due process as far as Mr. Manson is concerned under both federal and California law.

I think the Ballard case, even though the

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Ballard case represents a sexual type of defense, and other cases, make it very evident that there is plenty of authority for the Court to appoint doctors in a situation such as this.

And I would, on behalf of our position here, may we have the witness in that is from the Youth Authority, your Honor, so I can offer that file to the Court, so the Court can use that file which is part of the official records of the California Youth Authority which we have subpoensed?

MR. SHINN: Your Honor, may I be heard, your Honor -- are you finished, Mr. Kanarek?

MR. KANAREK: No.

THE COURT: Referring to your declaration, Mr. Fitzgerald --

MR. FITZGERALD: Yes.

THE COURT: On page 1, line 27, that he attempted to interpose insanity as a defense in Ventura County -- I don't understand that statement.

Is that of your own knowledge? Is that what he told you, or what?

MR. FITZGERALD: This is what he told me, yes. Everything in this declaration is what he told me. If that is not clear, I would like you to understand that I am alleging none of this on any basis other than what he told me.

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 Furthermore, he is unclear, but he told me, your Honor, that he pleaded not guilty by reason of insanity in the Juvenile Court.

Well, such a plea, based on my knowledge and experience in the Juvenile Court, that struck me as being extremely unlikely that he interposed any plea of not guilty by reason of insanity.

But he kept insisting that he pleaded insanity.

That is why I put in there in somewhat guarded terms that he attempted to impose insanity.

I have not had an opportunity to verify the records from San Bernardino or Ventura. It is based simply on what he told me.

Incidentally, the Clerk has the original of the declaration, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Shinn, you had something you wanted to say.

MR. SHINN: I just wanted to add to what Mr. Kanarek was saying.

I think the Court has a duty to inquire further if there is any indication either by testimony or by documents that the witness somewhat may be incompetent, your Honor, because we are not the judge of whether a person is incompetent or not, and only a psychiatrist could make that determination.

Here we have evidence, your Honor, and I

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think it does indicate to the Court that he may be incompetent, although he has not been adjudicated incompetent, your Honor.

This is not a situation where someone said the man is insane; here we have documents, your Honor.

MR. KANAREK: I am told it is very unusual for the California Youth Authority to send someone to Atascadero, your Honor.

I do have this subpoena, may that file be brought to your Honor now? We have the witness here. This is the very reason I subpoensed this person at the California Youth Authority.

THE COURT: Do you have reference to some particular part of that file?

MR. KANAREK: I have not seen it, your Honor.

MR.FITZGERALD: I prefer to see it before you do,
your Honor.

It may indicate he is sane.

THE COURT: I would prefer you would see it before
I saw it.

MR. KANAREK: May we have a slight adjournment.

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THE COURT: I would have to wade through a lot of material that has nothing to do with the point under consideration.

MR. KANAREK: May we have a slight adjournment, so we can produce -- counsel and the District Attorney can also produce it.

THE COURT: Do you intend to proceed with Mr. Hendricks this morning?

MR. BUGLIOSI: No, your Honor, we are going to put on evidence of the consensual search at the Spahn Ranch on November 19th.

MR. KANAREK: Then the jury should not be in the box.

MR. BUGLIOSI: I still have Sergeant Lee on the stand.

THE COURT: What did you want to start with?

MR. BUGLIOSI: The consensual search aspects.

THE COURT: That would be out of the presence of the jury?

MR. BUCLIOSI: Yes.

THE COURT: Then why don't we get back into court with that.

In the meantime counsel can examine Mr. Hendricks' file from Atascadero, or wherever -- the Youth Authority file?

MR. KANAREK: Yes, your Honor,

THE COURT: Not the Atascadero file?

MR. KANAREK: No. Mr. Darrow tells me he requested

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the Atascadero file. It has not arrived yet.

THE CLERK: It will just be a resume from the doctor up there in the form of a letter or something.

THE COURT: When did you intend to call Mr. Hendricks?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Right after Lee.

THE COURT: When will the actual file be here?

THE CLERK: Atascadero file? You won't get that unless it is subpoensed. They will send a resume in the form of a letter.

MR. FITZGERALD: Mr. Darrow also informs me, and I think it is germane, that there is really no Atascadero file inasmuch as Mr. Hendricks was only at Atascadero one week or less before he was transferred down to Los Angeles County.

So, in effect, they have no results of diagnostic testing or evaluation.

MR. BUGLIOSI: The issue is, your Honor, 701, that is the only issue.

They can put on this evidence during their case in chief, that this guy is as looney as a three-dollar bill.

They can do that, but to prohibit him from taking the stand, there is just no authority for it.

He's obviously in command of most of his mental faculties.

I cannot say he is in command of all of them because T don't know him that well. But when you ask him

a question he does not pause; he gives a responsive answer. 1 There is just no authority to keep this man off 2 the witness stand. 3 MR. KANAREK: I have been in Department 95, your Honor, 4 when people have made lucid answers --5 THE COURT: You can say that about anybody. Mr. 6. Kanarek, but the point is you have not produced any evidence at this point to show this man was incompetent, 8 and I found him competent the other day on the basis of a rather lengthy voir dire from all counsel who wished to 10 participate in it. . 11 He is perfectly able to comprehend what is going 12 on, to recollect, to communicate, to understand the nature 13 of the oath and all of the other requirements under Section 14 701. 15 MR. KANAREK: But I repeat, your Honor, so do people in Department 95, and they are put away. 17 They sound very lucid on the witness stand. 18 THE COURT: That becomes a matter for cross-examination. 19. MR. BUGLIOSI: I have a couple of other points, briefly. 20 MR. KANAREK: May we study the file, your Honor, before 21 ne takes the witness stand? 22 THE COURT: He is not going to this morning apparently. 23 MR. KANAREK: Very well. 24 MR. BUGLIOSI: With respect to the bomb, I have a

elated matter.

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One of our witnesses, Barbara where, has left her parents' home. I don't have all of the details, but the mother said she received a threat on her life if she testified at this trial, she would be killed and so will her family.

I know two things. I know the threat did not come from the prosecution and it did not come from an aunt I have that lives in Minnesota.

I think the most reasonable inference is it came from the defense.

I just bring this out that these defense attorneys should tell their clients and all their friends that we are going to prosecute these people, and we are talking about subornation of perjury, a capital offense.

We will prosecute them and I will do my best to bring it in front of the jury if and when these people take the witness stand, that they received threats on their lives.

It is relevant.

I caution the defense attorneys to tell the defendants to tell their friends if they continue to do this we will prosecute for a capital offense and if at all possible, that I will get it before the jury.

MR. KANAREK: I will ask first that counsel's statements be stricken.

THE COURT: All right, Mr. Kanarek, let's not drag it

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out.

MR. BUGLIOSI: I have no evidence of this, I'm just making a statement of this for the benefit of the defense.

THE COURT: I want to get on with this trial.

MR. FITZGERALD: I have one matter:

I think these gentlemen, Mr. Kay and Mr. Musich ought to be introduced to the jury. We also have the problem of whether or not any of the members of this jury know these gentlemen.

THE COURT: All right, let me have your full names.

Donald Musich.

MR. MUSICH: Yes, sir, M-u-s-i-c-h.

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THE COURT: Donald, is that right?

MR. MUSICH: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: M-u-s-i-c-h?

MR. MUSICH: Yes.

THE COURT: And Steven Kay?

MR. KAY: Right.

To my knowledge, your Honor, I don't know any of the jurors. I looked at all their faces. I have never seen them before.

Don has a couple of brothers on the jury. though, but other than that.

MR. MUSICH: No, there is no one on there that I recognize.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, if I may?

If Mr. Bugliosi has any such allegation, I ask that he do it by way of declaration and motion.

MR. BUGLIOSI: I made that statement for the benefit of the defense, believe it or not.

Your Honor, just very briefly, two points.

With respect to the jail records, which incidentally all three defense attorneys, with the exception of Mr. Kanarek, agree to stipulate to, the Court was going to reconsider -- not reconsider, but withhold its ruling on the admissibility of these records. And I indicated that I felt that they were circumstantial

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 evidence of the fact that Linda did visit these people, or attempted to visit them at the jail.

Now, apart from that issue, I briefly draw the Court's attention to Page 5413, Volume 34 of the transcript where Linda says -- this is two days after the second night -- the La Bianca is August 10th -- two days later. She says:

"Then the next morning" -- which is the second morning following the La Bianca -- "Charlie came to me and told me that he wanted me to go to Sybil Brand to see Mary and Sandy because they were in jail, and also to go to, I don't know the name of the building, I think it is in this district, to see Bobby Beausolail."

And then she repeats that on Page 5417.

Now, assuming that the Court feels that these records are not circumstantial evidence that Linda went to the County Jail -- and I think it certainly is -- it is a speck. I am not saying it is robust, it is a speck.

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THE COURT: All it is is evidence that it was possible.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Right.

certainly, your Honor, going away from the attempt to visit, certainly these records are evidence that Charles Manson did have a conversation with Linda subsequent to the La Bianca murders, unless we want to draw the inference,— and this is a far-out, ridiculous inference—that Mr. Manson deliberately wanted to send Linda on a wild goose chase.

He is telling her -- and this is already in the record now -- he is telling her that Mary and Sandy and Bobby Beausoleil are in jail. And this evidence is that he had the conversation with her subsequent to the La Bianca murders.

Now, there is evidence in the record --

THE COURT: I understand your point, Mr. Bugliosi.

I apparently don't see in it what you see in it. I see it simply as a fact that, if true, would have made it possible.

MR. BUGLIOSI: I am not talking about the visit now.

Let's depart from the attempted visit and forget about that temporarily. I am saying this: That these records here are circumstantial evidence that when Manson spoke to Linda, which was after August 10th -- let me reframe that -- these records are circumstantial evidence -- circumstantial evidence -- circumstantial

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Linda was after the La Bianca murders.

She has testified that this was two mornings after, that he comes up to her and tells her to go visit these three people who are in jail.

These records are circumstantial evidence that the conversation she had with Charlia was after the La Bianca murders, unless we want to draw the inference that Manson told her to go on a wild goose chase. But the most reasonable inference is that he told her to visit these three people because he was aware that they were in jail.

Now, the defense brought out testimony that Linda told these people out in Saugus, or Sylmar, I think it was -- no. Saugus -- that she left town on August 6th or 7th, which was before the murders.

Linda says no, I was around during the murders at the Tate-La Bianca residences. In fact, two days later, out at Spahn Ranch, Charlie told me to go visit these three people.

I think we can draw the inference that he wouldn't have told her that unless it was correct.

THE COURT: I am not going to argue with you. I think it is admissible, but to me it seems remote.

MR. KANAREK: I disagree, your Honor.

May I be heard?

MR. BUGLIOSI: I would appreciate that.

MR. KANAREK: It is not admissible.

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THE COURT: It is not being offered now.

MR. BUGLIOSI: No. But the point is this: That if the Court holds that it is admissible, presumably Mr. Kanarek will stipulate.

MR. KANAREK: Not so.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Very well. We will call in the people to testify.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, the fact of the matter is that Mr. Bugliosi keeps talking and talking and talking--

THE COURT: Get to the point, Mr. Kanarek. What is your point?

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, the point is that these records don't prove anything as far as Mr. Manson is concerned.

THE COURT: That is something that you can argue to the jury to your heart's content.

MR. KANAREK: That the prejudicial effect of these people being in jail, all of that, the prejudicial value of it far outweighs any probative value, your Honor.

MR. BUGLIOSI: The fact is --

MR. KANAREK: May I be heard?

THE COURT: It is not being offered now, Mr. Kanarek.

I am not going to hear you argue a half a dozen different
times. You may argue at the time it is offered.

MR. BUGLIOSI: One brief point.

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second paragraph, where we are stipulating to the dimensions of the blade on the knife removed from Leno's throat.

The blade has a length of four and seveneighths inches, a thickness of just under one-sixteenth of an inch, and a blade width, it has here, of threesixteenths of an inch at its widest point and threeeighths at its narrowest point.

I was reading the stipulation, and I said three-sixteenths, but may it be stipulated that it was thirteen-sixteenths?

MR. FITZGERALD: So stipulated.

MR. KANAREK: I don't know what you are talking about.

MR. BUGLIOSI: The transcript says three-sixteenths of an inch, and it was thirteen-sixteenths of an inch.

MR. HUCHES: This is not the blade thickness, this is the width.

MR. BUGLIOSI: The width.

If you look at the context here, it says the blade width. It couldn't be three-sixteenths of an inch at its widest point and three-eighths at its narrowest point.

So stipulated?

MR. SHINN: Yes. I will stipulate.

MR. BUGLIOSI: So stipulated, Mr. Kanarek?

MR. KANAREK: I will have to look at it, Mr. Bugliosi.

I probably will, but I don't know what you are talking about.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Your Honor, he is just putting these tings off.

MR. KANAREK: No, I am not. You bring this up out of the clear blue. I am saying if you give me a chance to see it --

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THE COURT: Gentlemen, don't waste my time with your discussions between yourselves. I want to get on with this trial and I don't want to listen to you and Mr. Bugliosi bickering back and forth, Mr. Kanarck.

MR. KANAREK: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: About something that does not directly involve me or the case.

MR. KANAREK: May I make just one other point?

In connection with the jail records, Mr. Bugliosi walks over the fact, your Honor, that it isn't a matter of --

THE COURT: If you are talking about that again, save it until the offer is made, Mr. Kanarek, then I will hear you.

MR. KANAREK: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: In toto.

MR. KANAREK: Thank you.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Do you want me to call Dr. Katsuyama?

MR. KANAREK: No. I don't. But let me have a chance to look at it.

THE COURT: All right, gentlemen.

(Whereupon, the following proceedings were had in open court, all defendants, counsel and jurors present:)

THE COURT: All parties, counsel and jurors are present.

two new co-prosecutors in the case who have replaced

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Mr. Stovitz. We have Mr. Donald Musich. Will you stand up, sir,

And Mr. Steven Kay.

Each of these gentlemen is a Deputy District Attorney.

> Do any of you know either Mr. Musich or Mr. Kay? (No response.)

All right.

I am going to ask the bailiffs at this time to take the jury back upstairs. We have some additional business that has to be taken up outside of your presence.

(Whereupon, the jury leaves the courtroom and the following proceedings occur with the jury absent:)

THE COURT: The jury has left the courtroom.

You may proceed, Mr. Bugliosi.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Call Sergeant Calkins.

THE CLERK: Just be seated, sir.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, if I may interrupt just a moment.

In order not to inconvenience the California Youth Authority representative, may he be allowed to come in, and if he could leave his records, then he could leave? I understand he is here.

THE COURT: I have no objection.

MR. KANAREK: But I think the way the procedure is, · 26 Your Monor, he doesn't know. They keep the witnesses outside, AC3

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your Honor, and I have no way of directly communicating with him.

so, I wonder if the bailiffs could ask him to come in so it wouldn't be an inconvenience for him.

THE COURT: What is the name of the person?

MR. KANAREK: Mr. Thompson is the person that
actually brought the records. I am told that, your Honor.

THE COURT: Is there a Mr. Thompson outside?

MR. FITZGERALD: Sergeant Moffett said he was checking.

So the record might be clear, in relation to this witness' testimony, Sergeant Calkins, the defendants are moving to suppress certain items of evidence, to-wit, some .22 caliber shell casings obtained from the area of 12000 Santa Susana Pass Road in the Chatsworth area of the City of Los Angeles in the County of Los Angeles on approximately November the 18th.

The aforementioned location is frequently referred to as the Spahn Movie Ranch.

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THE COURT: November 18th?

MR. FITZGERALD: November 18th of 1969.

It is our contention that the seizure or obtaining of these shell casings was improper, unlawful and invalid and was the product of an illegal search and seizure.

THE COURT: You may proceed.

MR. FITZGERALD: And we would offer to enter into a stipulation with the prosecution that these items of evidence that have just been mentioned were not seized pursuant to a search warrant.

It is so stipulated?

MR. BUGLIOSI: So stipulated.

MR. KANAREK: Or a warrant of arrest?

MR. BUGLIOSI: So stipulated.

THE CLERK: Would you state your name, please?

THE WITNESS: Robert L. Calkins; C-a-1-k-i-n-s.

THE CLERK: You are still under oath.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

ROBERT L. CALKINS,

recalled as a witness by and on behalf of the prosecution, having been previously duly sworn, resumed the stand and testified further as follows:

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DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY	MR.	BUGLIOSI

Q Sergeant Calkins, on the date of November the 19th, 1969, did you proceed to Spahn Ranch in Chataworth, California?

A Yes, sir.

Q Who did you go there with?

A I went there in a police vehicle with Sergeant Bill Lee and yourself, sir, Deputy D.A. Vincent Bugliosi.

Q Did anyone else go out to Spahn Ranch that morning that you are aware of?

A Yes, sir. My immediate supervisor, Lieutenant Robert Helder and several Los Angeles County Sheriff detectives.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I don't wish to interrupt but Mr. Thompson is now here, if it would be permissible, your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, he can wait.

Let's proceed.

MR. KANAREK: Very well.

Then may be be asked not to stay in the courtroom? He was brought in with the idea that he would leave --

THE COURT: Is there anything that he needs to do besides leave the file?

MR. KANAREK: No.

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THE COURT: He may leave the file, and let's get on with the trial.

MR. THOMPSON: Your Honor, I can't leave the file.

THE COURT: All right. Then you will have to wait outside, sir.

MR. THOMPSON: Very well, sir.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Q About what time did our car arrive there at Spahn Ranch?

- A Approximately 1000 hours.
- Q You mean 10:00 a.m. in the morning?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q Was the purpose of our going there to search for shell casings on the premises?
 - A Yes, sir.
- Q What happened after we arrived out at Spain Ranch?
- A We proceeded over to Mr. George Spahn's residence.
- Q What was the purpose for doing that?

 MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I would ask that that last
 answer be stricken on the basis of a conclusion as to
 who George Spahn is.

There is no showing that this man knows George Spahn.

I would like to inquire on your dire as to what relevancy George Spahn has.

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THE COURT: The answer will be stricken.

Let's proceed.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Your Honor, George Spahn was the person from whom the prosecution got consent.

THE COURT: It calls for a conclusion.

MR. BUGLIOSI: As to his name?

THE COURT: As to whose residence it was.

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MR. BUCLIOSI: Oh?

Q Did you contact a person by the name of George Spahn?

MR. KANAREK: Objection. Calls for a conclusion. Improper foundation.

I would like to inquire on voir dira, your Honor.

THE COURT: Overruled. The motion is denied.

THE WITNESS: I contacted a man who told me his name was George Spahn.

MR. KANAREK: Then I would ask that that be stricken on the grounds of hearsay.

THE COURT: Motion is denied.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Q And where was Mr. Spahn located at this point?

A He was inside one of the buildings at the ranch.

Q Who entered this building with you, if anyone, Sergeant?

A You entered it with me, Mr. Bugliosi, and Lientenant Robert Helder.

Q What was the purpose of our going into -- strike that.

Referring to the first time that we went to the building where Mr. Spahn was, was there anyone else, in addition to yourself and I and Lieutenant Helder?

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I would object on the

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25 26 grounds that it is assuming a fact not in evidence.

THE COURT: Overruled.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

Sergeant Bill Lee was present and Sheriff's Detectives Sergeants Whiteley, Gunther and Gleason were also present.

MR. BUGLIOSI: What was the purpose of your going to see Mr. Spahn?

A I wanted to obtain permission from Mr. Spann to search the ranch.

- Who suggested that we obtain permission from him?
- A Mr. Bugliosi suggested to me that we obtain permission from him.
 - Q All right.

 Did we have any conversation with Mr. Spahn?
 - A Yes, sir.
 - Q Would you please relate that conversation?

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I will object on the grounds of improper foundation, calling for a conclusion and hear-say, your Honor.

THE COURT: Overruled.

THE WITNESS: I introduced myself to Mr. Spahn, and due to the fact that he has very poor vision, I handed him my badge and badge case and let him feel my deputy badge, and I explained to him who I was and why I was there.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, may that portion be stricken

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about the poor vision? All of that which is not responsive to the question, your Honor, because I believe that the question solicited conversation, your Honor.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Your Honor, this is not in front of the jury. This is an evidenthry hearing.

THE COURT: The motion is denied.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Q You may continue, Sergeant.

A I had conversations with Mr. Spahn, and in the conversations he gave me and all the other police officers that were with me permission to search his ranch any time, day or night.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I would ask that that be stricken as a statement of a conclusion.

Your Honor is the one, your Honor is the trier of the fact, the one to determine whether there is consent.

THE COURT: The answer will be stricken.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Your Honor, the only way you prove consent, your Honor, is by having the person testify they were given consent.

THE COURT: He can testify to the conversation, Mr. Bugliosi.

MR. BUGLIOSI: All right.

THE COURT: Consent is a conclusion.

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MR. BUGLIOSI: Q Well, did Mr. Spahn use the word "consent" or did he use the word "permission"?

Please relate what Mr. Spahn said to you and the rest of us.

MR. KANAREK: May we have a foundation as to who was present at that time, your Honor?

THE COURT: Very well. Lay a foundation.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Q What time did this conversation take place with Mr. Spahn?

- A Approximately 10:15.
- Q As soon as we arrived at the ranch?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q You have already indicated the people who were present at that time; is that correct?
 - A Yes, sir.
- Q What did Mr. Spahn say with respect to our searching the ranch?

MR. KANAREK: May that question be read to me, your Honor? I didn't hear it all. I am sorry.

THE COURT: No. We will proceed. Mr. Ranarek.

You will have to pay attention if you want to hear these
things.

THE COURT: He told me, in his words, that he wanted to cooperate with the Police Department in any way he could, and that he was completely willing to let myself and all the other investigators, including Mr. Bugliosi,

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have access to the ranch.

He said, "It is my ranch and you are welcome to search it any time you want to, as many times as you want to."

Mr. BUGLIOSI: Q Do you recall my talking to Mr. Spahn?

A Yes.

Q What did I say to him and what did he say to me?

A You told him of the legal requirement to obtain legal permission from the point of view that we would some day have to use this evidence in trial.

You explained it to him very thoroughly, and he related that he understood it, and I was completely convinced that he understood everything that you explained to him.

Then he gave me permission to search the ranch.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I would ask that the

conclusionary aspect of this response be stricken, where this

gentleman stated something about he understood it and

Mr. Spahn thoroughly understood it.

Those are conclusions, your Honor.

THE COURT: Those portions of the answer will be stricken.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Q What did we do thereafter, Sergeant?

A Wa proceeded outside and went to the out buildings,

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or the buildings away from Mr. Spahn lived, and searched through a number of these buildings.

Then we proceeded out to the rear portion of the ranch and the corral area, and with Sergeant Lee supervising, we began to look for shell casings.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I would ask that that portion of the response wherein the witness says something about this is where Mr. Spahn lived, that is assuming facts not in evidence, and I ask that that conclusion, that hearsay statement, be stricken.

There is no evidence in this record whatsoever that Mr. Spahn, or whoever he is, lives at the location that this man is talking about.

THE COURT: The motion is denied.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Q Now, without going into what we found, if anything, was there any further attempt to secure permission from Mr. Spahn to search the ranch?

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MR. KANAREK: Calling for a conqlusion, your Honor.

THE COURT: Overruled.

THE WITNESS: Yes, Sir.

Q BY MR. BUGLIOSI: How did that come about?

A I had a discussion with you. Mr. Bugliosi, and it was determined that you suggested that we go back and obtain, if possible, a tape recording of the substance of our earlier conversation, in that we wanted to obtain permission on a tape of Mr. Spahn giving us permission.

MR. KANAREK: I ask that this last answer be stricken on the grounds that it is immaterial, irrelevant, a conclusion and hearsay.

THE COURT: Denled.

O BY MR. BUGLIOSI: I asked you if you had a tape recorder with you?

A Yes, sir.

Q You said you did?

A Yes, sir.

Q In the trunk of your car?

A Yes, sir.

Q You got the tape recorder?

A Yes.

What happened after you got the tape recorder?

MR. KANAREK: I ask this be strickenon the grounds it is immaterial and irrelevant, either there was a consent at this point or there wasn't.

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THE COURT: Overruled.

Q BY MR. BUGLIOSI: What happened after you got the tape recorder, Sergeant?

A You and I proceeded in to Mr. Spahn's house again and we had another conversation with Mr. Spahn at that time.

- Q on tape?
- A Yes, sir.
- And would you relate that conversation?

 MR. KANAREK: I object on the grounds it is not the best evidence, hearsay, immaterial, irrelevant.

THE COURT: Overruled.

THE WITNESS: The substance of the conversation between yourself, Mr. Spahn and myself was substantially the same as the earlier one.

We asked permission, and he once again agreed to give us permission to search his ranch anytime we wanted to. day or night.

MR. KANAREK: I ask that be stricken as a conclusionary statement.

It states a conclusion about substantially the same.

The further statement about what the conclusion was as far as Mr. Spahn is clearly conclusionary.

And if there is a tape recording, the best evidence is the tape recording, your Honor.

.THE COURT: Do you remember the exact words of the 1 conversation, Sergeant? THE WITNESS: No. sir. 3 THE COURT: Was your answer the substance of what was 4 said? 5 MR. KANAREK: May I respectfully object to the Court's 6 question as calling for a conclusion? THE COURT: Overruled. 8 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. 9 BY MR. BUGLIOSI: What did you do with that Q OL tape, after we spoke to Mr. Spahn? 11 MR. KANAREK: Immaterial, irrelevant. 12 THE COURT: Overruled. 13 THE WITNESS: I returned it to Parker Center to my 14 office. BY MR. BUGLIOSI: Do you know where that tape is Q 16 now? 17 MR. KANAREK: Immaterial and irrelevant. 18 THE COURT: Overruled. 19 THE WITNESS: No, sir, I do not. 20 BY MR. BUGLIOSI: You have not been able to 2L find it? 22 Not yet, sir. A 23 MR. BUGLIOSI: I have no further questions at this time, your Honor, on the issue of consent to search the Spahn Ranch on November 19, 1969.

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THE COURT: Was it the 19th, Mr. Bugliosi?

MR. BUGLIOSI: I believe it is November 19th.

MR. FITZGERALD: May our statement in regard to the suppression of the evidence be amended to reflect the date of November 19th as opposed to the 18th, your Honor?

THE COURT: Very well.

Cross-examination, Mr. Fitzgerald?

MR. FITZGERALD: Yes, your Honor.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. FITZGERALD:

Q Now, Sergeant Calkins, how many police officers altogether were in your presence at the time you had the conversation with George Spahn in regard to searching his ranch?

MR. KANAREK: I would object to Mr. Fitzgerald's statement -- to Mr. Fitzgerald's question on the ground there is nothing in the evidence to show this was Mr. Spahn's ranch.

It is a conclusion. It is hearsay.

THE COURT: Overruled.

THE WITNESS: To the best of my knowledge there were six of us, three Los Angeles County Sheriff's Detectives and three Los Angeles Police Department Detectives.

Q BY MR. FITZGERALD: And you were armed, were you not?

of buildings.

This house is known to me as Mr. Spahn's residence.

MR. KANAREK: May that be stricken, that portion, "This house is known to me as Mr. Spahn's residence," may that go out?

THE COURT: The motion is denied.

- Q BY MR. FITZGERALD: Was this a small ranch house?
- A I would say that is correct.
- Q All right. Mr. Spahn was not alone, was he?
- A No. Bir.

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police in conducting this search?

- A Absolutely not, sir.
- Q Did you question Mr. Spahn to determine whether or not he was the owner of the property at that location?
 - A Yes, sir.
 - Q . What was the nature of your inquiry?

MR. KANAREK: I object to that on the grounds of hearsay, your Honor.

THE COURT: Overruled.

MR. KANAREK: A conclusion, immaterial and irrelevant.

THE COURT: Overruled.

THE WITNESS: I said "Are you Mr. George Spahn?"
He said, "Yes."

And I said, "Is this your ranch? Do you own it?

And he said "Yes."

BY MR. FITZGERAID:

- Q You knew however that other people resided at that location in addition to Mr. Spahn, did you not?
- A I have been told that a number of people had lived there.
- Q Did you question Mr. Spahn in regard to the identities of the persons residing at that location in addition to himself?

A No, sir.

Did you attempt to obtain the permission of 5a-3 Q. 1 any other tenant at the location? 2 MR. KANAREK: I object to that, your Honor -- I 3 will withdraw the objection, your Honor. 4 THE WITNESS: No. 5 MR. FITZGERALD: I have nothing further. 6 THE COURT: Mr. Shinn? 7 MR. SHINN: Yes, your Honor. 8 9. CROSS-EXAMINATION 10 BY MR. SHINN: 11 , Q Officer, was this the first time you went to 12 the Spahn Ranch? 13 Yes, sir. 14 And when you went to the Spahn Ranch you did 15 not have a search warrant? 16 A No, sir. 17 Before entering the premises of this ranch did Q 18 you ask anyone for permission to enter the ranch? 19 A No. sir. 20 In other words, you just barged in? Q 21 I drove my vehicle onto his property and parked. A 22 That is what I mean, before entering you did not Q 23 ask anyone's permission to enter, did you? 24 A No. sir.

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Now, after you went into the ranch, went onto

5a-4 the ranch, did you ask anyone's permission to enter at Ì that time? 2 Ă Would you repeat that, sir, I don't understand 3 it. 4 After going into the ranch did you ask of Q 5 anyone permission whether or not you can enter? .6 A No, sir. 7 Q You did talk to Mr. Spahn? 8 A That's correct. 9 I believe you stated that you thought he was Q 10 the owner? 11 Ά Yes, sir. 12 And you did not ask him, "Mr. Spahn, I'm here, Q 13 may I enter your premises?" 14 A No, sir, I did not say that. 15 Okay, now, you stated you had a conversation with Q 16 Mr. Spahn regarding searching his premises, correct? 17 A Yes, sir. 18 Now, did you advise him of his constitutional 19 rights? 20 A No. sir. 21 Did anyone in your presence advise Mr. Spahn 22 of his constitutional rights? 23 A No. sir. 24 In other words, you did not tell him, Mr. Q 25 Spahn, "You have a right to give us consent to search your 26

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premises and, Mr. Spahn, if we find anything on your premises we may use this against you," no rights at all, is that correct, Officer?

A I did not make those statements to Mr. Spahn.

Q And you don't know whether or not Mr. Bugliosi or your fellow officers advised him of his constitutional rights?

A They did not in my presence.

MR. SHINN: Due to the fact that no one advised Mr. Spahn of his constitutional rights, your Honor, I believe I will make a motion at this time to strike the testimony of this witness and to strike his statements on the grounds Mr. Spahn's constitutional rights were not given to him.

THE COURT: Do you have authority for that, Mr. Shinn?

MR. SHINN: Yes, your Honor, I have authority.

THE COURT: What is your authority?

MR. SHINN: There is suple authority.

Mr. Fitzgerald has some.

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MR. FITZGERALD: Cipres vs. United States, 243 Fed. 2d, Page 95 and Page 97.

THE COURT: The citation again?

MR. FITZGERALD: 343 Fed. 2d 95 at Page 97.

Also United States vs. Nikrasch.

That is a 7th Circuit case decided in 1966. located at 367 Fed. 2d 740.

Also United States vs. Moderacki, a 1968 case, that is at 280 Fed. Sup. 633, and a lengthy discussion at Page 635 and 636.

Also United States vs. Blalock, a 1966 case at 255 Fed. Sup. 268.

Now, the law in California is somewhat different, and this very problem is discussed in People vs. Roberts, a 1966 case at 246 Cal. Ap. 2d, Page 715, and it is discussed at length in a recent case, People vs. Superior Court in 71 Advance Cal., Page 281 at 287.

MR. SHINN: Your Honor, I do have some cases in point:

People vs. Raeves, 61 Cal. 2d, 269, and People vs. Lopez, L-o-p-e-z, 74 Cal. Reporter 740 and also Badillo vs. Superior Court, 46 Cal. 2d, 269.

And another case in point would be People vs. Henry, 65 Cal. 2d 842.

Now, all of these cases indicate that the People must show justification for the search, and I believe

they discussed the giving of the constitutional rights to the owner before making the search, your Honor.

I believe in this case the officer has testified that no constitutional rights were given to Mr. Spahn, your Honor.

on the basis of that I will make the motion to suppress any evidence and strike his testimony.

MR. FITZGERALD: We join in that motion, your Honor.

MR. KANAREK: May I join in connection with the statements of Mr. Fitzgerald and Mr. Shinn, your Honor?

MR. BUGLIOSI: The law in California is clear that even when the police approach a defendant or a suspect, they do not have to advise him of his constitutional rights to refuse to give consent.

The cases on that are People vs. Mills, 235 Cal. Ap. 2d and also People vs. Chaddock, 249 Cal. Ap. 2d.

These are cases where the police actually approached a suspect and secured consent from him without advising him of his constitutional rights.

I think the rationale of the Court's position is simply this:

When you are seeking consent from a person, the Fifth Amendment is not involved.

consent to search is not an incriminating statement, so the Fifth and Sixth Amendments are not involved, the only thing involved is the Fourth Amendment.

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Of course, the Fourth Amendment only prohibits unreasonable searches and seizures, and certainly a consentual search is not an unreasonable search and seizure.

of constitutional rights to a suspect, a fortiori,

Mr. Spahn being a civilian, not involved in this case

whatsoever, he was never arrested or suspected; the law is

very clear on that point.

MR. FITZGERALD: In California I agree that the rule is different from the Federal rule.

However, as recently as People vs. Superior

Court in 71 Advance Cal. 281, the California courts have

held that a failure to advise the person giving the consent

of his right to withhold consent is a factor to be taken

into consideration by the trial court in making its

determination, whether free consent was given.

In other words, the fact that this officer did not advise Mr. Spahn may be taken into consideration by your Honor in determining whether Mr. Spahn freely consented to the search and whether the People have met their burden in that respect.

THE COURT: It seems to me the motion is premature at this time. I will deny it now without prejudice to renew it after I have heard the rest of the evidence on this question we are hearing.

MR. HUGHES: So the record is clear, I believe

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Mr. Bugliosi and I have a stipulation that this officer's testimony in relation to the shell casings will not be offered against Leslie Van Houten.

MR. BUGLICSI: May I just think about that for a moment, your Honor, and Mr. Hughes can bring that up again later.

THE COURT: Anything further, Mr. Shinn?

MR. SHINN: Yes. In response to Mr. Bugliosi's statement, your Honor, I believe that the People would have a stronger case if the officer testified that he asked Mr. Spahn, "May I search the ranch, and if I find any contraband you will not be arrested or you will be immune from it." then I would say they would have a stronger case, your Honor.

Now, what if they found something that was contraband connected with Mr. Spahn? Are they saying they would not have arrested Mr. Spahn, your Honor?

THE COURT: You are re-arguing the motion. I already ruled you may redo it later on, Mr. Shinn.

MR. SHINN: All right, your Honor.

THE COURT: You may proceed.

Any cross-examination, Mr. Kanarek?

MR. KANAREK: Yes, your Honor.

CROSS-EXAMINATION 1 BY MR. KANAREK: Q Officer, how long did you plan this trip to the ranch before you went there? 4 I don't exactly understand. . 5 It was probably determined a day ahead of time 6 that we would go out there the following morning. 7 In other words, you spoke about it with 8. Mr. Bugliosi? 9 Yes, sir, ... 10 Q. And Mr. Stovitz? 11 I'm not sure about that. 12 And did you speak about it with other people in 13 the Los Angeles Police Department? 14 Yes, sir. 15 And you decided that you were going to go there . 16 and you decided you were going to make the trip to the 17 ranch, is that right? 18 I think the decision was probably Mr. Bugliosi's, 19 but I certainly was in agreement with it. 20 Did you attempt to approach any magistrate, any 21 judge, in order to get a search warrant or a warrant of 22 arrest? 23 A No. sir. 24 Q No, sir? 25 A No, sir. 26

Ŀ	Q Was there any discussion between yourself and
. 2	Mr. Bugliosi concerning getting a search warrant?
ą	A No. sir.
- 4	Q No one even spoke about that?
, 5	A Not to my knowledge, no, sir.
6	Q And directing your attention, Officer, was your
7	state of mind to go there to make an exploratory search?
.8	You were going to go in to the ranch and just
, 9	look for all kinds of evidence, is that right?
10	A No. not necessarily.
Ì1	My state of mind was I wanted to find some shall
12	casings.
13:	Q How is it, Officer, you wanted to find some
14	shall casings when you had not yet known about the gun?
15	A I had not yet known what?
16	Q Well, the gun you tell us, was not found
17	You did not know about it until sometime in
18	December?
19	A We certainly knew what kind of a gun it was and
20	what we were looking for.
21	We knew what kind of shells it fired.
22	Q I see. You did not know anything about the gun,
23	however, right?
24	A That's correct.
25	Q So, therefore, you were going there to search,
26	make a general exploratory search just to find out

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Just to pick things up and look at things and try to get evidence in connection with some litigation in the Superior Court, is that correct?

A No. sir.

Q You were only worried about shell casings, is that correct?

A I was concerned about shell casings.

Q Why were you as a police officer concerned about shell casings if you did not even have a gun to connect up with the shell casings?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Argumentative and irrelevant. THE COURT: Sustained.

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BY MR. KANAREK:

Q Directing your attention to your state of mind at this time you went there, you did not even know the gun existed, is that right?

A I knew there was a gun that had killed some people and I knew what kind of a gun it was.

Q Well, my question to you is, at the time that you went there did you know the location of any gun that you thought had been involved in any of the matters that we are now before this court about?

A No, I did not know the location of the gun.

Q So you are telling us that at the time before you even knew that a gun existed you went out there to look for shell casings?

A I knew a gun existed.

Q How did you know the gun had not been destroyed or tossed off the end of Diamond Head in Pearl Harbor?

MR. BUGLIOSI: This is argumentative and ridiculous.

THE COURT: Sustained.

BY MR. KANAREK:

Q As a matter of fact, Officer, you had no knowledge whatsoever that any gun existed that you could
connect up or attempt to connect up with this case, is that
right?

THE COURT: What is the relevancy of this?

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, it is to show -- it impeaches

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the credibility of the purpose and the intent as far as what the police officer was doing there with Mr. Bugliosi.

It shows that there wasn't even a gun -- they did not even know a gun existed that couldbe connected up even purportedly with this case.

THE COURT: What difference does that make?

MR. KANAREK: Well, then it is for your Honor to

decide on the credibility.

THE COURT: I am trying to find out why these questions are relevant.

MR. KANAREK: Because, your Honor, if the witness deliberately, let's say the witness is not candid with the Court on a material point, your Honor could disregard all f his testimony.

THE COURT: This goes to credibility then, is that it? MR.KANAREK: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right, let's proceed.

BY MR. KANAREK:

Q Then would you tell/this, officer, when you went out there, is it a fact that you went out there to make an exploratory search all over the ranch to see what you could find?

Your intent was not just on shell casings?

A I had no intention of searching the entire canch.

Q You were just looking for shell cashings, is

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25 26 5c-3 that right? Ŀ A That is what I was looking for, yes, sir. 2 Only shell casings; yet you had no gun with Q 3 which you intended to hook up these shell casings, right? A I had no gun at that time. 5 Right. I see. Now, Officer, directing your 6 attention to the person, this elderly man that you say you saw at the ranch. 8 You have never seen him before in your life, 9 right? 10 That's correct, sir. 11 And directing your attention to this man, he Q 12 was, as far as you could see, he was blind, right? 13 He appeared to be blind to me. 14 Q And he appeared to be very elderly, right, is 15 that right? 16. That's correct. 17 And did he appear to be -- did his -- would 18 you say that he was halt; that his ability to move around 19 was impaired? 20 A I made no such determination. 21 Because he never moved while you were seeing Q 22. him, right? He stayed in the one place? 23 A He stayed in one chair, yes, sir. 24 He stayed in one chair and he never moved from 25 the chair, right? 26

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A Not to my knowledge.

Now, directing your attention, Officer, to this tape that you say --

You say you made a tape of Mr. Spahn's?

Yes, sir.

Now, are you telling us that the Los Angeles Police Department in connection with this case which the prosecution has deemed to be so important, one of the most fantastic cases of all time, and all of that, that you lost the tape?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Argumentative and compound and also absurd.

THE COURT: Reframe the question, Mr. Kanarek.

MR. KANAREK: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: The objection is sustained.

BY MR. KANAREK:

Directing your attention, Officer, to this tape that you say disappeared, Officer, would you tell us, what did you do with this tape after you purportedly took it?

Would you ask that again? I'm not sure what you said.

> MR. KANAREK: Certainly. May it be read, your Honor? THE COURT: Read the question.

(Whereupon the reporter reads the pending question as follows:

> "Q Directing your attention, Officer,

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"to this tape that you say disappeared, Officer, would you tell us, what did you do with this tape after you purportedly took it?")

THE WITNESS: After I returned to Parker Center I went to my office, placed the tape in one of my file cabinets.

I believe I then took the tape to the sound lab. I have been unable to locate it. It has not disappeared.

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Q BY MR. KANAREK: It has not disappeared. You tried to locate it, right?

A Yes, sir, I have been unsuccessful so far.

Q Well, you knew you were going to come to court to testify?

A I was aware of that, yes, sir.

Q Concerning this very matter that we are before Judge Older on?

A Yes, sir.

Q So would you tell us where did you look for it?

A Well, we have three tape file cabinets in the Homicide Room, and we have a section up at Scientific Investigation where a number of other tapes are stored.

I searched both these places and searched the records upstairs and downstairs.

Q And the tape has disappeared, right?

A I cannot locate it at this time.

And you have made a sort of a continuous search for it, for the last several weeks?

A No. not the last several weeks. I started Friday looking for it.

Q I see.

And directing your attention to this tape, officer, was this tape deliberately destroyed because of the fact that the language that was on the tape was language that you or someone else did not wish to come out

ì	in this courtroom?
. 2	A No. sir.
3	Q Who else had this taps other than yourself,
4	had physical possession of it?
5	A No one that I know of.
· 6.	Q You are the only one?
7	A As far as I know, yes.
8	Q Well, when you take it to the sound lab you give
9.	it to someone else?
10	A I am not positive I got it to the sound lab.
ы	Q I see.
12	A That is what I am trying to determine now.
13	Q I see. Now, directing your attention,
14	Mr. Calkins, to Mr. Spahn, you have not seen fit to cause
. 115	Mr. Spahn to be subposmaed to these proceedings, right?
1 6	A No. sir.
17	Q Is that correct?
18	A That's correct.
` 19	THE COURT: Are you talking about the sergeant
20	personally, Mr. Kanarek?
21	MR. KANAREK: Pardon?
- 22	THE COURT: Are you talking about Sergeant Calkins
23	personally subposnaing Mr. Spahn?
	MR. KANAREK: I said caused.
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24· 25	THE COURT: That is usually the function of counsel.

THE COURT: The examination is not finished yet. 1 Mr. Kanarek. Is there any redirect examination? 3 MR. BUGLIOSI: I have no redirect examination, your Honor. 5 MR. KANAREK: I meant continuing objection, your 6 Honor, on all of this witness! testimony as to materiality 7 and relevancy. THE COURT: Very well. 9 You may step down, Sergeant. 10 We will take a recess at this time. 11 MR. SHINN: Your Honor, may I renew my motion now 12 or later? 13 THE COURT: You may renew it later when the hearing is concluded. 15 MR. SHINN: Thank you. 16 THE COURT: 15 minutes. 17 18, (Recess.) 19 20 21 22 23 25 26

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(The following proceedings were had in open court, defendants and counsel present, the jury absent:)

THE COURT: All parties and counsel are present, the jury is now present.

You may continue, Mr. Bugliosi.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I have a motion to make, if I may.

I want to check with Mr. Bugliosi first.

THE COURT: Has it something to do with this particular hearing?

MR. KANAREK: With this very witness, yes, your Honor.

(Mr. Kanarek and Mr. Bugliosi confer.)

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I was trying to expedite matters in that I was asking the prosecution to agree that a subpoena duces tecum be deemed made, duly served and returned as to this tape recording that the officer says that he can't locate, because it is our position, based on Brady vs. Maryland and People vs. --

THE COURT: Let's get to the point, Mr. Kanarek.

MR. KANAREK: The motion is, your Honor, to suppress all this witness's testimony, and especially the testimony concerning consent.

THE COURT: On what grounds?

MR. KANAREK: On the ground that there has been a suppression of evidence by the prosecution.

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THE COURT: The motion will be denied.

Let's proceed.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Your Honor, if the Court has any question as to the admissibility of this evidence on the shell casings, with respect to the shell casings, then we are prepared to put on additional evidence at this time with respect to consent.

THE COURT: Until I hear all the evidence, Mr. Bugliosi, I can't rule in advance.

I don't know what you intend to put on or what the defense counsel intend to put on.

MR. BUGLICSI: The other evidence, your Honor, would be from the other officers that were present, and their testimony would be corroborative of Sergeant Calkins' testimony.

THE COURT: I will make no commitment to you.

Put on whatever evidence you wish.

MR. BUGLIOSI: I am not looking for a commitment, your Honor, but I wish to save precious time. There were seven or eight officers out there, and I could call seven or eight.

If the Court has some question in its mind, I wish you would indicate or tell us to call the officers to the stand.

THE COURT: I have made my position clear to you, Mr. Bugliosi. I don't know what else to say.

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MR. BUGLIOSI: I don't believe we will put on any more evidence at this time, your Honor, on that issue.

THE COURT: Very well.

Do the People rest on the motion?

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor --

MR. BUGLIOSI: Yes, on the motion.

MR. FITZGERALD: Defendant Krenwinkel rests.

We would like to be heard, obviously, in terms of argument, or we would like to renew our motion to strike the officer's testimony.

THE COURT: Any evidence, Mr. Shinn?

MR. SHINN: Nothing further, your Honor.

THE COURT: You rest on the motion?

MR. SHINN: Yes, your Honor.

64-1 THE COURT: Mr. Kanarek? MR. KANAREK: No, I don't rest. 2: I call Mr. Bugliosi as a witness, your Honor. 3 He was a percipient witness. He injected himself into this. 5 I call Mr. Bugliosi as a witness. б THE COURT: All right. . 7 THE CLERK: Raise your right hand, please. Ŕ Would you please repeat after me. . 9. I do solemnly swear --10 THE WITNESS: I do solemnly swear --11 THE CLERK: -- that the testimony I may give --12 THE WITNESS: -- that the testimony I may give --13 THE CLERK: -- in the cause now pending --14 THE WITNESS: -- in the cause now pending --15 THE CLERK: -- before this court --16 THE WITNESS: -- before this court --17 THE CLERK: -- shall be the truth --18 -- shall be the truth --THE WITNESS: 19 THE CLERK: -- the whole truth --20 THE WITNESS: -- the whole truth --21 THE CLERK: -- and nothing but the truth --22 THE WITNESS: -- and nothing but the truth --23 THE CLERK: -- so help me God. 24 THE WITNESS: -- so help me God. 25 THE CLERK: Please be seated.

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THE WITNESS: Take 1

Take it easy on me now, Irving.

THE CLERK: Would you please state your name.

THE WITNESS: Vincent Bugliosi.

VINCENT BUGLIOSI,

called as a witness by the defendants, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. KANAREK:

Q Now, Mr. Bugliosi, how long have you been connected with this case?

MR. BUGLIOSI: May I object, your Honor?

MR. KANAREK: There are two other deputy attorneys.

THE WITNESS: I was assigned to the case by Mr.

Younger on November the 18th, 1969, at approximately 2:00
p.m.

BY MR. KANAREK:

- Q You are aware of the law in connection with obtaining search warrants?
 - A Yes, I am.
 - Q Is that correct?
 - A Yes.
- Q Did you prepare a declaration or did you prepare any moving papers to ask any magistrate or any judge to issue a search warrant or a warrant of arrest

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25 26 prior to your going to the Spahn Ranch?

A No, I did not.

Q Directing your attention to the time that you went to the Spahn Ranch. Was it your intent to participate in a search of the ranch?

A Yes.

Q And was it your intent to participate in a search of the ranch for whatever evidence that you could find in connection with this case?

A Basically shell casings. Of course, if we came across something else, obviously, we would have picked it up. But that is not the reason why we went out there.

Q Your state of mind was such that you wanted evidence to present in this court or in the Superior Court in connection with this case; right?

A Yes. To connect these defendants with the corpus delicti of the crime.

Q And your purpose was not limited to shell casings; is that correct?

A I would say 99 percent of the reason why we went out there was to look for shell casings.

Your purpose, Mr. Bugliosi, was not limited just to shell casings; is that correct?

A I think that would be a correct statement.

Q And you, as a lawyer, knew that if you were

not forced to discipline yourself in connection with moving papers, in connection with a search warrant, that you then could, or would, attempt to make an exploratory search; is that correct?

I don't understand your question.

Well, your state of mind was such that -are you aware of the law of search warrant?

> 4 Yes.

Are you aware that in the law of search warrants, the area to be searched must be precisely set out in the search warrant?

No search warrant was involved here, Mr. Α Kanarek.

My question is, Mr. Bugliosi: At the time that you went to the Spahn Ranch, and immediately prior thereto and the time prior thereto, were you aware of our law of search warrants?

Yes.

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25 26 Q Were you aware that in connection with a search warrant you must precisely define the area to be searched?

A Yes.

Q And so, is it a fair statement that you intended to take advantage, by this technique of going there absent a search warrant, so that you could then make an exploratory search and go where you wished with the law enforcement officers?

A No.

MR. KAY: To which I will object as being argumentative, your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, it is ambiguous.

Are you talking about with or without consent,

Mr. Kanarek? I don't understand the question.

It is argumentative, but apart from that phase of it, it is ambiguous.

The objection is sustained.

MR. KANAREK: Very well, your Honor.

Q Now, Mr. Bugliosi, directing your attention to your knowledge of the law as a lawyer and as a prosecutor.

A Don't compliment me now.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, may I?

THE COURT: Let's proceed.

MR. KANAREK: Q Directing your attention,
Mr. Bugliosi, to your knowledge of the law, your state of

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Was your state of mind such that you felt that
you would have greater latitude by purporting to obtain
whatever you were going to obtain by way of a consent than
you would if you had to discipline yourself to the four
corners of a search warrant?

A No. I feel that the perimeters of the search warrant would have been just as broad.

Q Then what was your reason for not getting a search warrant?

A You don't need a search warrant under United States vs. Rabinowitz and People vs. Laurentzen when you have a consentual situation.

Q At that time had you been familiar with Chimel vs. California?

A I don't know if Chimel had come down at that point, but in any event it did not overrule Rabinowitz, not on that point.

Q Are you telling me that you do not know whether in November of 1969 Chimel vs. California had come down from the United States Supreme Court?

A I don't know the exact date of Chimel. I do know that it didn't overrule Rabinowitz on that point.

Q My question is: Did you know --

THE COURT: You are getting far afield, Mr. Kanarek. It has nothing to dr with the issue at hand.

Let's either get your examination back on the track where it has some relevancy to the issues or conclude it.

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MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, I think the state of mind of this witness is in issue.

THE COURT: Let's proceed. Ask your next question.

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BY MR. KANAREK:

Q Now, Mr. Bugliosi, directing your attention to your intent and your state of mind.

Was your intent such that you wished to make an exploratory search of that entire ranch?

A What do you mean by exploratory?

MR. KANAREK: Very well.

Q Go out there and look for evidence in connection with this case?

A I intended to go out there with the officers and look for the shell casings on the premises of Spahn Ranch. Obviously, if we stumbled over something that was valuable, we would have picked that up too.

Q Right.

Your state of mind was such that you intended to perhaps stumble over something; right?

- A Is that what I said?
- Q I am asking you for your state of mind.

A No. My state of mind was not to stumble over mnything.

Q Your state of mind was if, as you put it, if you "stumbled over something valuable, "you would bring it to court and attempt to use it?

A If I stumbled over the knives that were used, I would have picked them up, right.

Q Now, my question to you is: Because of the

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fact -- well, let me withdraw that.

I will ask you: Did you attempt to get a declaration from anyone concerning items that you thought might be at the Spahn Ranch?

MR. MUSICH: Object, your Honor, as immaterial.
THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. KANAREK: Q And is it a fair statement,
Mr. Bugliosi, that you issued no process, you caused no
process whatsoever to be issued in connection with this
case as far as the search of the Spahn Ranch is concerned?

THE COURT: You have a stipulation, don't you?

MR. KANAREK: No, your Honor. He won't stipulate.

MR. MUSICH: Objection, your Honor. Asked and answered.

THE COURT: Don't you have a stipulation that there was no arrest or search warrant involved?

MR. FITZGERALD: Yes, we do have, your Honor,

THE COURT: That was my understanding from the outset of this hearing.

MR. KANAREKI Your Honor, but the question, I know there is no search warrant, but this goes to the state of mind.

liy position is that the prosecution, especially when the prosecution --

THE COURT: What was your question?

MR. KANAREK: My question involved whether or not

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there was any process, whether he attempted to get any process, your Honor.

THE COURT: You have a stipulation that there was none.

MR. KANAREK: I mean, I am after his state of mind.

It is our position that his state of mind was such --

THE COURT: It is irrelevant on this issue. The objection will be sustained.

Let's proceed.

MR. KANAREK: May I make an offer of proof then? THE COURT: Yes.

MR. KANAREK: I believe that it is a fair statement that this man did not obtain a search warrant and did not attempt to obtain a search warrant in order to pervert the law of consent so that he could use the purported law of consent in order to just go willy-nilly anywhere he wanted to on the ranch.

Your Honor, it is relevant to that issue.

THE COURT: Ask your next question, Mr. Kanarek.

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MR. KANAREK: Q Now, Mr. Bugliosi, did you cause any title search to be made as to this area as to who, in fact, was the owner?

A No.

Q And is your state of mind such that you recognize that in the law of consent it isn't the owner that counts, it is who is in occupancy that counts?

MR. MUSICH: Your Honor, I will object to this line of questioning regarding the legal knowledge of these two attorneys.

THE COURT: Sustained.

O BY MR. KANAREK: Mr. Bugliosi, did you determine, did you make any determination or any kind of investigation to determine who the occupants were at this area that you called the Spahn Ranch?

- A on November the 19th?
- Q or prior thereto.
- A Not all of the occupants.

I knew it was the former residence of the socalled Family, and I knew that George Spahn was living there.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, may that be stricken? It is not responsive to my question.

May the question be read to the witness?

THE COURT: The question is ambiguous, so the answer will, of course, have to be ambiguous also to that extent.

Overruled.

MR. KANAREK: Q 1 Had you, Mr. Bugliosi, ever seen this man who held himself out, you say, to be Mr. Spahn before that day? 3 I didn't see him in person, and I don't think 4 I had seen a photograph -- I hadn't seen a photograph of him at that point. Later on I saw a photograph of him elsewhere. MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, may the "later on" be 8, stricken? . 9 THE WITNESS: My answer is that I don't believe I 10 saw any photograph of him, and I definitely did not see 11 him personally prior to November 19th. · 12 MR. KANAREK: May this portion that he enunciated 13 about later on be stricken, your Honor? 14 15 THE COURT: No. Let's proceed. Ask your next question. 16 17 MR. KANAREK: Q Now, Mr. Bugliosi, have you attempted to find this tape that Officer Calkins testified 18 19 about? 20 A · No. Have you caused anyone to attempt to locate that 21 22 tape? I told Sergeant Calkins late Friday to look for it, that we would need it. 24 Not Friday. Today is Thursday. Yes, late

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Friday.

Late Friday, I told him that Thursday morning we would have an evidentiary hearing on this issue, and I wanted him to bring the tape with him. But I didn't look for it myself.

. MR. KANAREK: I see.

Q Has any such tape been handed to you?

A No.

MR. KANAREK: Thank you, your Honor. Thank you, Mr. Bugliosi.

THE COURT: Any questions, Mr. Hughes?
MR. HUGHES: No.

I believe, by our stipulation, your Honor, I was not asking questions.

THE COURT: I am not certain that the record indicates that there is any stipulation, or if there is a stipulation, as to what. So, if you are relying on a stipulation, you had better enunciate it for the record so there is no question about it.

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MR. HUGHES: Well, the stipulation was that this testimony of Sergeant Calkins relating to the gun and shell casings was not to be considered in any way or manner against Leslie Van Houten.

Is that correct, Mr. Bugliosi?

MR. BUGLIOSI: So stipulated.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. HUGHES: Could the jury be so instructed if, indeed, the evidence is admitted?

THE COURT: Yes. If you will make such a request at such time as that evidence is offered.

MR. HUGHES: Thank you.

THE COURT: Anything further, Mr. Kanarek?

MR. KANAREK: No. Except by way of argument.

THE COURT: Do you rest on the motion?

MR. KANAREK: Yes.

It is our position, your Honor -- well, Mr. Fitzgerald will argue first, your Honor.

THE COURT: The People have the burden. They have the right to open the argument.

MR. BUGLIOSI: I think it is clear, your Honor, we have here a consentual search from "r. Spahn.

Even assuming arguendo that Mr. Spahn is not the owner of the ranch -- and I would never stipulate to that, of course, because I have heard that he was -- but assuming that he is not, the law is clear -- may I have 6e-2

a moment, your Honor -- that the crucial issue to be determined is whether or not the officers reasonably relied upon the person giving consent. If they had reasonable grounds for believing that the person giving the consent had the authority to give consent, then the search that occurred thereafter is lawful, even though it is ascertained at a later point that the party giving consent did not, in fact, have authority to do so.

I would cite to the Court this language in People vs. Gorg, 45 Cal. 2d 776 at 783, where the Court held:

"It has been held that a search is lawful where it is made with the permission or consent of a person who either has or believes that he has actual exclusive or joint control over the premises and who the police officers, under the circumstances, reasonably and in good faith believe has the authority to consent to their entry and search."

The language, I think, is clear there that the is issue/whether the officers reasonably relied upon the person who gave consent.

I would also cite to the Court People vs. Caritativo, 46 Cal. 2d 68 at pages 72 and 73.

There is also similar language in People vs. Correo, 201 California Appellate 2d, 851 at 852.

I think one of the most important cases in the area of searches and seizures in the State of California, a case that led to subsequent Supreme Court decisions, is People vs. Kahan, 44 Cal. 2d, 434.

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25 26 There is a footnote in Cahan which talks about good faith and mistakes made by police officers with respect to searches and seizures.

But this argument by me, your Honor, is all assuming, of course, that Mr. Spahn never had the authority to grant consent, and I think the only evidence now is that he did.

The man identified himself as Mr. Spahn. This is Spahn Ranch. The only reasonable inference is that he is the owner of the property.

that Mr. Spahn is not the owner of the property and he never had authority to grant consent, then this is a different issue, but I don't think this issue has even arisen at this point.

So, I will submit the matter, your Honor.

THE COURT: Any argument, Mr. Fitzgerald?

MR. FITZGERALD: Yes, your Honor.

First of all, I would agree with Mr. Shinn that there is a constitutional impediment to the offered consent of Mr. Spahn in that Mr. Spahn was not advised that he need not submit to the search, and that if he did submit his property to a search, that the fruits of the search could be used against him.

Now, obviously, the prosecution has the burden of proof on the issue of consent, and I submit that they

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failed to meet that burden.

The state of the record is that an 87-year-old blind man who apparently needs care, in the presence of approximately nine police officers, consented to a search without being told of any alternative.

I think that the state of the record is such that they failed to demonstrate, even beyond a preponderance of evidence, that a free and voluntary consent was entered into by Mr. Spahn.

I think, secondly, we have a problem in that the record indicates that persons other than Mr. Spahn resided at the location; that there may have been or there was other tenants.

Now, whether or not Mr. Spahn has the authority to consent to a search of areas of the ranch that are used by other people is problematical.

THE COURT: What other tenants are you referring to?

MR. FITZGERALD: In fact, the other tenants that

Mr. Calkins referred to in his testimony in response to my

question: Did he have information that people other than

Mr. Spahn resided at the location.

We don't know the nature and character of the relationship between Mr. Spahn and those other persons, but if there was some relationship, or if other people lived at the location, Mr. Spahn may not have, in fact, authority to consent to the search of their belongings or

an area of the ranch that is exclusively theirs pursuant to some lease or pursuant to some verbal agreement those people may have with the owner-possessor of the property.

I think we are in the area of search and seizure where we are talking about the consent of the landlord to police officers to search the belongings or search areas inhabited by persons other than the landlord.

Now, certainly, you are not deciding this case in a vacuum, you are not deciding this issue in a vacuum. You have heard considerable evidence in connection with the Spahn Ranch in other phases of this case, and it is abundantly clear --

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THE COURT: Not so far as November, 1969, is concerned.

MR. FITZGERALD: The state of the record is that persons other than Mr. Spahn were living on the ranch, according to the only witness, Sergeant Calkins.

THE COURT: I didn't so understand that testimony, Mr. Fitzgerald.

You asked him a question in closing which assumed facts which were not then in evidence, and he answered it. But other than that, I don't recall any evidence that indicated that there was anyone else residing at the Spahn Ranch in November of 1969.

MR. FITZGERALD: Well, I felt that I had clearly established that.

I think that is an issue that would be uncontroverted, and if that is the state of the Court's mind, I wonder if I might have the opportunity to reopen to simply ask Sergeant Calkins a few more questions.

I think I can easily establish that, your Honor. Or perhaps we can stipulate.

(Pause while Mr. Bugliosi and Mr. Fitzgerald confer.)

MR. FITZGERALD: Could I recall Sergeant Calkins for this very limited purpose, your Honor?

THE COURT: Very well, you may.

THE CLERK: Just be seated, sir.

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State your name, sir, please.
THE WITNESS: Robert L. Calkins.

ROBERT L. CALKINS,

resumed the stand and testified further as follows:

FURTHER CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. FITZGERALD:

Q Sergeant Calkins, when you went to the location at 12000 Santa Susanna Pass Road on November the 19th, did you have information that persons other than Mr. Spahn resided at that location?

A I had been told by other law enforcement officers that from time to time people resided there. I had no names or any specific information at all.

Q Did those other law enforcement personnel who told you that purport to have first-hand knowledge?

A I don't believe I ever got the impression it was first-hand knowledge. It was just conversations.

- Q Did you find out from Whitely and Gunther?
- A I had conversations with them regarding this, yes, sir.
- Q Whitely and Gunther were Los Angeles County Sheriff's officers; isn't that correct?
 - A Sheriff's detectives, yes, sir.
 - Q Sheriff's detectives?

	1	A Yes.
	2	Q And they had investigated a related homicide
	3	case that may have been connected with this same location;
	4	isn't that correct?
•	5 .	A It may have been connected. I don't know this
	6.	for sure, sir.
5	7	Q Well, they were the investigating officers in
₹ -	8	People vs. Beausoleil, were they not?
,	. 9	A That is correct.
	10	And had they told you that they had been to the
	11	ranch previously?
	12	A I am sure they did. I don't have an independent
	13	recollection, but I am sure they did.
	14	Q And Whitely and Gunther were there with you on
	15	the 19th?
	16	A That is correct, sir.
	17	Q And as a matter of fact, they introduced you
	18	to Mr. Spahn; isn't that right?
	19	A I am not sure. It very well could be correct,
7 fls.	20.	but I am not sure who introduced me.
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- Yes, sir. Α.
- And the ranch has borses, right?
- Yes, sir. A
- And ranchhands to take care of those horses --Q or were there ranch hands there on November 19th?

There were several male adults at the location. I don't know that they were ranch hands. I did assume they were, though.

> Q Did they live at the location?

MR. KANAREK: That would be calling for a conclusion, your Honor.

THE COURT: If he knows of his own personal knowledge. I don't know that they lived there. THE WITNESS:

- BY MR. FITZGERALD: You searched the place, right? Or you conducted some sort of an examination of the premises, right?
 - A. Some sort of an examination of the premises.
 - Did you discover any living quarters?
- The only living quarters that I entered were Mr. Spahn's, when I talked to him.

I did not enter any other living quarters, at least I did not believe they were living quarters.

- Q Did you see trailers at the location?
- I believe there were two trailers there.
- Did you enter those trailers?

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A No. sir.

And the female Caucasian you described as being in the presence of Mr. Spahn, do you know if she resided at the location?

A I don't know.

MR. FITZGERAID: I have nothing further.

THE COURT: Any questions, Mr. Bugliosi?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Your Honor might feel it is relevant as to where the shell casings were found, on the issue of joint tenancy.

May I ask one or two quastions in that regard?

THE COURT: Do you want to reopen?

MR. BUGLIOSI: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Very well.

DIRECT EXAMINATION (Reopened)

BY MR. BUGLIOSI:

Q Were shell casings in fact found on the Spahn Ranch on November 19, 1969?

MR. KANAREK: Immaterial, irrelevant to the issue of consent.

Either there is consent or there isn't.
THE COURT: Overruled.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

Q BY MR. BUGLIOSI: In what area of the Spahn Ranch?

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A I call it the creek.area, approximately 100
yards south of the main cluster of buildings in the wooded
area where there is no buildings of any typa, and then we
found some more, several, maybe three or four hundred yards
up a canyon, which is a good quarter of a mile from any of
the buildings.

No shell casings then were found inside any building at Spahn Ranch?

A Not to my knowledge.

MR. BUGLIOSI: No further questions.

MR. KANAREK: I have some questions, if I may, your

THE COURT: All right.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. KANAREK:

Q Officer, directing your attention to your state
of mind, would you give us your estimate of the area that you
thought the Spahn Ranch was before you went there?

A I was under the impression it was around 10 acres, something like that, 10 or 15 acres.

Q of area, right?

A Right.

And directing your attention to your state of mind as far as any search that you were going to do, your intent was to search all of the Spahn Ranch, right?

	A No. sir.
I	Q The area you call the Spahn Ranch?
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3	A My state of mind was not as such that I was
4	going to search ten acres.
5	Q Well, you had an intent to search for whatever
6	you were going to search for, right?
7	(No response.)
8	You had an intent to search?
, g	A Yes, sir.
10	Q And this intent was to search the entire area
	looking for whatever you were looking for.
11	You were not going to stop in the first five
	square feet, were you?
13	A I did not intend to stop in the first five
14	square feet, no.
15	Q You intended to go all over the entire area
16	looking for whatever you were looking for, is that
17	correct?
18	A Well, you asked me for my state of mind.
19	I never had the state of mind that I was going
,20.	
21	to have to search ten acres of land to find what I was
22	looking for.
23	Q Directing your attention to your state of mind,
24	you were going to search to your heart's content looking for
25	whatever you were looking for, is that a fair statement,
26	is it, Officer?

Is that a fair statement? Are you asking for my state of mind? Yes. I'm sorry, maybe I don't understand you. You did not know where the items were that you supposedly -- that you had in mind, right? I thought that I had an area in mind as to where they were, yes, sir. 1Ó

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Q All right, now, and if it turned out whatever you had in mind was not in that area, you were going to search the entire area, the entire ten acres or whatever the Spahn Ranch consisted of.

Is that a fair statement?

- A That was not my state of mind.
- Q Your state of mind was that if you did not find what you were looking for in the area you thought it was you were going to abandon the search, is that what you are telling us?
 - A No, that was not my state of mind either.
- Q So your state of mind was that you were going to search and search and search the entire area until you found whatever you were looking for, is that correct?
- I was not prepared to search the entire ten acres of land with the people we had with us, so it was not my state of mind.

I felt there were several places we wanted to search, and I had not any impression or state of mind we would not find them there.

I felt sure we would.

- Q Do you know what area you were going to search?
- A The general area, yes, sir.
- Q The general area of the --

Did you know what area you were looking for as far as these cartridges or whatever it is you were

looking for?

- A I felt I did.
- All right, what area was that? Q
- The area behind the ranch down by the creek. A
- All right, how many acres was that that you were 0 going to search?

A I made no such determination until I got there. After I got there I made an approximate observation as to how big an area it was.

Q. Directing your attention to your state of mind, a fair statement is that you were going to search until you decided you had searched enough for your law enforcement purposes, is that correct, Officer?

> A That is approximately correct, sir.

Q And would it have required the whole ten acres, you would have gone back and got reinforcements or whatever it took to search the whole ten acres, right?

> Ά If it became necessary, yes.

So that was your intent, to search all that was necessary, right?

> My intent was to find the shell casings. A

And if it took looking at every inch and every Q. nook and cranny of those ten acres you were going to do it, right?

A That was not my state of mind when I went out there.

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7a-3	,	Q But your purpose was to look for these shell
10.00	1	casings?
	2	A That's correct.
•	. 3.	Q And if it necessitated that, you would have
	4.	done it, right?
	5	A As I sit here now, that is a correct statement.
	6	THE COURT: We are getting beyond the scope of
`` `	7	redirect examination.
5 .	, 8.	MR. KANAREK: Thank you, your Honor.
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	10	MR. SHINN: One short question.
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	12.	CROSS-EXAMINATION
	13	BY MR. SHINN:
	14	Q Officer, were you looking for any bodies too?
•	15	A No, sir, I was not.
,	16	Q Just shell casings?
0	17	A That's right.
	18	MR. SHINN: Nothing further, your Honor.
	19	THE COURT: You may step down, Officer.
٠.	20	We will recess at this time until 2:00 p.m.
4	21	this afternoon.
¥	22	MR. BUGLIOSI: Your Honor, may I briefly state one
	23	point:
		Sergeant Lee also found more shell casings at
~ .	24	Spahn Ranch on April 15th, 1970.
	25	Does the Court want us to go into the
	26	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

consensual search on April 15th at this time, at 2:00 o'clock?

THE COURT: It is not a question of what I want, Mr. Bugliosi.

If the scope of the motion covers that, and of course the motion was made somewhat indefinite.

MR. BUGLIOSI: Thus far we have only dealt with November 19th, but there was a separate incident on April 15th, 1970.

THE COURT: Well, the motion has been directed to November 19th, 1969.

MR. KANAREK: Your Honor, the interest of saving time I would solicit the good services of the court.

It is our position -- I think the law says that if you issue a subpoena and the subpoena that comes back -- negative that on this, you have suppression of evidence.

I mean, this is one of the foundations that must be laid now --

THE COURT: Why don't you tell me what you are talking about, Mr. Kanarek, and I will be better able to understand your argument.

MR. KANAREK: This tape, in the language of Brady vs. Maryland, for instance, states even it's innocent, even if the suppression is not deliberate, it constitutes a suppression of evidence --

THE COURT: There hasn't been any, has there?

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I am trying to expedite matters. MR. KANAREK: THE COURT: We will recess until 2:00 p.m. (Whereupon the court stood in recess until 2:00 o'clock p.m.) ÌO 19. 21.